

THE NAPANEE

Vol. XLIX] No 34 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANA

SPECIAL BARGAINS

—in—

**Boots, Shoes, Trunks
and Valises**

At ROYAL SHOE STORE!

Men's 3.50 and 4.00 Tan and Patent Oxfords **\$2.90.**

Men's 5.00 Patent and Tan High Shoes **\$3.85.**

Men's 3.50 Velour Calf Blucher Boot **\$2.90.**

Women's 4.00 Relindo Shoes **\$2.90.**

Women's 3.00 Tan Calf 1 strap Pump **\$2.25.**

Women's 2.50 Patent 1 strap Pump **\$1.95.**

Women's 1.50 White Canvas Oxfords **95c.**

Misses' 1.25 White Canvas Pumps **80c.**

Trunks, Suit Cases and Bags—all at Reduced Prices.
Look these prices over and give us a call if you are in need of anything

ROYAL SHOE STORE, Napanee, Ontario
W. D. DICK, Manager.



JOY'S BRICK YARD

Having installed all the latest and up-to-date machinery for the manufacture of

**Cement Bricks
and Blocks**

we are prepared to fill all orders on the shortest notice. Call and see our new designs in Ornamental blocks. Agents for all kinds of Concrete Machinery, Silo and Tile Moulds; also for the best continuous Concrete Mixer on the market.

CEMENT FOR SALE.

Special prices on car lots.

We have a number of desirable building lots and would build to suit prospective purchasers. Office and factory, Dundas street, near G. T. R. bridge.

JOY & SON.

The Stationery

you use denotes the tastiness and style of the writer.

Our Stationery

is right up-to-date in quality, finish and style.

ALBERT - COLLEGE

Belleville, Ont.

Over 300 Students Enrolled Annually,
half of whom are young ladies.

Highest advantages in all departments.
Buildings heated by steam, and lighted by electricity.

Napanee, Napanee,

N-A-P-A-N-E-E

**She's All Right—Who's All
Right—Napanee—Who
Says So—Everybody.**

The members of the Napanee Fire Brigade covered themselves with glory on Monday last, when they attended the Firemen's Tournament and Musical Festival at Trenton and won the exceedingly handsome and much coveted Weddell Challenge Cup. This beautiful trophy was put up for competition for the first time by Mr. Robert Weddell of Trenton. The cup is mounted on a large ebony base with three ebony pedestals, the centre one holding the large cup, and the two smaller ones holding smaller cups. The three cups are of silver and lined with gold. Surmounting the large central cup is a figure of liberty with a Canadian shield at the base of the figure. It is handsomely engraved with the name of the donor and the purpose for which it was given. Fastened to the stem of the cup are the firemen's emblems—a hook, ladder and an axe. Surmounting each of the two smaller cups is the figure of a fireman holding the nozzle attached to a line of hose. Around the central pedestal are a number of silver shields for the purpose of engraving the names of the winners of the cup. On the front shield will appear the following:

Won By
Excelsior Fire Company
Napanee
Time : 30 1-5 Seconds.
At Trenton,
August 1st, 1910.

The above meager description does not by any means give a fair idea of the beauty of the handsome trophy. It has to be seen before an idea can be formed as to its real worth. The value of the cup is placed at \$300, and is now on exhibition in the window of F. W. Smith & Bros' Jewellery Store, on the corner of Dundas and John Streets.

The event for which the prize was given was the hose reel race. The first prize was the Weddell Trophy and \$100.00; 2nd, \$65.00; 3rd, \$35.00. There were three contestants, Napanee, Deseronto and Port Hope. The distance to be run was 200 yards. Commencing at a starting point the team ran 400 feet where the hose was attached to the hydrant, and then 200 feet of hose was laid, the couplings broke and the nozzle attached ready for water.

The result was as follows : Napanee, 30 1-5 seconds; Deseronto, 41 4-5 seconds; Port Hope, while laying their hose got it tangled on the cart, and they did not finish, but were awarded third prize.

To say that the Napanee firemen were jubilant over their success would be drawing it mild. They certainly realized the fact that they were going to bring to Napanee one of the finest trophies ever offered for an athletic event, and by so doing not only covered themselves with glory, but brought honor and fame to the good old town which they represented. The firemen certainly deserve and are receiving the hearty congratulations

GREYNA.

ADDRESS AND PRESENTATION.

Mrs. Charley Mellow entertained her Sunday school class some time ago and the boys thought they would also express their kindness to Mrs. Mellow. Escott Rose accompanied her to the parlor where her class of boys was nicely arranged. James Clark presented her with a handsome water set, while Arthur Rose read the following address :

Dear Teacher—We, the scholars of your class in connection with the Gretna Methodist Sunday school, wish to convey to you on this occasion, in some tangible form, our appreciation of your cordial and efficient services as our teacher, we therefore beseech you to except this water set as a slight token of the esteem in which you are held by your class. We will ever trust hope and pray that your class of boys may be precious jewels in your crown of reward. A very enjoyable evening was spent by all present. They all left feeling as the poet had well said, Blest be the tie that binds

'Our hearts in Christian Love.
Much credit is due to Miss Jessie Graham, our former school teacher, for her excellent work during the past year. Two pupils wrote for entrance exams and seven for promotion, all being successful.

Mr. Darlang Young met with what might have been a very serious accident. While reaping his horses became frightened and ran away throwing him in front of the machine. He received several wounds but we are glad to say he is progressing favorably.

Miss Jessie Sills is visiting friends at Port Huron.

Miss Elizabeth Mellow, of Enterprise, returned to her home after spending a week with her cousin, Miss Lora Mellow.

The Misses Ronson's have returned to their home in Toronto after spending some time with their aunt, Miss M. Hough.

Mrs. Rose, of Sonus, Mrs. McCoy, of Picton, Mrs. D. L. Snider, of Odessa, and Mrs. J. McCoy, of Peterboro, were guests at Bryon Rose's last week.

Mrs. Farington, of Picton is at the bedside of her brother, Mr. Dorland Young.

Quarterly service was well attended in the Methodist church Sunday last.

NORMAL SCHOOL.

The results of the examination for entrance into the Normal Schools are given below. In giving the results the Department of Education makes the following statement :—The certificates of successful candidates and the statements of marks of those who failed will be mailed to Principals or inspectors in the course of a few days.

Successful candidates who desire to attend the coming session of the Normal schools are reminded that their applications for admission must be made to the Deputy Minister of Education no later than Tuesday, September 6th. No student will be admitted who will not be at least eighteen years of age before October 1st for the Normal Schools at Hamilton, London, Ottawa, Peterboro', Stratford and Toronto or before the close of the session for the Normal School at North Bay.

WHEN TERMS BEGIN.

For those applicants who are required to pass the September examinations in the prescribed lower school subjects

Our Stationery

is right up-to-date in quality, finish and style.

Fancy Dishes

We have a large number of odd pieces in Salad Bowls, Pitchers, Cups and Saucers, etc., selling at a big reduction in price.

Souvenirs

Post Cards, Fans, etc. The largest stock of Souvenir Goods in Napanee to choose from.

A. E. PAUL.

I. O. O. F. Excursion

—to—

Toronto and Niagara Falls

—on—

Civic Holiday.

Wednesday. Aug. 10

1910.

Special train leaves Napanee 6.30 a. m. Boat to Lewiston, gorge route to the Falls.

Fare to Toronto, \$2.80

Fare to Niagara Falls, \$2.85

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.



IN CHOOSING A GRANITE MONUMENT

you run a big risk in ordering from a picture, from the travelling salesmen.

I Have Large Stock on Hand to Pick From

You won't have to wait three or four months—then hurriedly done up.

V. KOUBER, Napanee.

Good, Not Good, No Good.

This means the different qualities of extract of vanilla which you purchase in stores today. We guarantee our pure extract of vanilla to be made direct from the Bean, and not a chemical colored product. Have you tried it? The Medical Hall, Napanee's Largest Drug Store—Fred L. Hooper.

Over 300 Students Enrolled Annually, half of whom are young ladies.

Highest advantages in all departments. Buildings heated by steam, and lighted by electricity.

Will Re-open Tuesday, Sept. 6th 1910.

For Calendar or room address, PRINCIPAL DYER, D. D.

By-Law No. 3.

Re Mohawk Skewer and Dowel Company, Limited.

Whereas the Head Office of Mohawk Skewer and Dowel Company, Limited, now is at the Town of Deseronto, in the County of Hastings, and province of Ontario.

AND WHEREAS it has been deemed expedient that the same should be changed to the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the said province.

Therefore Mohawk Skewer and Dowel Company, Limited, enacts as follows:—

1. That the Head Office of Mohawk Skewer and Dowel Company, Limited, be and the same is hereby changed from the Town of Deseronto in the County of Hastings, to the City of Toronto, in the County of York.

2. That this By-law be submitted with all due despatch for the sanction of the shareholders of the company at a general meeting thereof to be called for considering the same. Passed this 26th day of July, A. D. 1910.

Sgd. J. F. WILLS, President.
Sgd. W. S. MORDEN, Secretary.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Robert Thompson deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 129, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, section 38, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Robert Thompson, late of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Commission Merchant, deceased, who died on or about the 15th day of April, A. D. 1910, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to John English, Esq., Napanee, Ontario, solicitor for the executors of the last will and testament of the said Robert Thompson, deceased, on or before the 15th day of August, A. D. 1910, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 15th day of August, A. D. 1910, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

JOHN ENGLISH, ESQ., Solicitor for the said executors

Dated the 13th day of July, 1910. 3id

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of George Jerry Clapper, deceased

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 129, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Section 38, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of George Jerry Clapper, late of the Township of Ernestown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, deceased, who died on or about the 15th day of June, A. D. 1910, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Herrington, Warner & Grange, Napanee, Ontario, solicitors, on or before the 15th day of August, A. D. 1910, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 15th day of August, A. D. 1910, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE, Solicitors for the said executors.

Dated this 30th day of June, 1910 29d

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy & Confectionery Business.

were jubilant over their success which would be drawing it mild. They certainly realized the fact that they were going to bring to Napanee one of the finest trophies ever offered for an athletic event, and by so doing not only covered themselves with glory, but brought honor and fame to the good old town which they represented. The firemen certainly deserve and are receiving the hearty congratulations and praise of all the citizens for the successful termination of their efforts.

The good news reached Napanee about four o'clock and when the firemen arrived home on their excursion about eleven o'clock the fire whistle was blown and they were given a royal reception.

Some evidences of disappointment were noticeable because the cup was not brought home on the excursion, but this was impossible as a public presentation was made to the winners by the donor in Victoria Park at Trenton, at 8.30 o'clock in the evening. Chief Engineer F. J. Vanastine and Captain F. Blair remained in Trenton and brought the trophy home on the mid-night train.

The firemen also brought home with them first prize in the Chief's race and second prize in the 100 yards dash.

The members of the brigade intend putting forth every effort to win this handsome cup again next year at the meet which takes place at Port Hope, and if any team succeeds in winning it they will have to have some class, and go some.

Saturdays and Wednesdays Too.

Every Wednesday as well as Saturday during July and August, owing to it being a half holiday, we will sell those 50c chocolates in the boxes at 29c at Wallace's Drug store.

ROBLIN.

The weather has been much cooler and very changeable.

There has been much excitement in our town this week over the moving of the Movement church, which Mr. W. H. Richardson has purchased.

Miss Carrie Hall at home for a visit.

Master Leon Spencer has been spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Bert Spencer.

Miss Horton has returned from her holiday.

Quarterly Meeting, Communion and Love Feast, in the Methodist church, next Sabbath, at 10.30 a.m.

Miss Nita Windover, Napanee, has been the guest of her cousin, Miss Grace Richardson.

Ash's Cholera Syrup and all of the Huffman Remedies, Wallace has them now.

ERINSVILLE.

Erinsville, July 28.—Mr. Thomas Evans still continues shipping cattle and hogs.

Master Bert Neville, Watertown, is spending his vacation at his uncle's, John Neville, of this place.

Miss Sicily Murphy, Miss Emma McMullen and the two Miss Reids, all of Montreal are holidaying here.

William M. Finn, of Kingston, is spending his holidays here.

A number of young ladies from Enterprise are camping along the shores of Beaver Lake.

A number from this vicinity took in the Employees excursion to Kingston and the Thousand Islands, yesterday.

Another Cleveland party went north to Edmund Mellon's yesterday. Bass Lake, nestled in a valley of the Bald Mountains, is getting to be quite a favorite summer resort with Yankee neighbors.

George Reid, of Tamworth, is doing some carpenter work in and around the Commercial House. Mr. Reid also had the contract for building the sheds on the Roman Catholic church grounds.

A party at Thomas Garrett's, on Tuesday night, was attended by some of the Erinsville young folks.

who will not be at least eighteen years of age before October 1st for the Normal Schools at Hamilton, London, Ottawa, Peterboro', Stratford and Toronto or before the close of the session for the Normal School at North Bay.

WHEN TERMS BEGIN.

For those applicants who are required to pass the September examinations in the prescribed lower school subjects the session will begin on Tuesday, September 20th, at 9 a.m. For applicants with the prescribed certificates from approved schools and for applicants belonging to grade A it will begin on Monday, September 20th, at 9 a.m. No applicant who is required to pass the September examination will be admitted without doing so. It would be well, therefore, for applicants to make certain of their status before the first date.

CONDITIONS OF ADMISSION.

For full information regarding conditions of admission to a Normal school applicants are referred to sections 4 and 5 of the Syllabus, copies of which may be obtained by applying to the Deputy Minister of Education. No candidate will be admitted who does not comply fully with the conditions of these sections.

As in 1909, the appeal examiners have re-read the papers of each candidate whose marks would in former years have justified an appeal. Where such a candidate has still failed his statement of marks will be stamped as re-read, and no further appeal will be allowed. In all other cases of failure appeals will not be refused if made before September 1st and accompanied by the fee of \$2. In view of all the precautions taken, however, it is most unlikely that such appeals would succeed.

LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.

V. Corrigan, M. B. Cummings, E. E. Cassidy, W. B. Denyes, C. L. Graham, B. H. Johnston, P. W. Laidley, C. Parrott, M. M. Sexsmith.

The Education Department has announced the results of the examination for entrance into the faculties of education. Below is given a list containing the names of all candidates who have passed in one or more parts of the examination for entrance into the faculties of education. The examination passed is indicated after each name. In connection with the announcement the Education Department made the following statement:—

"The certificates of those who passed and the statements of marks of those who failed will be mailed to the Principals and Inspectors in the course of a week. As in the other examinations no appeal can be allowed to candidates whose papers are stamped as having been re-read. In other cases of failure appeals will not be refused if made before September 1, and accompanied by the fee of \$2. In view of all the precautions taken, however, it is unlikely that such appeals would be successful. The pass list is as follows:—

Lennox and Addington—H. B. Conway (part I.), E. G. File (part I.), S. Henderson (part I.), M. McCall (part I. honors), M. Paul (part I.).

BELL ROCK.

Quarterly services will be held in the Methodist church, here next Sunday by Rev. Waddell, Harrowsmith.

W. Brooks has started his threshing tour on Moscow street.

Arthur Pomeroy, is around again, after being laid up with a sprained ankle.

Miss Mabel Timmons and Miss Annie Perault went for a trip on the Bay of Quinte excursion last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Meeks spent a few days recently visiting friends in Belleville.

Alfred Grant passed the entrance examinations successfully at Harrowsmith.

Visitors: Miss Annie Perault and Leo Flynn and sister, Lizzie, Enterprise, at John Timmon's; Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Bander, Desert Lake, at W. F. Pymery's; Mrs. F. L. Amey and Mrs. J. Goner, Selby, at D. L. Amey's.

FREE EXPRESS

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

finds us in the lead for
Plumbing, Steam, Hot
Water and Hot Air
Heating.

M. S. MADOLE

CANADA—FRIDAY, AUGUST 5th, 1910

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

CLOTHING CLEAN UP.

To clear out the odd lines and sizes of Men's and Boys' Suits we are making further big cuts in the prices of these lines. If your or your boy's size is among this lot you should make a special effort to get to these sacrifices.

Two only, sizes 36 and 38, Men's Two Piece Homespun Suits, price was \$8 50, now **\$4.75**

Three light Tweed Suits in neat stripe patterns, patch pockets, belt, straps, etc., were \$9 00, now **\$5.25**

Four Progress Brand Suits D. B., long roll, fancy cuffs and flaps, were \$10.00, now **\$6.00**

Two only, Progress Brand, three piece light weight, high grade tweed, gray in color, were \$12 now **\$7.00**

Four lots of Boys' Suits at \$1.50, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00. The prices were in most cases twice as much.

J. L. BOYES,

NEWS NOTES.

Will Carlton, a Toronto young man, committed suicide because a girl refused to marry him.

Anthony McCarney, Napanee, has assumed control of the Mansion House, Prescott, having been granted a license for the same.

Hugh Collins, proprietor of the Queen's Hotel in Belleville for some years is dead as the result of a second stroke of paralysis. He was 66 years of age.

Jennie Hiltz, a little girl of Coe Hill, while climbing in a barn, fell and struck her arm on a pig hook in the wall, tearing the flesh from the elbow to the hand. She was sent to the Sick Children's Hospital, in Toronto.

Shave yourself. If you do, or if you would like to try, get a Carbo Magnetic Razor on 30 days trial, at

BOYLE & SON.

Noah Lyons, aged 27, a Cloyne farmer, is in jail on a charge of attempted assault on his uncle, who had aroused his jealousy by his attentions to the young man's wife. He ran at his uncle with an axe because he did not leave the house fast enough, when ordered to do so.

A. S. Kimmerly has full stock of choice alfalfa, red clover, timothy seed, and Manchuria barley. I pay 19c for eggs. 19 lbs granulated sugar \$1. Five Roses Flour has no equal; good flour \$2.60. 8 lbs sulphur 25c.

The arrest of Joseph Wendling, at San Francisco, Cal., ends one of the most remarkable pursuits of a criminal in recent years. Wendling, who admits his identity but denies the crime, is wanted for the murder of eight-year-old Alma Kelter, of Louisville, Ky., in December last.

At Orillia, Ont., a sensation was caused by the arrest of a young woman named

G. T. R. STRIKE IS SETTLED.

AN AGREEMENT HAS BEEN REACHED

Ottawa, Aug. 2.—The Grand Trunk strike, which has lasted two weeks and one day, which has cost the company and the striking trainmen and conductors hundreds of thousands of dollars, and has meant immense industrial loss and inconvenience to the general public, is ended. The men, other than those who have been guilty of violence or disorderly conduct, go back to work at once on the increased schedule of rates offered by President Hays on July 18, averaging according to the latter's statement, a general increase of 18 per cent with the promise that the rates now in force on the C. P. R. lines east of Fort William, which are practically the standard rates demanded by the men, shall come into force on January 1, 1912, instead of a year later, as originally offered by President Hays.

TERMS OF THE SETTLEMENT.

Hon. Mackenzie King to-night made public the terms of the agreement ending the strike on the Grand Trunk Railway. It is signed by President Hays for the company, and by the official representatives of the striking unions, and its text follows—

"(1) The company will put back, as soon as possible, the men, other than those who have been or may be found guilty of acts of violence or disorderly conduct the understanding, being that there is to be no coercion or intimidation used toward the new men.

"(2) The company will put into effect from May 1, 1910, the rates named in the schedule of rates dated July 18, 1910, those rates to be embodied in the present schedules now in effect on this line, it being understood that those rates shall in no instance effect a reduction in any existing rate.

"(3) The company will on January 1, 1912, make effective in train and yard service on the Grand Trunk Railway the rates of pay and the rules contained in the schedule or agreement, on that date in effect on the lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway east of Fort William.

"The three above propositions shall apply also to the Central Vermont Railroad Company, the said railroad to be substituted for the Grand Trunk Railway, and the Rutland Railroad to be substituted for the Canadian Pacific Railway wherever the same are used or understood in the above. (In the case of the Central Vermont by the schedule of rates dated July 18, 1910, is meant the schedule issued by the management of that company since July 1.)"

The strike was declared on the night of Monday, July 18, and directly involved 4,500 conductors, brakemen, baggage men and yardmen of the Grand Trunk and Central Vermont Railways on lines extending from Portland to Chicago.

The rates referred to in clause two of the agreement were stated by the company at the time they were offered to be equal to an advance of 18 per cent.

NEW LUMBER YARD

Messrs. J. R. Dafoe and W. T. Waller, have purchased the lumber stock and business of Mr. M. S. Madole, and have overhauled the machinery of the planing mill and have it equipped for first-class work, and are prepared to supply the following first-class building material:—

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Verandah Posts. Also Cement, Sand, Lime, Building Paper, Roofing Drain Tile

In fact anything required in the building trade. **Lumber Dressed, and Sash and Doors, Etc. Prepared to order.** When intending to build, give us a call, foot of East Street.

DAFOE & WALLER,

Orders left at T. H. Wallers' Hardware Store, or at J. R. Dafoe's Office will receive prompt attention. Telephone No. 14.

It will be advantageous for parties looking for a good property to investigate the Mrs. Andrews', Piety Hill, House and Lots, with good brick barn. A bargain is not offered every day like this. Agents—HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE.

Veteran Grants Wanted

Ontario or Dominion, located or unlocated. Highest cash price paid.

MULHOLLAND & CO.,
28-1-y McKinnon Bldg., Toronto.

LOST—Between the residences of Thos. Johnston and Jas. Roblin, a Pearl Pin with diamond centre. Finder will be generously rewarded by returning same to THOS. JOHNSTON. 34ap

FOR SALE—The brick residence on East Street formerly occupied by the late Mrs. J. D. Ham. Apply to HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE. 34f

HOUSE FOR SALE—In good part of the town, on Thomas Street. Apply to S. W. PRINGLE, Centre Street, Napanee. 1

HOUSE FOR SALE, with two lots, new house 38 x 24, barn 28 x 24, electric light, hard and soft water, a splendid property at a low price. Apply to M. PIZZARELLO. 11

FOR SALE—2 houses with nearly two acres of land. Houses in good repair. Will be sold separately or together. Apply at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE. 17

FOR SALE—Nice frame house, with or without lot. In A 1 shape; snap, if taken at once; intend building. Apply JAMES A. FERGUSON, King Edward Barber Shop, Napanee. 34a

FOR SALE—14 acres, new house, eight rooms, bathroom, cellar, large cistern, well at door, large orchard and variety of berries, good drive house, barn and shed—a mile and a half from Napanee on Palace road. Enquire on premises. Also Piano for sale. MRS. G. VANALSTINE. 13f

40 FARMS FOR SALE, in Napanee and Belleville districts. Many of these are valuable farms, and at right price. Call at once or write for list. We can suit you, and you will save time and money. Also some good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN, Real Estate. Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

DOXSEE & CO.

Summer Clearance Sale Commencing Saturday, June 25th

Wash Belts at 20c each.
Wash Collars at 10c each.
Nets and Chiffon Collars at 19c each.
Ladies' Elastic and Silk Belts to clear at 25c each, regular price 50c and 75c.
Gloves and Hosiery at special prices.
BLOUSES—Fine Embroidered Lawn and Muslin at \$1.00 each, regular price \$1.50 and \$1.75.

Millinery

All Untrimmed Colored Straw Shapes reduced to 50c.
Colored Ribbons at a price to clear.
Flowers from 10c a bunch while they last.
All Trimmed Hats at a low figure.
Kindly see for yourself before buying.

The Leading Millinery House

THE - DOMINION - BANK NAPANEE BRANCH

Capital Paid up \$4,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits 5,300,000
Total Deposits by the Public .. 45,700,000
Total Assets 58,900,000
Travellers and Commercial Letters of Credit issued available throughout the world.

DUDLEY L. HILL,
Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

Francisco, Cal., ends one of the most remarkable pursuits of a criminal in recent years. Wendling, who admits his identity but denies the crime, is wanted for the murder of eight-year-old Alma Keiner, of Louisville, Ky., in December last.

At Orilla, Ont., a sensation was caused by the arrest of a young woman named Mary Dolan, and Thomas McNully, on a charge of murder. The arrest arose out of the discovery of the body of an infant child on a small island on the Couchiching side of the Narrows.

Henry D. Watts, of Portsmouth, died in the Kingston general hospital, on Tuesday morning from injuries received, on Monday afternoon by being run over by the Bay Quinte out going passenger train, which left Kingston station at four o'clock. The young man was a deaf mute, and was walking along the tracks near Cataract street, when the train came along. The engineer whistled several times, but the young man paid no attention. The train was slowed down, but before it could be stopped the locomotive had struck the unfortunate fellow, knocked him across the rails, and passed over both his legs, which were fearfully crushed above and below the knees.

It is not generally known that the disease, known as spinal meningitis, is contagious, highly contagious, many doctors declare, indeed very little is known of it, happily, in this part of the world. But now that it has developed it would be well for the greatest care to be taken in isolating cases. People, outside those nursing the patient, should not be admitted to the sick room, and in case of death there should be a rigid exclusion of all persons who come as sightseers or sympathizers. The truest sympathy and kindness will be found in taking all pains to prevent the spread of this terrible disease, which nearly always means death, and if there is recovery the patient is usually left an imbecile.

What 5 cents Will Buy.

At The Medical Hall, Napanee's Largest Drug Store, 1 doz. sader rings, 1 large cakecrabapple soap, 1 box maple leaf toothpicks, 1 bot. vaseline, 1 bot. Carter's ink, 1 infant sponge, 1 tin concentrated lye, 1 bot. Carter's mucilage, 1 lb. best sulphur, 1 writing pad, 1 package envelopes, 1 cake pine tar soap, 1 lb. resin, 2 lbs. plaster paris 2 lbs. whiting, 2 lbs. washing soda, 1 box camphorated chalk, 1 box compound licorice powder, 1 box borated talcum, 1 stick Spanish licorice, 1 box Fuller's earth, 1 lb. epsom salts, 1 box butter scotch, 1 box peanut crisp, 1 package fly paper, 4 sheets sticky fly paper. Fred L. Hooper.

COLEBROOK.

Horse buyers struck this town and bought a nice bunch of horses.

Mrs. Frank Bowen, Wilton, and father-in-law, were starting for their home, the horse became frightened and ran into the ditch throwing them both out without doing them much harm.

Mrs. Robert Assestine and young daughter, of Moscow, accompanied by a young lady, on their way home from this place had an accident. The horse became frightened and began to kick. Mrs. Assestine reached over to the front of the buggy to protect her little daughter and received a severe kick on the jaw, which threw her and her daughter out. The horse ran away with the buggy and the other young lady and was stopped near a horse and rig tied on the street. The doctor had to put in two or three stitches in dressing Mrs. Assestine's face. Fortunately no other damage was done.

Another daughter born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Dafos.

H. P. Lucas has been very ill for several days and under the doctor's care.

Miss Lou Garrison has gone to Marlbank for a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanalstine, living near Toronto, are visiting W. Brown.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

disengagement and variation of the Grand Trunk and Central Vermont Railways on lines extending from Portland to Chicago.

The rates referred to in clause two of the agreement were stated by the company at the time they were offered to be equal to an advance of 18 per cent.

Clause three means that the Grand Trunk Railway will begin to pay the standard wages recently adopted for the territory east of Chicago one year earlier than the time stated in the company's original offer.

In addition to the men who now return to work thousands of employees in the company's shops were idle from the 18th to the 25th of July, the company closing the shops on the former date and reopening them on the latter.

The strike leaders, according to a despatch from Montreal last night, assume that in going back to work the men automatically resume their standing in regard to the pension scheme. The company, it is said, do not hold this view, but will maintain the ground that men who went on strike will go back as new hands, so far as the pension scheme is concerned.

CHEESE BOARD.

The regular meeting of the Cheese Board, was held in the Council Chamber, Friday last. Sixteen factories boarded 1350 cheese, 1045 white, 305 colored. All the cheese sold at 10 7-8c. The following factories boarded:

	White	Colored
Croydon	45	
Tamworth	80	
Sheffield	70	
Clare View	60	
Moscow	110	
Empey	50	
Phippen No. 1		80
Phippen No. 2		50
Phippen No. 3	90	
Marlbank	60	
Palace Road	125	
Centreville	100	
Selby		175
Deeronto	125	
Whitman Creek	55	
Albert	75	

Wednesday half Holiday

To complete picnic basket go to Wallace's Drug store and get a box of those matinee chocolate for 50c (equal to any 80c kind) and a Kodak. On return bring film to Wallace's to be finished up.

ALEX RAY,
Opt. D.

**EYE-SIGHT
SPECIALIST**

of Belleville

will be at the Campbell House,

Napanee, Wednesday,
August 10th,

from 12 o'clock noon until 7 o'clock
of same evening.

All forms of Bad Vision and obscure cases of Eye-strain will receive expert examination and attention.

Prices moderate.

Consultation Free.

Preserving Powder Notice.

When sending by mail for preserving Powder always enclose 2c extra for postage. The powder is 10c per package, acts equally as well for cat-soup as for fruit, stops fermentation and your fruit will keep indefinitely. W. H. Wallace, the Prescription Druggist

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Napanee and Belleville districts. Many of these are valuable farms, and at right price. Call at once or write for list. We can suit you, and you will save time and money. Also some good town properties. W. G. H. HOWES, Real Estate, Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

FARM FOR SALE—100 acres—Valuable and desirable farm in Ernestown Township, lot No. 13, 7th concession, six miles from the town of Napanee, and about three miles from Newburgh. Farm is well fenced, never failing creek through centre of farm. Good frame house and new barn. 74 acres under cultivation, 26 acres woodland. Apply to W. G. BAUGHAN, at Gibbard's sale rooms, Napanee. 38-17



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the under signed, and endorsed "Tender for Supplying Coal for the Dominion Buildings," will be received until 4 p. m. on Tuesday, August 16, 1910, for the supply of coal for the Public Buildings throughout the Dominion.

Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained on application at this office. Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, made payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p.c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

R. C. DESROCHERS,

Asst. Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, July 6, 1910.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department. 315



**MONUMENTS
GRANITE and MARBLE**

Latest Designs and Highest Class
of Memorial Work.

We have modern equipment for manufacture of anything
in Granite or Marble.

Our business success is due to furnishing first-class work.

S. J. KILPATRICK & CO.,

Corner Princess and Clergy Streets.

Kingston, Ont.

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office, - Winnipeg.

Capital, Authorized - \$6,000,000 President - Sir D. H. McMillan,
K.C.M.G.

Capital, Paid Up - \$2,200,000 General Manager - R. CAMPBELL.

Bills of Exchange, Drafts and Orders on all Countries
brought and sold.

Canadian Bankers' Association Money Orders sold.

Collections made in all parts of Canada, and in foreign
countries.

\$1.00 opens a Savings Account.

R. G. H. TRAVERS,

Manager Napanee Branch.

Manager, Napanee Branch.

**MERCHANTS' BANK
OF CANADA.**

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER:
\$10,400,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and
interest at best current rate paid.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General
Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, **W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.**

Yarker Branch, **E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.**

WANTED.

A Representative for Napanee

This is the time to sell Nursery Stock.
We pay liberally and offer steady employment. Our list of

SPECIALTIES

embraces a rare and choice list of really
sellers in both

**Fruit and Ornamental Stock
Seed Potatoes, Etc.**

Write for terms and catalogue.

STONE & WELLINGTON,

The Ponthill Nurseries,

Toronto, Ont.

Established 1837.

BEST AD. FOR CANADA

TWO HAPPY WELSH BOYS ON THE FARM.

Letters From the Lads in Saskatchewan to Folks in the Old Land.

The London Standard prints two letters received in Wales a few weeks ago from young Welshmen who have emigrated to Canada. The first is from Joseph Williams, the second from Jack Pierce. They are of the sort that make the best immigration literature, as the writers are of the sort that make the best immigrants for Canada.

Joseph Williams, writing from Bangor post office, Sask., says:

"I think I ought to write and let you know how we are faring in this far land—the last Great West—the granary of the world." I think the best way for me would be to start from the time I came here—three years ago, on April 21.

"I landed at Portland, Maine, took train to Hamilton, Ontario, via Montreal and Toronto, two days' journey. Landed at Hamilton on the Sunday night, and started to work on the Wednesday following at F. W. Fearman's pork factory, wages \$12 per week; worked there a month, and then got a job on the railway for the summer at \$50 a month. This job finished in October, and for the winter I had to be content on keeping the stove warm.

RODE IN BOX CARS.

"When spring came I started work on a farm at \$25 a month. Then I went up west by 'jumping' the freight train, about two thousand miles, with \$2 in my pocket, and had to live on dry bread and water for ten days. I arrived at Saltcoats on the night of July 10, walked to Yorkton, 26 miles across the prairie. I got a job at Yorkton, which was a turning point to success. I may say here that when I arrived at Yorkton I had the enormous sum of 3 cents in my pocket! Six months later I started business there, butchering, with my brother Arthur as partner, and twelve months later sold out at a good sum, and to-day, I am pleased to say, I can sit and look at my crop growing, from which I hope to receive somewhere from \$2,000 to \$3,000 next fall, besides being the owner of three fine mares and foals, and all necessary farming implements.

ANY MAN CAN GET ON.

"You can show this letter to all my old friends at Abergele, and if you like you can send it to the press if you think it will benefit any young men or women who think of coming to Canada. I can say without the least hesitation that this is a much better country than the old country, and there is no reason whatever why a young man or woman could not succeed here. There is plenty of work for all here, and good places. The servant is looked upon as one of the family; no restriction on what you do and where you go; you share the best place in the house with the boss, and eat from the same table. No talk of 'loft allan' here—nothing is too good for the hired man."

Jack Pierce, a shoemaker, who

those to whom the Nobel Prize ought to be given."

The Neue Freie Press says:—"Twelve long, anxious days we had been in the dark about the fate of the Trieste, when, along with the joyful news of the safe arrival of the India merchantman, came the report that she owed her escape to the help of an English ship. The saving of the Trieste by the Lowther Range will have to be registered in the history of Austrian shipping. To tow a great vessel in a high, storm-beaten sea, a ship that, almost a helpless wreck, drops from house-high wave mountains into foaming wave depths; to do this amidst the raging of the elements means neither more nor less than to play with one's own fate. One wrong manoeuvre and both vessels collide, and their wrecks are covered by the high waves. Six days lasted the battle, a battle of nerve-exhausting strength, during which an officer of the British ship met with his death.

"The English sailors have secured for themselves a lasting monument in the memory of all seafaring nations. The captain of the English steamer and his brave men will ever remain in our friendly memory."

ROYAL DIAMONDS ON VIEW.

Priceless Cullian Gems Displayed at Jeweller's.

A fortune of £150,000 in precious stones was on view recently in one small glass case in a London jewellery shop.

All day long crowds passed round the glittering case, which contained, among many other gems, the six diamonds cut from the Cullian, which have been presented to the Queen by the people of South Africa.

These are only fragments from the great stone, and are nominally valued at £50,000, but they could not be bought or matched for twice that sum. They were presented to the Queen, who at once sent them to Carrington's shop in Regent street, in order that the public might also have the opportunity of admiring them.

Hundreds of women came to see them during the day. A blazing diamond ring hung above two magnificent pendants—one pear-shaped and one marquise—in aluminum settings, and beneath were heart-shaped and square diamonds.

Elaborate precautions were taken to safeguard the treasures, and although it almost seemed as if they could be touched, they were as closely guarded as the rest of the regalia in the strong rooms of the Tower of London.

"The stones are of the finest quality we have ever handled," said a member of the firm of Messrs. Carrington. "They have been set in aluminum in such a way that, although most securely held, you can scarcely see that there is any setting at all.

"It would be impossible to match these gems anywhere—they are beyond price."

POLICY OF PREVENTION.

Could do Away With Much Misery in Britain.

"Women and the fight against destitution" was the subject discussed at a recent sitting of the

TROUBLES ABOUT TRADE

WARS OF TARIFFS ALL OVER THE WORLD.

In Many Instances They Have Been Settled by the Introduction of the Boycott.

Late in 1905, Serbia and Bulgaria made a convention, part of the terms of which was that each should allow the other's goods to enter her territory at favorable rates.

This convention annoyed Austria, because Serbia did not first ask her leave, and also because she suspected secret clauses, and in January, 1906, she broke off her negotiations with Serbia for a commercial tariff on Servian goods.

Servia paid no attention to the threats of her big neighbor, and went on calmly making friends with Bulgaria. Then came a thunderbolt.

"Your pigs are diseased," said Austria. "We cannot let them into our country any more!" Now, Servia practically lives on pigs. She had been selling to Austria one and three-quarter millions of fat porkers yearly, besides quantities of cattle and sheep. And the terrible part of the business was that Servia, being a land-locked state, could find no other market for her porkers.

PEACE WITH HONOR.

Ruin stared Servia in the face, yet to yield seemed impossible. To abandon the treaty with Bulgaria was to acknowledge herself a vassal of Austria. So she stiffened her upper lip, and proceeded to organize a boycott of all Austrian goods. Her merchants cancelled all orders placed with Austrian firms. Austria sells over \$5,000,000 worth of goods yearly in Servia, so there was, naturally, a great outcry from Viennese exporters.

By way of finding a market for their produce, the Servians erected slaughter-houses on the Danube, and sent away pork in cold storage and as ready-cured bacon; but even so they could not sell half their pigs.

For more than a month the deadlock continued, and then, at last, King Peter made personal application to the Austrian Emperor. The details of the letters which passed have never been made public, but a truce was patched up, and Austria not only took her embargo off Servian pigs, but also lent Servia a substantial sum of money.

Austria is constantly having trouble with her neighbors over questions of trade. In 1903 there was a serious crisis with Turkey over the matter of Bulgaria. Bulgaria, it will be remembered, with the backing of Austria, suddenly threw off Turkish allegiance, and her Prince proclaimed himself Kaiser. The Turks were furious, and retaliated by boycotting Austrian goods. The porters of Constantinople refused to handle Austrian goods, and Austrian steamers lay helpless in the Golden Horn, unable to unload their cargoes.

Austria sells Turkey quantities of matches, sugar, ready-made clothing, fancy goods, and the like, and the losses on both sides were fearfully heavy. At Trebizond, Austrian steamers were not even permitted to coal. By the end of

grace," and it is said that no boycott of the kind was ever better managed or more complete. It was also characterized by great self-restraint on the part of the Chinese. There was absolutely no rioting, and even when two Hong Kong firms publicly burnt their stock of Japanese goods the crowds that looked on were perfectly quiet and orderly.—London Answers.

MISLEADING NAMES.

India Rubber and India Ink — Brier Root Really Heather.

A vast number of incorrect notions are acquired by reason of misleading names, but after all is it of any particular importance, so long as we get what we are after? For instance, we go into a store and ask for a Dutch clock. We get a clock, the kind we were after, so it does not really matter that it is not a Dutch clock at all but a German manufacture. Practically all the wooden clocks called Dutch are made at the village of Freyburg, in the Black Forest. It is all due to mispronunciation: "Deutsch" in German means "German."

Nothing is more natural than to assume that India ink comes from India, but it does not, and never did, any more than did India rubber. The first originated in and comes from China, and should be called Chinese ink, as it is in France, and the latter comes from Central and South America.

"Let's have an old style country dance!" some one exclaims, and immediately there jump into the mind visions of red cheeked lasses and stout lads dancing gayly in the barn. The term, however, is simply a corruption of "contra dance," from the Latin contra, or opposite, and means a dance in which the partners are arranged in opposite lines, and has nothing to do with country.

Camel's hair brushes are not made from the hair of camels but from hairs from the tails of Russian and Siberian squirrels. The hair of camels is, however, used for making fine fabrics, such as shawls, rugs and underclothing, and is sometimes mixed with silk.

"Genuine French brier root pipes" are not made from the roots of brier but from the root of a white heath which reaches a considerable size and is cultivated in the south of France for pipemaking purposes. The name is derived from the French bruyere, the dialect form of which is briere, meaning heath.

We have a firmly fixed notion that a centipede has 100 feet, but naturally, but we are misled by the name. Count 'em. There are about thirty feet on the largest size.

We remark that such a one "speaks through his nose," when as a matter of fact the queer, disagreeable tone is produced when the nasal passage is closed. Hold the nostrils and prove it.

SLEW FIVE CHILDREN.

Terrible Confession of a French Murderer.

A rag-picker named Joseph has confessed to the assassination on April 21, 1910, of five children of a farmer named Briere, in the vicinity of Chateaufort, France. The fa-

upon as one of the family; no restriction on what you do and where you go; you share the best place in the house with the boss, and eat from the same table. No talk of 'loft allan' here—nothing is too good for the hired man."

Jack Pierce, a shoemaker, who came out with two other Welshmen, a grocer and a carpenter, writes from Haward, Sask., May 30, 1910:

EAGER TO WORK.

"I am writing you this letter to give you my idea of this country. On our arrival in Regina we had a brotherly reception at the immigration hall and a comfortable place to stop at, free. We never asked for work at the immigration hall, as we went out in the morning before it was opened, and the three of us got a place right away. There was a large demand for laborers in the city, but our object was going on the land, rather than get higher wages in the town. We hired at \$20 per month and our board. Our food is worthy of calling food, nothing like the food they give in the old country on the farms.

"I told the farmer in the start that I was not used to farm work, but I was used to horses, and that I was willing to do all I could according to his instructions, and I have been very successful up to now; but I have taken good care that he has not to say the same thing more than once to me, and do the work to the letter, as he had told me in the commencement that the trouble they had as a rule with newcomers was that they wanted to do everything in the old way.

"Well, about the country: the name I shall give it is the Canaan of the present world.

IT IS RICH IN EVERYTHING

nature can give it. There is work here for every man that wants to work, and he will get good money for his work. The weather has been good since we have been here—very fine every day, and the sun shining brightly, with a nice breeze blowing all day. I am out every day with four horses, which is a very different thing from shoemaking, but if all the horses in Canada are like these, I would not mind if I had twenty before me.

"I will write you again and tell you how we are getting along. We are very thankful for the good information you gave us before leaving, and we wish you long life to tell more of the Welsh people about the wonders of this country."

A DARING RESCUE.

How English Sailors Saved an Austrian Ship.

The rescue of the Austrian steamer Trieste by the British steamer Lowther Range, commanded by a North Shields man, Captain Matthews, and owned by the Neptune Line, of Newcastle, England, is the subject of most appreciative comment in the Vienna press.

The Neues Wiener Tagblatt says:—"The name of Lowther Range will not be forgotten in Austria-Hungary. It stands on the proudest page of history, where these are inscribed who risked their own existence in order to save their fellow-men from danger, those for whom all cultivated nations should institute a special sign of honor,

POLICY OF PREVENTION.

Could do Away With Much Misery in Britain.

"Women and the fight against destitution" was the subject discussed at a recent sitting of the Women's Congress at the White City in London.

Phthisis, said Mrs. Sydney Webb, accounted for one-seventh of the expenditure under the poor law. If phthisis were dealt with in the same way as consumption, one-seventh of the pauperism of the country might be prevented, and much misery would be swept away. Preventive measures could do much. One-third of the blindness of the country could be avoided if neglect in infancy was guarded against, and the public health and education authorities could do much to prevent destitution. The policy of prevention could also be applied to the unemployed.

Mrs. Barnes said that "There shall be in no human life any impediment to the call of the divine which I can remove" was a creed which would carry them far in social reform.

Miss Murby urged that half time labor should be stopped. The country should be able to support itself by means of its adults. The school age should be raised to fifteen. Persons under eighteen years of age should not be allowed to work more than thirty hours per week, and should be required to attend training schools. Employment for many of those at present without work would also be secured if the hours of those employed on railways, buses and trams which were a present excessive, were reduced.

HIGHER PRICES IN GERMANY.

Housewives are Asking Where It Will All End.

The prices of the necessities of life continue to rise in a most alarming way in all the large cities of Germany, with Berlin and Hamburg at their head. German housewives are in a state of growing anxiety, asking where all this is to end.

Another phase of the question is now opened up by the attitude of the butchers, who are actively petitioning the Government to "do something" if their trade is not to suffer seriously. In their petitions they state that the prohibition to import cattle from abroad does not enable home farmers to cope with the national demand, for the production of "national" pigs, oxen, sheep and calves is practically stationary, and in some districts is even growing less, while the demand increases. They ask for the abolition of all frontier barriers to importation of live stock, and less drastic measures in dealing with cattle supposed to be affected with tuberculosis. This, they say, is carried to absurd lengths.

A curious political coloring is lent to this movement of the German butchers by the threat that if the Government declines to remove their grievances they will, as a body, join the Social Democratic organization. The butchers have hitherto been among the most loyal of the Kaiser's subjects.

In Holland, the average number of deaths through railway accidents is one a year.

able to unload their cargoes. Austria sells Turkey quantities of matches, sugar, ready-made clothing, fancy goods, and the like, and the losses on both sides were frightfully heavy. At Trebizond, Austrian steamers were not even permitted to coal. By the end of October the combined losses to the two countries were over \$25,000,000, and Bulgaria and Montenegro were arming for war.

THE BODING BOYCOTT.

Then others of the Great Powers intervened, and managed to restore peace; but even to-day much bad feeling still exists, and we may at any time hear of a renewal of the boycott.

Even with her sister state, Hungary, Austria has more than once been at loggerheads during recent years. In 1906, Hungary refused to supply conscripts to the Imperial Army. Austria thereupon retained thousands of time-expired Hungarian conscripts, thus depriving many families of their breadwinners, and a rescript was issued, dissolving the Hungarian Parliament. Hungarians at once boycotted Austrian goods and the establishment at which they were sold. The trouble continued for three months until the Emperor Francis Joseph restored peace by altering the Hungarian suffrage.

The Russo-Japanese War was preceded by a war of tariffs. Russia began it by shutting out Japanese vessels from the profitable fisheries of the Island of Sakhalin. She seems quite to have forgotten that her best market for fish was Japan. Japan at once put a prohibitive tariff on Russian fish, and the wretched Russian fishermen were left to starve. To-day, half Sakhalin is Japanese by right of conquest, and the whole fishing industry is in her capable hands.

THE CATTLE SQUABBLE.

Even we ourselves, although we are at present a Free Trade country, have our little trade wars. Some years ago, we received some cattle from the Argentine which were infected with foot-and-mouth disease, whereupon our Board of Trade stopped the importation of live stock from Argentine ports.

Argentina's feelings were hurt, and a few months later she made representations that her cattle were now clean again, and asked that the embargo should be removed. When our authorities refused she retaliated by prohibiting the importation of cattle, sheep, and swine from the United Kingdom. At first glance, this might seem a futile revenge, but it was not so in reality. We send pedigree stock, especially Hereford bulls, to the Argentine, and the measure hit some of our stock-breeders severely.

More recently we had the Bengali boycott, which was caused by the partition of Bengal into two separate administrations. Fifty thousand natives met at the Kaligha Temple, and vowed not to use British imported goods. That was in 1905, and in some portions of Bengal the boycott continues to this day.

More recently, Japan and China quarrelled over a railway which Japan was building through Manchuria, and China, instead of having recourse to guns and torpedoes, instituted an anti-Japanese boycott. The society which started this was called the "National Dis-

Terrible Confession of a French Murderer.

A rag-picker named Joseph has confessed to the assassination on April 21, 1910, of five children of a farmer named Briere, in the vicinity of Chartres, France. The father of the children was found guilty of the murders and sentenced to life imprisonment. He died in prison.

The trial of Briere attracted the attention of the whole of France. Four of his daughters, aged, respectively, 14, 11, 5 and 4, and his son, aged 7 years, were found in bed one morning, stabbed and beaten to death. The farmer was arrested and charged by the police with the crime. According to a theory advanced by the police to provide for the crime, Briere, who owned a small farm near Ceran-cuz, wished to marry a woman of considerable wealth. Circumstantial evidence led to the conviction that the farmer, considering his family an encumbrance, murdered his five children in order to carry out his wishes.

Briere stoutly maintained his innocence throughout the trial and declared that two tramps entered the house during his absence and killed the children. He added that he returned while the murderers were robbing the place and that they attacked him and left him for dead. During the trial the Judge got down from the bench and gave loud expression to his opinion of the guilt of the prisoner, while the spectators yelled with fury: "Kill him! Kill him!"

A pathetic incident of the trial occurred when Briere's surviving daughter, who, the police declared, only escaped the fate of the other children by not responding to Briere's invitation to go to see him, went on the witness stand, sobbingly, and protested that her father was innocent and begged the court to restore him to her.

GERMAN ARMAMENTS.

Enormous Production of the Famous Krupp Arsenal.

Particulars of the increased production of Krupp's enormous arsenal at Essen during the past year and of the work accomplished by other branches of the Krupp company are supplied by a Berlin correspondent.

They are a significant indication of the German Government's activity in constructing guns for warships and armaments generally.

According to the report of the Essen Chamber of Commerce the firm's employees numbered 63,450 on April 1, 1908, and 68,905 on May 1, 1910.

During 1909 it used 1,349,000 tons of coal, 771,000 tons of coke, and 20,000 tons of briquettes. The central electric generating station produced 39,460,000 kilowatts of electric energy, as compared with 25,541,000 kilowatts in the previous year, and the gas works produced 18,487,000 cubic feet of lighting gas.

In addition, 31,500 shots and 137,000 kegs of powder were fired during 1909 on the three proof-buttresses attached to the works. In the previous year the figures were 30,000 shots and 90,000 kegs.

The first attempt to steer a balloon was made in Paris in 1784.

FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irish-

James Long, chairman of the Cork Harbor Board, has been knighted by King George.

At Coobronan, Meath, recently, 150 cattle were driven off the property of Michael Cuniffe.

A valuable find of coal has been made at Latteenabarry, Monaghan, by a Government expert.

The small daughter of the school teacher at Kilquany, Carlow, was suffocated recently by falling into a tub of calf food.

It is proposed to erect a memorial at Loughmore to the martyred brothers, Dan and William Cormack, executed many years ago at Nenagh.

Sir John Newell Jordan, who since 1905 has been British Minister at Pe'vin, is visiting his native county, Down.

The Town Commissioners of Mullingar, Westmeath, have applied for a loan of £3,000 to carry out a scheme for erecting dwellings for artisans.

An encounter between police and a gathering held to protest against the eviction of Captain Bond's tenants occurred near Newtownabond, County Langford.

Mr. Daniel Boyle, M. P., for North Mayo, and an alderman of Manchester, England, will attend the United Irish League Convention at Buffalo, N. Y., in September.

The Dublin Corporation has renewed the lease of the Court of Conscience, William street, where in 1797 a great gathering protested against re-union with England.

A silver watch from the Carnegie Hero Fund and \$40 has been presented to James Minturn, of Cork, for many instances of life-saving which stand to his credit.

Matthew Costillore, of the Dublin police, won first prize in the mounted constabulary competition at a recent Olympia Horse Show, London, where there were 342 entries.

Antrim Guardians have granted a pension of thirty pounds per year to Mr. Simpson, late Master of the Workhouse, who resigned after six years' service on account of illness.

Two Kilkenny farmers quarreled over a right of way recently, and in an encounter which followed one of them, James Bowe, was killed. His assailant, Joseph Young, has been arrested.

William Jennings Bryan was the guest at dinner of the Irish party, whose envoys to America, Messrs. Redmond, O'Connor and Devlin, he invited to his home during their forthcoming visit.

At the opening of the Armagh quarter sessions, it was announced that there were no criminal proceedings to be heard before Judge Green, who was accordingly presented with a pair of white gloves.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

The kingdom waits for every day kindness and justice.

He has no true faith in his god who has none in himself.

The life of goodness leads to faith

HOME OF SHETLAND PONY

BARREN ISLANDS IN WHICH HERDS OF THEM RUN WILD.

Have a Fondness for Children and Thrive Under Unfavorable Conditions.

Away to the north of Scotland lies the group of islands in which the diminutive horses commonly called Shelties have their home. The Shetlands are not all inhabited, some of the smaller islands being used merely as pasturage for a few sheep. There is little to attract either the agriculturist or the merchant, so progress is slow; the islanders till their land by old fashioned methods, and many of them still have recourse to barter as a means of obtaining necessities.

To the lover of the beautiful and to the artist there is much to charm. Some, perhaps, would describe the islands as barren—but what barrenness! The country, though destitute of trees, is so varied in the nature of its scenery that their absence in no way detracts from the general beauty of the landscape.

Countless tarns, streams and lochs all serve to make the coloring of the heather covered hills and the gloomy tints of the moors stand out in pleasing contrasts, while near the sea bold cliffs tower over the blue waters, whose waves dash against their rocky sides. Overhead numerous sea birds circle on their way to their nests on the ledges.

THE LARGEST ISLAND

is known as the mainland, with a length of fifty-four miles and a width of twenty-one. The islands have a singularly mild and equable climate considering their exposed situation and compose one of the most healthful districts in Scotland; but even the most adventurous tourists seldom visit them, because a doubtful sea trip in a small steamer is necessary before they can be reached.

Of the entire area of 551 square miles scarcely one-sixth is under cultivation, yet the Shetlanders manage to maintain something like 100,000 sheep, 20,000 cattle and 5,000 of the famous ponies. The inhabitants are of Norse origin and in their speech and customs retain many of the characteristics of their forefathers. They support themselves chiefly by the herring and other fishing industries.

They cannot afford to give much feeding to their ponies, so these hardy little animals run wild in herds on the hills or scatholds, picking up what food they can find. When the bleak wintry weather comes on they find their way down to the seashore, where they derive a scanty living from the seaweed which grows upon the rocks or has been left by the high autumn tides and freshened by melted snow or rain.

AT THIS TIME OF YEAR

too, they will gather in groups near the homesteads and are rewarded with an occasional truss of hay.

In spite of this precarious existence the Shelties seem happy enough and they are extremely hardy. They possess extraordinary strength for their size, being able

FACTS ABOUT TORONTO

ABOUT ITS SIZE, ITS EXPENSES, AND ITS GROWTH.

Put in a Nutshell so That They Can be Read and Easily Digested.

Toronto' assessment is \$269,866,-219. The area of Toronto is 28 square miles.

Toronto is the most beautiful city in Canada.

Toronto has seven hospitals for the care of the sick.

Toronto City Hall is estimated to be worth \$2,500,000.

The population of Toronto on May 1st was 323,602.

Toronto has 407 miles of streets and 105 miles of lanes.

Toronto's City Hall has a floor space of 5.40 acres.

Toronto's Public Library buildings are valued at \$800,000.

Toronto has 624 street fire alarm boxes and 23 fire stations.

Toronto has 50 parks and open spaces, totalling 1,591 acres.

The height of the City Hall tower from the sidewalk is 300 feet.

Toronto has 174,675 books and pamphlets in its Public Libraries.

The strength of Toronto's fire department is 261 officers and men.

The total strength of Toronto's police force is 475 officers and men.

The diameter of the face of the clock in the City Hall tower is 20 feet.

There were 7,839 births registered in Toronto last year and 3,905 marriages.

The Toronto Street Railway Company carried 98,117,991 passengers last year.

Toronto is governed by 25 men, namely, a mayor, four controllers and 21 councillors.

There were 693,686 people attended Toronto's Exhibition last year, against 585,544 in 1908.

Toronto has ten police stations, apart from the headquarters of the force at the City Hall.

Toronto has the following number of schools: Public 74, Separate 19, High 7, and Technical 1.

Toronto is lighted by night by 1,800 electric arc lights, 90 electric incandescent lamps and 1,140 gas lamps.

Toronto issued 5,056 building permits last year, which allowed for the erection of buildings to the value of \$18,139,247.

PARIS TO SPEND \$180,000,000.

Will Beautify City and Fight White Plague.

The greatest single scheme of municipal improvement that the world has ever known, involving an expenditure of \$180,000,000, has been decided upon by the authorities of Paris, the enormous cost of the plan to be provided, during a period of fifteen to eighteen years, by the issue of municipal loan stock. Of this immense sum \$18,000,000 will be devoted to new schools, \$25,000,000 to new water-works and improvements in the water supply, \$7,000,000 to the construction, improvement and repair of public hospitals, and \$8,000,000 to the reconstruction of abattoirs.

FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BANKS AND BRAES.

What is Going On in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

Owing to the scarcity of whales the whaling industry is dying out.

Dr. Dundas White, M. P., for Dumbartonshire, is about to retire from politics.

A boxing kangaroo has arrived as the nucleus of Mr. Bostock's new Glasgow zoo.

Provost Robinson of Annan died suddenly during service in Erskine Church, Annan, recently.

Burns and McKenna were the surnames of two men fined for drunkenness in a South country town a week ago.

"English Spoken; American Understood" is the notice which adorns the outer walls of a Glasgow shaving saloon.

A Stromness man claims to have established a new record by attending 1,160 funerals. He was the driver of the town's hearse.

It is now Vale of Leven's turn to complain of getting too much food—of a kind—as well as drink in the domestic water supply.

A father and son named Anderson were working side by side recently in Dunlop's Carmyle colliery when the roof fell in, killing both.

A largely attended meeting in Edinburgh recently approved, on the motion of Lord Rosebery, a proposal to erect a Scottish memorial to the late King.

A male passenger preferred to dive from the Garelochhead steamer on a recent afternoon, and ruin a suit of clothes in swimming ashore rather than pay the pier dues.

An Edinburgh mob recently gave a rough handling to Dr. Lempiere for erecting a crucifix on the outside wall of St. Michael's Episcopal Church, of which he is rector.

While the people of Buckhaven were at the funeral of their pastor, the Rev. Mr. McGhie, recently, word came that three men had been drowned in a sinking yawl in the harbor.

About a dozen Edinburgh licenseholders have decided that it will pay them better to run their establishments on teetotal lines rather than attempt to pay the increased budget duties.

With the publication of the Clyde, Erskine Ferry, that Mecca of Glasgow cyclists of a bygone generation, has blossomed out in opposition to some of the coast towns. On Saturday a troupe of pierrots made merry on a stage at the ferry road head.

SOME FAMOUS VIOLINS.

They Range in Value from \$8,000 to \$22,000 Apiece.

Stradivarius fashioned his best instruments between the years 1700 and 1720; while the choicest were made between 1709 and 1715. Vioti's violin is from 1704 and is valued at \$16,000.

One in the possession of Sarasate is dated 1713 and is owned by the Spanish Crown, which has loaned it to Sarasate for life. The other

SENTENCE SERMONS.

The kingdom waits for every day kindness and justice.

He has no true faith in his god who has none in himself.

The life of goodness leads to faith in the goodness of life.

A crooked man is most likely to have a smooth way with him.

The congregation is the best commentary on the creed of a church.

It's better being one small blast furnace than a dozen prairie fires.

The best preparation for a home in heaven is making homes heavenly.

It is no use looking for wisdom on trees without roots in experience.

Faith as to what may be is more important than conviction as to what is.

It is easy to prove your god by logic and still be an atheist in your life.

A man is always most likely to get lost when he is immersed in himself.

The world knows the church by the kind of people on whom she puts her O. K.

No man can love the oppressed weak who does not hate the strong oppressor.

If you preach without thinking you will find plenty to listen without doing.

Some men never make any steam save by throwing cold water on other's fires.

The leaders are those who work hardest when they do not have to work at all.

Teach a child to lie in the hymns on Sunday and the temptations of the week will take care of the rest.

No man will have much trouble with his faith if he reserves its problems for the time left over after living its precepts.

According to some it makes no difference how many dead cats you throw into the well so long as you keep the pump handle polished.

If the honest people in the churches knew the people outside as well as the people outside know the humbugs, it would make a lot of difference.

A DOCTOR'S HEROISM.

Walked Over Dangerous Road at Night to See a Patient.

The Western Highlands are ringing with the story of a doctor's heroism. Dr. Gunn, medical officer at Lochroom, in the early morning received an urgent call to a keeper's house twenty-five miles distant, and although he left behind that night at all hazards, he made his departure on his cycle, says the London Chronicle.

To walk back by the road might, because of the delay, imperil the life of the patient at home. The only way was to take a short cut over the hills. That entailed climbing the dreaded Coigach rock, a spur of the Benmore Coigach. By day it is calculated to try the nerve of even the hardest mountaineer; by night it is regarded as the height of foolhardiness to attempt it. Nevertheless, accompanied by the most reliable guide in the district, Dr. Gunn accomplished the seeming impossibility, and after a terrible struggle arrived at his destination to render his patient the urgently needed aid.

the horse-drawn and are rewarded with an occasional truss of hay.

In spite of this precarious existence the Shelties seem happy enough and they are extremely hardy. They possess extraordinary strength for their size, being able to carry a man or woman with apparent ease for long distances.

The little ponies, with their rough, shaggy coats and flowing manes and tails, seem somehow to suit their wild, rugged surroundings and the groups of them that are scattered about add the needed life to the landscape.

Perhaps it is a question of a survival of the fittest that makes these little creatures so very small, as horses of a larger type would be useless on the boggy moors or on the stony hillsides. They have been known to attain the age of thirty years and more, due probably to the healthful mode of life which they were forced to adopt, for they were born in the fields and lived and died in them.

The Shelties cannot be worked until they are three or four years old and do not reach maturity until they are eight or nine. Though occasionally employed in the Shetlands to draw carts, it is as

A SADDLE ANIMAL

that the pony is most used. The natural pace is soft, the foothold is sure, the intelligence is great, and altogether the Sheltie is thoroughly well equipped for getting over moorland in which larger horses would founder. Autumn is the pony's happiest time in the islands, for then it is turned loose to enjoy itself in the fields after the harvest; but that happy period is of brief duration and after this gleaming the Sheltie returns to its hills and moors and makes the best of things through the hard months of the year.

This little creature has an abiding fondness for children and it is a curious fact that boys and girls are better able to control him than their elders. His popularity is universal, rising from the depths of the pit to the heights of the throne, for the late Queen Victoria, who spent much of her time in the north of Scotland, showed a marked fancy for the Shetland pony.

AUTHORITIES WORRIED.

French Soldiers Will Not Act as Executioners of Comrade.

French political and military circles, say recent despatches, are worried over the case of soldier Gaby, of the 31st regiment, who is awaiting execution for the murder of a prominent Parisian lady. Being a soldier Gaby must be shot, and then comes the question, by whom the sentence is to be carried out? As the majority of the French soldiers are not professionals, it places them in an unfair position to compel them to act as public executioners.

The authorities are aware that some of the men will fire in the air rather than shoot a comrade. Nevertheless four men from some regiment will have to do the work, and Gaby's regiment must see their companion's facings shorn from his uniform as a mark of degradation. The case having been referred to the Minister of War he is now wrestling with the problem.

to be devoted to new schools, \$25,000,000 to new water-works and improvements in the water supply, \$7,000,000 to the construction, improvement and repair of public hospitals, and \$8,000,000 to the reconstruction of abattoirs.

More than \$9,000,000 will be required for the improvement of roads and pavements, and for public lighting and street cleaning. Paris deserves the honor of being the first municipality in the world to devote a large sum of money to the definite purpose of fighting the "white scourge." For this purpose the sum of \$6,000,000 has been allotted, half of which will be used in the demolition of unsanitary dwellings. Large sums will also be spent on the improvement of existing promenades and open spaces. The great bulk of the appropriation, however—some \$86,000,000—will be expended for improvements in the planning of the city.

ILLUMINATED SHELLS.

Leave a Train of Light Behind When Fired.

A startling invention for illuminating the track of shells used for night firing has been successfully tested by the British Admiralty at Port Albert, near Yarmouth, Isle of Wight. It greatly impressed the army experts who witnessed the operations.

To the base of the shell a metal cylinder is attached by screw movement, and the act of firing the gun causes a powerful illuminant to burst into flame. It burns brightly throughout the whole of the trajectory of the missile, and is especially useful in testing the effectiveness of range at night-time both over sea and land.

The device is also of value in showing the course of the shell. During ricochet it was seen to be most variable. In some cases the shell, on striking the waters of the Solent, shot vertically upwards, a most surprising result, and in many instances it was deflected to the right or left. The sight of a shell hurtling through the air leaving a train of light was most weird.

REVENGE OF THE JILTED.

Lover Pastes Faithless One's Letters Where All May See.

A lover who was jilted by his sweetheart because he had shaved off his beard, tried to revenge himself in a novel fashion in a Swiss town recently.

Pedestrians who passed along the main street early in the morning were astonished to find a large plank wall covered with letters, all of them in the most endearing terms.

It was the work of the jilted lover, who had spent half the night pasting all the love letters received by him from his sweetheart on the walls adjoining her residence, with the sentence above them, "Heartless girl, I return you your letters."

Before a gendarme removed the letters they had been read by many townspeople. The girl now threatens to paste her former lover's missives on the walls of his residence.

If people didn't deceive themselves occasionally they would miss a lot of fun.

made between 1709 and 1715. Victor's violin is from 1704 and is valued at \$16,000.

One in the possession of Sarasate is dated 1713 and is owned by the Spanish Crown, which has loaned it to Sarasate for life. The other he owns himself and is from the year 1724 and is a gift from Queen Isabella of Spain. The value is not less than \$22,000.

Joseph Joachim had three. The most famous is the one called "Pestergeige," which the master used most frequently. It is from 1714 and cost \$20,000. Another one from the same year was given to Joachim by friends in England, who paid \$15,000. The third was played by Carl Halir. It is from the seventeenth century and has a small but brilliant tone. Joachim loaned it to Hallir for an indefinite time.

The last instrument known to have been made by the great master is the famous one known as "Schwanengesang," dated 1737. It belonged to Saint-Saëns, and was sold to the Hotel Drouot for \$15,000. This instrument has an autograph by Stradivarius on which appears "damus 93," that is, the instrument was made when the master was ninety-three years old.—Lyceumite.

CAN SHOCK WHITEN HAIR.

Scientists Prick the Bubble of Popular Belief.

Prof. Stieda, of Koenigsberg, Germany, has upset another popular belief by declaring that a sudden shock or fright cannot turn hair white. He says that all the supposed cases of sudden blanching of the hair are either instances of deception or of incorrect observation. Prof. Stieda gives several instances in point, among them the historical example of Marie Antoinette, whose hair is said to have turned grey the night before her execution, the fact being that she had been grey-haired for some time previously. He also mentions the case of a medical practitioner with dark hair in Berlin who went into a hospital to undergo an operation. On leaving he was much commiserated by many people owing to the fact that his hair was snow-white. The truth, however, was that he was not able to dye his hair as he had previously done daily.

TENACIOUS OF LIFE.

There is a plant in Jamaica called the life-plant, because it is almost impossible to kill it. When a leaf is cut off and hung up by a string it sends out white thread-like roots, gathers moisture from the air, and begins to grow new leaves. Even when pressed and packed away by a botanist it has been known to outgrow the leaves of the book in which it was placed. The only way to kill it is by the heat of a hot iron or of boiling water.

There are eighty-six annual holidays in Russia.

The umbrella thief believes in laying up something for a rainy day.

Perhaps more men would be honest if they were not ashamed of being poor.

DR. CRIPPEN IS CAPTURED

"Thank God, the Suspense is Over, and I Am Glad," He Exclaimed.

Father Point, Que., July 31.—Dr Hawley Harvey Crippen and Ethel Clare Leneve, his stenographer, who fled from London after the disappearance of Belle Elmore, the doctor's wife, were arrested here to-day aboard the Canadian Pacific liner Montrose, at the command of Inspector Dew of Scotland Yard.

The identification of the fugitives by the English detective marked the culmination of one of the most sensational flights in recent criminal annals.

Accompanied by two Canadian officers he boarded the vessel at 8.30 o'clock this morning, and fifteen minutes later both man and girl were locked in their state rooms, Crippen broken in spirit, but mentally relieved by the relaxed tension; the girl, garbed in boy's clothing, sobbing hysterically. They were no longer the "Rev. John Robinson and son," as booked from Antwerp on July 20.

After a brief delay, the Montrose continued her 160-mile journey up the river towards Quebec, where jail awaited the pair. Crippen is

charged with the murder of an unknown woman. The girl is held as accessory. They will be taken back to England on the steamship Royal George, leaving Quebec on Thursday.

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION.

Quebec, Aug. 1.—Scotland Yard, represented by Inspector Dew, and the provincial police of Quebec, piloted the London murder suspect, Dr. Hawley Crippen, through a mass of excited humanity in staid old Quebec City this morning, and arraigned him before Judges Angers and Langelier for preliminary examination in connection with the charge against him of having caused the death of an unknown woman in London.

Ultimately it was decided to proceed under the Fugitive Offenders Act, which entails considerable delay. Crippen was asked a few questions, and an adjournment was taken for eight days. As a matter of fact it will be fifteen days before legal technicalities will have worked their course. Dew was plainly disappointed at the delay.

BARRICADED THE RY. TRACK.

An Insane Man's Trick Near Maniwaki, on the C. P. R. Line.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The passengers on Wednesday morning's C. P. R. train from Maniwaki to Ottawa had a narrow escape from death through the timely discovery by John Barker, a sectionman, of an attempt to wreck the train through the placing of a barricade of planks, stakes, spikes and a ladder on the tracks along the deep ravine by Louis Richard, an insane man, found wandering in the vicinity. Richard was arrested and sent for trial in the Hull Recorder's Court. Barker, while proceeding down the track in advance

of the train, found a switch near Burbidge Station open, with planks placed on the line, also a twelve-foot log and a twenty-foot ladder. Spikes had also been placed on the rails. Nearby he found Richard, who, on being questioned, said that he wanted the train to run along another track.

"I have no use for the ballast train which is coming along, and I do not want it to come this way," was Richard's naive explanation. He will be examined by the doctors for insanity.

THE FIRST NEW WHEAT.

Load Delivered to Lake of the Woods Milling Company.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The Lake of the Woods Milling Company received its first load of new wheat on Saturday last, this being the first occasion in the experience of the company when new wheat was received in its elevators during July. The consignment, from E. Weber of Rosenfeld, Manitoba, consists of a nice sample of No. 1 Northern. The first car of wheat received by the company from Manitoba points last year was also from Rosenfeld. The load sold for \$1.01 a bushel. The yield will not be large in the vicinity, but it

CENSUS OF FOREST PRODUCTS

Will Embrace Timber and Miscellaneous Products.

The census of the forest products of Canada, to be taken on 1st June, 1911, will embrace square, waney or flat timber, logs for lumber and miscellaneous products.

In the first class are included ash, birch, elm, maple, oak, pine and all other timber cut as square, waney or flat, and in the enumeration will be reported for cubic feet and value.

Logs for lumber, which are included in the second class, are in such woods as elm, hickory, hemlock, oak, pine and spruce. They will be enumerated in the census

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Aug. 2.—Ontario Wheat—Old No. 2 winter, \$1.09 to \$1.10 outside; new, nominal at \$1 to \$1.02 outside.

Manitoba—Wheat—Nominal. No. 1 northern, \$1.19; No. 2 northern, \$1.16; No. 3 northern, \$1.13, at lake ports for immediate shipment.

Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 73½¢ to 74¢; No. 3 yellow, 72½¢ to 73¢, Toronto freights.

Oats—Canada western, No. 2, 44¢; No. 3 Canada western, 42½¢, at lake ports for immediate shipment; Ontario No. 2 white, 40¢ to 41¢, outside; No. 3 white, 38¢ to 39¢ outside; 44¢ to 45¢ on track, Toronto.

Barley—No. 2, 51¢ to 52¢; No. 3 extra, 49¢ to 50¢; No. 3, 46¢ to 47¢ outside; Manitoba, No. 4, 46½¢ on track, lake.

Peas.—No. 2, 69¢ to 70¢.

Manitoba Flour—Quotations at Toronto are:—First patents, \$6.20; second patents, \$5.70; strong bakers', \$5.50; 90 per cent., Glasgow freights, 25s.

Ontario Flour—Winter wheat patent nominal at \$4.30 to \$4.50 in buyers' bags, outside.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, \$20 per ton; shorts, \$22 per ton, track, Toronto. Ontario bran, \$20 per ton; shorts, \$22 per ton on track, Toronto.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Creamery prints, 23¢ to 24¢; separator prints, 20¢ to 21¢; dairy prints (choice), 19¢ to 20¢; do., tubs, 18¢; inferior tubs, 16¢ to 17¢.

Eggs—19¢ to 19½¢ per dozen in case lots.

Cheese—11½¢ for large and 11¢ per lb. for twins; old cheese, 12½¢ to 12½¢.

Beans—\$2 to \$2.10 per bushel for primes and at \$2.15 to \$2.25 per bushel for hand-picked.

Potatoes—New potatoes, \$2.45 to \$2.50 per barrel in car lots on track Toronto; old Ontario from 25¢ to 45¢ per bag.

PROVISIONS.

Wholesale quotations:—Pork—Short cut, \$31 to \$31.50 per barrel; mess, \$28 to \$28.50.

Lard—Tierces, 15½¢; tubs, 15½¢; rails, 15½¢; stocks steady.

Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, tons and cases, 15½¢ to 16¢; backs (plain, \$21¢ to 21½¢; backs (pea-meal), 21½¢ to 22¢; shoulder hams, 14¢ to 14½¢.

Rolls, smoked, 15¢ to 15½¢; medium and light hams, 18¢ to 18½¢; heavy, 16½¢ to 17¢; bacon, 19¢ to 20¢.

Green meats out of pickle, 1¢ less than smoked.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, Aug. 2.—Cornmeal—\$3.20 to \$3.30 per barrel.

Rolled Oats—\$4.85 per barrel and \$2 to \$2.20 per bag.

Barley—Car lots, ex-store, No. 3, 54¢; No. 4, 50¢.

"THE DEAD HAS COME TO LIFE" A "FRUIT-A-TIVES" MIRACLE



MRS. JAMES FENWICK

Enterprise, Ont., October 1st, 1908. "I suffered tortures for seven long years from a Water Tumor. I was forced to take morphia constantly to relieve the awful pains, and I wanted to die to get relief. The doctors gave me up and my friends hourly expected my death. Then I was induced to take 'Fruit-a-tives' and this wonderful fruit medicine has completely cured me. When I appeared on the street again my friends exclaimed: 'The dead has come to life.' The cure was a positive miracle." MRS. JAMES FENWICK. 50c a box—6 for \$2.50—or trial box, 25c. At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

HEALTH

THE NERVOUS CHILD.

It is a widely recognized fact that the child of to-day, and especially the city-bred child of to-day, is more noticeably a victim of nervous troubles than was formerly the case. The importance of this sad fact to the family and to the community at large cannot be overstated. As a noted authority on the disorders of childhood has put it: "The neurotic child of to-day is the neurasthenic adult of a few years hence."

Admitting this, it follows that no pains are too great, if by taking them we can lift the burden of its inheritance from the nervous child. Unfortunately "nerves" are very likely to run in families, so that the children are not only born with "nerves," but they have nerves thrust upon them afterward, the overwrought adults of the household reacting upon the children, and back again, until a sort of horrid family ring game is established, from which no one seems able to escape.

A child which is predisposed to "nerves," brought up in an atmosphere of this sort, will betray in many ways the havoc that is being wrought. Its appetite may be fitful and capricious, its sleep will almost certainly be disturbed, and its temper will be uncertain. The nervous child is often the victim of morbid fear. It is afraid of the dark, afraid of strangers, afraid of everything and of nothing, and this unhappy timidity is based upon, and constantly fostered by, the continual suggestion of fear that is in the air they breathe.

There is only one safe rule to apply in the e-cases, and it cannot be applied too soon. Do not let a nervous adult bring up a nervous child. It may be objected that this is cruel rule, and so it is, for it practically

Manitoba, consists of a nice sample of No. 1 Northern. The first car of wheat received by the company from Manitoba points last year was also from Rosenfeld. The load sold for \$1.01 a bushel. The yield will not be large in the vicinity, but it is expected that throughout the whole of the Mennonite reserve the sample will be good milling wheat. Cutting on the Van Horne farm east of Selkirk will probably start this week, and be general in this district next week. The yield on the Van Horne farm is expected to average fifteen bushels an acre.

OFFICER SHOT BY A PRIVATE.
Had Been Punished for Breach of Regulations.

A despatch from Victoria, B. C., says: Captain Peter Eliston, Royal Canadian Garrison Artillery, one of the most brilliant and popular officers of the Work Point permanent force, was shot on Monday morning through the neck with a service rifle by Gunner Grant. Eliston died in agony within a few minutes. The murderer then went into hiding, probably in the bush, the entire available force being turned out to search for him. Grant was arrested at noon by provincial officers and delivered to the military authorities. He will be tried by general court-martial. Grant, having been punished for some slight breach of regulations, on coming from the guard-room, waited for his captain and shot him without warning.

SIR H. TICHBORNE DEAD.
As a Boy He Was Defendant in a Famous Trial.

A despatch from London says: Sir Henry Tichborne, who, as a child, was defendant in Arthur Orton's historic attempt to possess himself of the Tichborne estates, is dead. Sir Henry was a famous big game hunter. He returned from an expedition to Africa last Saturday, and on his arrival home had a paralytic stroke, to which he succumbed.

CANADIAN EXODUS A MYTH

United States Farmers Are Not Returning to That Country.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The reports so persistently circulated by the papers of the United States about Americans who have come to Canada returning in a dissatisfied spirit is a myth. Here are the facts as set forth by J. Bruce Walker, Dominion Commissioner of Immigration:—"I told you," said he to a newspaper representative on Wednesday, "when you enquired on the subject a few days ago that, some nine months since, I instructed the officers on the boundary line to keep a sharp lookout and make a note of dissatisfied American settlers returning to the United States. This has been done and I am now in possession of the actual facts regarding the so-called exodus.

be reported for cubic feet and value. Logs for lumber, which are included in the second class, are in such woods as elm, hickory, hemlock, oak, pine and spruce. They will be enumerated in the census by quantities of 1,000 feet board measure, with value in the same unit. Miscellaneous products of the forest include bark for tanning, fence posts, firewood, hoop and hop poles, masts and spars, piling, pot and pearl ashes, railroad ties, staves, stave-bolts and heading, telegraph poles (including telephone and other poles for electric wires), wood for pulp, and the furs and skins of forest animals undressed, and they will be enumerated by number or quantity and value. The census of forest products will be taken chiefly from farmers and the lessees of timber limits.

CARLISTS WILL RISE.
Spain Once More to be Scene of Civil War.

A despatch from Madrid says: Ominous reports are received following the publication of the news that a rupture between the Spanish Government and the Vatican appears imminent. At San Sebastian Don Jaime, the Pretender, has issued a manifesto, in which he says he will lead the Carlists in the battle which he intimates may be coming soon.

DIED IN PENITENTIARY.
Montreal Murderer Passes Away at Kingston.

A despatch from Kingston, Ont., says: Francois Laurant, of Montreal, sent to prison in 1889 for life on conviction of murder, died in prison here, on Wednesday, where he spent 21 years. He was to have been hanged, but the sentence was commuted and he put in five years in St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary, but, becoming insane, he was transferred here.

MONTREAL MARKETS.
Montreal, Aug. 2.—Cornmeal—\$3.20 to \$3.30 per barrel.
Rolled Oats—\$4.85 per barrel and \$2 to \$2.20 per bag.
Barley—Car lots, ex-store, No. 3, 54c; No. 4, 50c.
Corn—American No. 2 yellow, car lots, ex-store, 73½c; No. 3 yellow, 73c.
Oats—Car lots, ex-store, No. 2 Canada west, 44½c to 45c; No. 3, 43½c to 44c.
Hay—No. 1, \$14.50 to \$15; No. 2 extra, \$13.50 to \$14; No. 2, \$12 to \$12.50.
Clover—Mixed, \$10.50 to \$11; clover, \$9 to \$10.
Millfeed—Bran, Ontario, \$20.50 to \$21; Manitoba, \$20; middlings, Ontario, \$21 to \$22; shorts, Manitoba, \$22; mouillie, pure grain, \$23 to \$24; mixed, \$23 to \$29.
Flour—Manitoba spring patents, firsts, \$6.30; do., seconds, \$5.80; winter wheat patents, \$5.40 to \$5.50; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5.60; straight rollers, \$5.20 to \$5.25; straight rollers, in bags, \$2.50 to \$2.60; extras, \$1.90 to \$2.
Butter—Best creamery, 22½c; creamery, 21½c.
Cheese—Western, 11c to 11½c; eastern, 10½c to 11c.
Eggs—Selected stock, 21c dozen; straight receipts, 17c to 17½c dozen; second grade, 12½c to 13c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.
Buffalo, Aug. 2.—Wheat—Spring wheat steady; No. 1 Northern, carloads, store, \$1.28½; Winter firm. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 71c; No. 4 yellow, 69c; No. 3 corn, 69c; No. 4 corn, 66½c, all on track, through billed. Oats—No. 2 white, 47½c; No. 3 white, 45½c; No. 4 white, 44c. Barley—Malting, 68 to 73c.
Duluth, Aug. 2.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, \$1.27½; No. 1 Northern, cash, \$1.25½; July, \$1.24½; September, \$1.16½; December, \$1.12½.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.
Toronto, Aug. 2.—There were good butcher cattle, which brought as high as \$5.90 and \$6, but the most of the transactions show figures ranging from \$4.50 to \$5.50. Cows for butcher purposes sold at \$4 to \$4.50 per cwt. for the high grades, while common and medium cows brought from \$3 to \$3.60 and \$3.75. Sheep were fairly steady, but lambs are quoted down to \$7.25 per cwt. as the top price. Hogs remain unchanged at \$9.25 to \$9.70.

MINISTER TO SOUTH AFRICA.
Canada Will be Represented at Parliamentary Inaugural.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Brotherhood of the Dominion Beyond the Seas will be recognized by Canada by sending a Minister of the Crown to the opening of the first Parliament of United South Africa in November next. The name of the Cabinet Minister who will be deputed to represent Canada will not be announced until Sir Wilfrid Laurier's return to the capital next month.

KING'S CORONATION DATE.
Reported That June 23 Next Year is Fixed for Ceremony.

A despatch from London says: It is reported here that the King's coronation will be on June 21 or June 23, 1911.

usual suggestion of fear that is in the air they breathe. There is only one safe rule to apply in the e cases, and it cannot be applied too soon. Do not let a nervous adult bring up a nervous child. It may be objected that this is cruel rule, and so it is, for it practically means that no nervous mother is fitted to train her own child. The more nervous the mother is, the sooner her child is placed in other hands to bring up, the better for both of them. Let any one who doubts this watch the change wrought in the child by a few weeks away from home, in camp, or on a farm, or even in the same conditions of city life, but in a household where calm and poise and quiet are the rule. Inflexible regulations, so necessary for all, are essential in the training of the nervous child because it is only by them that a graded to shelter it from its inheritance. Iron rules should prevail as to regularity of meals and bedtime. Displays of temper or of oversensitiveness or of morbid emotionality should be met with firmness in the fore case, or kindly indifference in the other. They do not call for nagging, or admiration, or panie on the part of the elders.—Youth's Companion.

FIRE BREAKS OUT AGAIN.
Summer Cottage at Keewatin Beach Destroyed.

A despatch from Kenora says: The bush fires which died away last week, following the rains, have been smouldering since, and broke out with fury on Thursday, threatening the entire colony of campers at Keewatin Beach, a resort of Winnipeg society people, who have many costly summer cottages there. It is reported that three or four outlying cottages were destroyed on Thursday afternoon, and that unless the wind dies down several more are certain to go before morning.

WHEAT MOVED EAST.
Little of Old Crop Apparently Stored in West.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Apparently little of the Western wheat crop is stored there, but quickly put in transit eastward. The receipts at the terminal elevators at Fort William and Port Arthur show this. From Sept. 1st, 1909, to May 31, 1910, 92,715,344 bushels of grain were received at these points, of which 66,111,141 were wheat, and oats 20,120,488 bushels. The rest was barley and flax.

SMALLPOX IN BRANTFORD.
Two More Cases Discovered, Making a Total of Thirty-Two.

A despatch from Brantford says: The recurrence of smallpox continues in this city, and two more cases were discovered on Wednesday, making a total of 32, all of a mild nature. A general vaccination order has been asked for from the city council by the health authorities, but refused on the ground that the situation is not serious enough. The provincial authorities may be called in to give advice. The cases are distributed in several parts of the city and the hospital accommodation is insufficient.

FE" CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Prince Edward County will spend \$50,000 for good roads.

New Ontario crops are reported to be in excellent condition.

A new salt company proposes to establish large works at Sandwich.

Dr. A. H. Beaton, Superintendent of the Orillia Asylum, has tendered his resignation.

Hon. W. R. Motherwell estimates a crop of sixty million bushels of wheat for Saskatchewan.

Reports are current that forest fires have caused much destitution around Fort Frances. Investigation is being made.

Mrs. Patterson, wife of Hon. J. C. Patterson, formerly Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba, died near Ottawa on Thursday.

Mr. A. E. Faulker of Brantford has secured the contract for the new Collegiate Institute at Dunnville at \$35,000.

Railway contractors in the west say they will have employment for all farmers and teams who may be idle on account of the harvest failure.

The late Mr. J. O. Hutton of St. Mary's left \$20,000 to the local Anglican church, besides several bequests to missions and \$1,000 to Rural Dean Taylor.

It is reported that the Ontario Government has granted a charter for a railway into the Porcupine district to Mr. Robert Shillington, M. P., and some associates.

Mr. R. H. Campbell, chief of the Forestry Branch, blames the Canadian Northern Railway for the fires in Saskatchewan and Alberta, stating that the company disregarded orders to clean up its right of way.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The British Government is considering the advisability of fortifying the entrance to the Gulf of Para.

The second reading of the bill amending the King's accession declaration passed the House of Commons Thursday night.

UNITED STATES.

Two men were shot at Little Rock, Ark., both fatally, in a fight growing out of a feud of twenty years' standing.

W. J. Bryan was deposed from the Democratic leadership in Nebraska at a Democratic State convention on Tuesday night.

Two boys of eleven, who wanted to be "bad men," committed 600 burglaries in the neighborhood of Canton, Ohio.

Erwin Wider, who is accused of robbing the Russo-Chinese Bank of securities worth half a million dollars, was arrested in New York on Friday night.

The United States will not permit the importation of cattle from England until the extent of the foot-and-mouth disease, which has appeared in Yorkshire, can be made clear.

YOUNG FOLKS

THE CLIMBERS.

Tabby, the staid old mother cat, was a great pet, and liked to lie under the kitchen stove with her four kittens all the day long.

It was warm, bright weather, and mother thought Tabby and her family might as well stay out on the porch, so she fixed a warm, soft box of wool for them to lie in. But they never stayed in it long at a time.

"Put the kittens in their box and let them have a nap," said mother to the little girls when they were tired of playing with their pets.

This they did, but before ten minutes they were under the stove.

"We put the kittens in their box, truly, mother!" the children protested.

Mother was at work among her flowers one morning, when the maid opened the outside kitchen door and drove out the whole crowd, Tabby and her four kittens.

"Now stay out, you witch family!" she said.

Old Tabby went straight to a dwarf apple-tree growing near the shed, and up into its low branches, the kittens following in an eager procession, their gay ribbons flying in the breeze. A grape-vine was trained over that end of the shed, and its branches were mingled with those of the apple-tree.

Tabby climbed on and up into the vine branches and then into the open shed chamber window, the kittens at her heels. Then they had only to come down the back stairs to the door at the foot, which opened into the kitchen, and had a hole cut out in one corner on purpose to let cats through.

Mother watched the last kitten in at the window, then went into the kitchen and found the little family just settling down by the stove. She put them out again and called the children to see the kittens climb. They laughed and laughed at the funny roundabout way of reaching the kitchen.

"It is like the game of follow the leader," they said.

FIFTY YEARS AWAY.

Albert Sands, Long Believed Dead, Returns Home.

A despatch from Poughkeepsie, N. Y., says: After an absence of fifty-one years, Albert Sands, whose father was the richest man in Milton, in the heart of the Ulster county fruit district, returned to the home of his boyhood on Thursday and surprised the few who remembered him, and had long numbered him among the dead. Sands started out one day in 1859 to collect some rents for his father in Staten Island, and never returned.

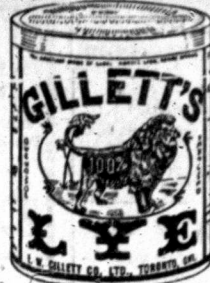
THREE BODIES FOUND.

Pockets Turned Inside Out Arouses Suspicion.

A despatch from Quebec says: News reached town on Wednesday morning from St. Maurice of the finding of the bodies of three men on the line of the Transcontinental

GILLETT'S

THE Standard Article



Ready for use in any quantity.
Useful for five hundred purposes.
A can equals 20 lb. SAL SODA.
Use only the Best.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

For Making Soap.
For Softening Water.
For Removing Paint.
For Disinfecting Sinks, Closets, Drains, etc.

LYE

TWELVE DEATHS EVERY DAY

The Cholera Is Making Great Ravages in St. Petersburg.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: The extent of the cholera epidemic is revealed in figures made public by the Government Sanitary Commission on Thursday. The stricken region now includes 42 provinces and territories of European Russia, and since the outbreak of the disease last May there have been a total of 37,652 cases, with 16,651 deaths.

Recently there has been a startling increase in the number of vic-

tims. During the week ending July 23 no less than 13,374 cases were reported, and of these 5,979 terminated fatally. Some time ago the scourge made its appearance in this city, and for the past fortnight there has been a daily average of forty cases and twelve deaths in the capital. Wednesday there were 54 cases and 15 deaths reported here. In the local hospitals there are 514 cholera suspects, including 28 children.

PTOMAINE POISONING.

Maisonnette Family of Seven Nearly Wiped Out.

A despatch from Montreal says: Ptomaine poisoning nearly wiped out a family of seven on Friday morning, when Dr. Cyphiot discovered Mr. and Mrs. Champagne and five children suffering severely at their home, 228 Vallee lane, Maisonnette. The poisoning is attributed to a tin of canned corn that the family had for supper on Thursday night. The story told is that shortly after 7 o'clock on Thursday evening the family complained of pains. Mrs. Champagne seemed the worst. Though her husband felt bad effects also, he was able to summon Dr. Cyphiot, who lives a short distance away. He immediately administered antidotes. As the children at that time did not complain, it was not thought that they were affected. Friday morning, however, another hurry call was sent to the doctor, and on his arrival he found the whole family laid up. Administration of antidotes saved all the lives.

PASSED THE COMMONS.

Declaration Bill Secured a Large Majority.

A despatch from London says: The bill modifying the declaration on religion required of the King upon accession passed the House of Commons upon third reading on Friday by a vote of 225 to 52. In its final form the bill not only eliminates the phrases offensive to the

riot of strike sympathizers on Thursday at the plant of the American Sugar Refining Company in Williamsburg, where a strike has been in progress for a month. Crowds of sympathizers threw bricks at the strikebreakers from housetops, and when the non-union men started out with their trucks to deliver sugar a rush was made for the waggons. The police on the trucks returned the fire of the crowd and two of the rioters were shot. It is reported that others were hurt in the melee and hurried away by friends.

BIG STORM AT LONDON.

Telephone Poles and Trees Were Levelled.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: A terrific rain and wind storm swept over London and the district west of here on Friday afternoon. Trees by the dozen were blown down about the city, and breaking trolley wires tied up some of the street railway lines. The top of a fir tree blew down on a team of horses at a funeral at Woodland Cemetery, but the driver was able to control them. Lightning struck a house on the Hamilton road and did \$8000 damage.

GOLD FROM ENGINEER MINE.

Summer Cottages at Keewatin to be Producing Well.

A despatch from Atlin, B. C., says: Captain Alexander came in on Wednesday afternoon from the

Friday night.

The United States will not permit the importation of cattle from England until the extent of the foot-and-mouth disease, which has appeared in Yorkshire, can be made clear.

GENERAL.

A trading schooner encountered a herd of 20,000 walrus in Eering Straits.

The Germans resident in Brazil are anxious that the Kaiser should pay them a visit.

Henry Rochette, the French promoter, was found guilty of swindling and sentenced to two years in prison.

SHE DID IT FOR ARTHUR.

A Young Woman of New Westminster Shoots Herself.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says: A chance meeting, a brief courtship, marriage, a few weeks' happiness, different ideals, led to the suicide in a downtown hotel of the nineteen-year-old wife of Arthur P. Browne, who shot herself on Thursday. Mrs. Browne belonged to a well-known New Westminster family, and was night operator in the telephone exchange. A few weeks after her marriage Mrs. Browne returned to her mother's home. The pair were reconciled, but subsequently drifted apart. The dying girl's last words were: "I did it for Arthur."

BIG LAND DEAL IN WINNIPEG.

Lots Adjoining Union Station Sold for \$150,000.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The property adjoining the new Union Station on the north on Main street south, has been sold, it is said, for \$1,000 per foot. The lot or lots included in the sale comprise one hundred and fifty feet immediately north and adjoining the Union Station on Main Street south and the price paid is said to be \$150,000 for the entire property. The vendor of 100 feet of the property was the Scottish, Manitoba & North-West Realty Company and the vendor of the remaining 50 feet, T. H. Gilmour, of Winnipeg. The purchaser will not be announced, but the C. N. R. or G. T. R. is said to be the interested party.

NINE MEN WERE KILLED.

Further Details of the Explosion on the G. T. P.

A despatch from Quebec says: So far as can be ascertained nine workmen are dead as a result of the fearful explosion on the line of the G. T. P. construction work, over one hundred miles west of La Tuque. Most of the victims are foreigners, and the only names so far received are:—Jim Walsh, C. Chaloner, P. Clouet, K. Selo and P. Green. Those gravely injured are:—H. Knox, J. Charles, John Foley, F. Hedgecock and — Shanahan. Coroner Vanasse of St. Maurice, in whose jurisdiction the accident took place, has been notified by the Attorney-General to proceed to the scene and investigate the affair. On his way to hold the inquest, Coroner Vanasse will be compelled to make about thirty miles on foot, and it will be a week before he returns.

Pockets Turned Inside Out Arouses Suspicion.

A despatch from Quebec says: News reached town on Wednesday morning from St. Maurice of the finding of the bodies of three men on the line of the Transcontinental Railway, about 90 miles from La Tuque. The bodies, which were unburied, were in an advanced state of decomposition. The clothes of the victims were in a fair state of preservation, and as the pockets were turned inside out, it looks as if the men had been attacked and murdered for their money.

HEAVY RAIN AT BRANDON.

Will Greatly Benefit the Crops in the District.

A despatch from Brandon, Man., says: One of the best rainfalls of the year occurred here on Wednesday morning, lasting a couple of hours and giving the land a thorough soaking. The storm was accompanied by very violent thunder and lightning, but no damage was done. The rain, the farmers say, will greatly benefit the root crops and green feed for stock. It will also help to fill out the growing grain to a considerable extent.

NOT KIDNAPPED BY INDIANS.

Little Norman France's Body Found in a Slough.

A despatch from Elkhorn, Man., says: The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Norman, the two-year-old son of Thomas France, who wandered away from home on May 6, was cleared up. Mr. A. Cook, cutting hay in a slough, on Wednesday, about two miles from France's home, came across the body of the child, which has been identified.

A SECOND OUTBREAK.

Spread of Cattle Plague is Reported From Yorkshire.

A despatch from London says: A second outbreak of foot and mouth disease is reported from Yorkshire.

A MODEL HIRED MAN.

"Missus, do you need a hired man?"

"Well; yes; I'm looking for a man who can do the chores, sweep, clean the rooms, be polite, and never be impudent."

"Say, missus, youse is lookin' for a husband."

A WISE PRECAUTION.

The day before she was to be married the old negro servant came to her mistress and entrusted her savings in her keeping. "Why should I keep it? I thought you were going to get married," said her mistress. "So I is, Missus, but do you 'spose I'd keep all dis money in the house wid that strange nigger?"

AND HE WASN'T.

"Victoria," said her husband, "you will not mind it I presume, if I should happen to be detained downtown late this evening?"

"I shall not mind it," austere answered Mrs. Vick-Senn, "because you will not be detained downtown late this evening or any other evening."

A despatch from London says: The bill modifying the declaration on religion required of the King on accession passed the House of Commons upon third reading, on Friday by a vote of 225 to 52. In its final form the bill not only eliminates the phrases offensive to the Roman Catholic subjects of his Majesty, but it also makes it acceptable to the Nonconformists by striking out the proposed statement of adherence to the Established Church. King George is now required to declare merely that he is a "faithful Protestant." The amendment to the declaration aroused considerable feeling in England among the opponents of the Roman Catholic Church, and upon the second reading there were street demonstrations outside the House of Parliament.

RELATIONS BROKEN OFF.

Spain Recalls Ambassador at the Vatican.

A special to The Temps, of Paris, from Madrid says that the Spanish Government has now received from the Vatican a categorical refusal to proceed with the negotiations for a revision of the Concordat unless the imperial decree of June 10, which authorized non-religious societies to display the insignia for public worship, is withdrawn. The correspondent adds that Premier Canalejas is resolved not to yield this point and will advise King Alfonso to recall Senor de Ojeda, the Spanish ambassador to the Vatican, and suspend diplomatic relations with the holy see.

A despatch from Madrid says: Diplomatic relations between Spain and the Vatican were broken off on Thursday.

TWO KILLED IN A RIOT.

Strike-breakers at New York Attacked by Strike Sympathizers.

A despatch from New York says: Two men were shot and killed, four dangerously wounded, and a score more or less seriously injured in a

GOLD FROM ENGINEER MINE.

Summer Cottages at Keewatin to be Producing Well.

A despatch from Atlin, B. C., says: Captain Alexander came in on Wednesday afternoon from the Engineer mine with the first gold brick on the property. The brick weighs twenty pounds eight ounces. This is the product of eight hundred pounds of rock for an hour's run of a two stamp mill, and is considered a world's record run. The mine has been working since January. About 200 tons of rock has been taken out, averaging a hundred and fifty dollars per ton. Arrangements have been made to install a hundred-stamp mill.

BRITAIN MAY FORTIFY.

Protecting Entrance to Gulf of Para Considered.

A despatch from London says: In view of the recent discoveries of petroleum in Trinidad, which might be useful to the navy, and the importance which the island will acquire upon the completion of the Panama Canal, the British Government is considering the advisability of fortifying the entrance to the Gulf of Para.

Robertson Bros.

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ALL SIZES

KNOCK DOWN FRAMES

HULLS furnished complete or in any stage of completion.

LAUNCHES, with Engines installed, ready to run, in stock. Send stamps for catalogue.

Foot of Bay Street HAMILTON, CANADA

Canadian Appreciation

Langham Hotel, London.

Gentlemen,—I wish to express my appreciation of the 35 h.p. Daimler which you have delivered to me. Before shipping the car to Canada I made a three weeks' trial of it, covering some 1,200 miles. The car ran perfectly; and I never had the slightest trouble of any kind, and I think it quite lives up to the many claims you make for it. The silence, smoothness of running, and power of acceleration on hills is really remarkable.

My petrol consumption was 16 miles to the gallon, including a great deal of driving in traffic. The tyres show no appreciable signs of wear, and I think it will prove light on tyres.

I am really delighted with the car.—Yours sincerely,

(Signed) C. A. BOONE, of Toronto, Canada.



"The Most Successful Car of the Year 1909"

The Daimler Motor Co., (1904) Limited, COVENTRY, ENGLAND.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion in ordinary type. In black type the rate will be 75 per line each insertion.

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Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

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TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

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On and after 1st December, 1908, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.75
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THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.75
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$2.25

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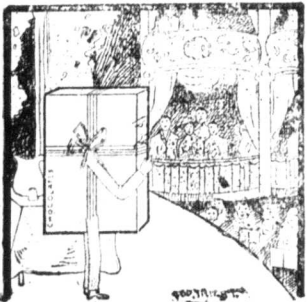
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IT COMMANDS BOTH
ATTENTION AND APPLAUSE.

that candy of ours. When a box of it makes its appearance it is the signal for everybody to look happy in anticipation of the treat in store for them.

A BOX OF OUR CHOCOLATES

is an entertainment in itself. No one can help enjoying their rich but not cloying flavor. Try a little box and be sorry you didn't get a bigger one.

Does not Color the Hair

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

**Stops Falling Hair
Destroys Dandruff**

**An Elegant Dressing
Makes Hair Grow**

Composed of Sulphur, Glycerin, Quinin, Sodium Chlorid, Capsicum, Sage, Alcohol, Water, Perfume. Ask your doctor his opinion of such a hair preparation.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

Does not Color the Hair

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

HIS AUNTIE JULIA.

**She Is Really a Wonderful Woman
In Her Own Way.**

A GREAT HAND WITH YARBS.

**She Can Brew Them Into a Medicine
That Hits the Spot Every Time and
Is Better Than a Doctor's Visit.
How She Made Old Pulsifer Jump.**

"My Aunt Julia is really a wonderful woman," exclaimed the low browed man, placing his feet on the manager's desk. "She hasn't any diplomas from medical colleges, but when it comes to curing a sick man she can give the ordinary doctor a start of ten years and beat him around a block. Aunt Julia has firm faith in yarbs"—

"You mean herbs," interrupted the professor.

"I don't mean anything of the kind. I mean yarbs. You go over to Aunt Julia and mention yarbs, and her eyes will brighten up and she'll ask you to sit down and eat a piece of pie, but if you began talking about herbs she'd paste you one with her trusty saucepan and knock off a corner of your scalp. Aunt Julia is pretty touchy about some things.

"One day old Mrs. Doolittle blew into the house to spend the afternoon, and Aunt Julia happened to say that something happened in April. Mrs. Doolittle thinks she knows more than Webster's unadulterated dictionary because she taught school about 150 years ago, when she was a young woman, and she called my aunt down and said that there was no such word as April.

"You mean April, my dear," says she.

"I don't mean any such doggone thing," says my aunt. "I mean April, and if you don't like it, Mrs. Doolittle, you can lump it, and be blamed to you."

"Well, they fanned away for five minutes or so, and their language began to make the shingles fall off the roof, and I was thinking of sending in a hurry call for the cops, when Mrs. Doolittle left the house by way of the window and jumped three fences without touching them in her haste to get home. A lot of saucepans and other household utensils whizzed past her ears and seemed to stimulate her.

"That's the sort of woman Aunt Julia is. Now, if you want to go over and talk to her about herbs I won't interfere.

"If there's anything my aunt delights in it is doctoring people. She hasn't a bit of use for drug store medicines. She brews her own remedies, and she doesn't think anything will help a sick person unless it tastes like the royal palace of Abyssinia. A dose of her colic medicine will make a man's

ers her yarbs at certain stages of the moon, and when she is brewing her medicines she mutters incantations and makes passes with her hands and does a lot of tricks that make your blood run cold. But her remedies hit the spot.

"Old man Pulsifer, you know, was a hopeless invalid for a year. He sat in a wheeled chair, and his wife fed him with the fire shovel, and all the members of the family were kept so busy waiting on him that they hadn't time to wind the clock or prime the pump. He said he had paralysis of the worst kind, and everybody believed him. Aunt Julia went over there one day and looked at the old man's tongue and poked him in the ribs and tapped him with a tuning fork and said she could cure him up so quick it would make his head swim.

"If you can cure that man so he'll be of some use in the world," said Mrs. Pulsifer, "I'll give you the silk crazy quilt my grandmother gave me when she was dying."

"Aunt Julia gathered a lot of yarbs at the dark of the moon in the southeast corner of a graveyard and stewed them over a slow fire, and the broth she made from them would have warped the armor plate of a battleship. I knew by the smell of it that it was the real stingo, and you can't imagine how glad I was that I didn't have to take it. When she went over to dope old Pulsifer she insisted on my going along to help hold him down.

"The old man didn't want to take it. Anybody could see that. He got a smell of the stuff when Aunt Julia took the cork from the bottle, and a pale green sweat broke out on his brow. But I seized him by the top of his head and pulled his mouth open, and my aunt poured down about forty kilometers of her redhot dope, and when it had sizzled into his stomach he let out one warwhoop and streaked out of doors like a professional Marathon runner. When we found him a couple of hours later he was standing in the creek, which was full of ice water, trying to get his vitals cooled off.

"I defy any regular practitioner to make a quicker cure than that."—Walt Mason in Chicago News.

Easily Said.

"Some of these tongue twisters are really very hard to enunciate—for instance, 'the sea ceaseeth and it suffeeth us.'"

"That 'th eatbilly thald," lithply thumbed Mith Ellthabeth. "You thimply thay it tho: 'The then theatheth and it thufftheth uth'."—Life.

A Famous Statue.

The great temple of Zeus Olympius at Olympia, Greece, was 354 feet long and 171 wide. The columns of this famous shrine were 60 feet in height and 61-2 feet in diameter and are the largest which now remain of ancient architecture in marble. Sixteen of the wonderful columns are still standing and are among the most imposing in the world. In this temple stood the colossal statue of Zeus, forty feet high on a pedestal of twenty. This

FIGURE PROBLEMS

**Gems That Are to Be Found In
the Old Arithmetics.**

ALL OF THEM "PRACTICAL."

**That Was What the Inquisitive Boy's
Father Told Him, and the Lad Start-
ed Out to Verify the Statement—The
"Practical" Examples He Dug Up.**

Was education more practical a generation ago, or did John's father study his books more thoroughly than John does? John is a seventh grade student in the public schools. He asked his father to help him solve the following problem:

"A. asked how much money he has in the bank, replied, 'If I had \$10 more I would have \$1,000 more than half what I now have.' How much money had A.?"

"Such a fool problem," said the father. "Tell that teacher to ask the cashier. You have been pestering me with problems like that for a week. Suppose your teacher asked you how old you are. Would you tell her 'If I were ten times as old as I am, diminished by forty-two, I would be thirty years older than dad, and if dad were one-fourth as old as he now is he would be my age?' What would your teacher do if you answered in such a manner? In my day we had practical problems in our arithmetic."

In order to investigate his father's statement John went to the public library and asked for an old arithmetic. The librarian gave him Richard's Natural Arithmetic. He turned to the page marked "Practical Exercises" and read:

"A. puts his whole flock of sheep into three pastures. Half go into one pasture, one-third into another and thirty-two into a third. How many in the flock?"

"That's queer," said John. "Practical exercises too. Here is a man who wants to find how many sheep he has. He counts them so he will know when he has half of them. This half he puts into a pasture. Then he counts out a third and puts it in another pen. Next he counts what's left and finds he has thirty-two. After a little figuring he finds how many in the whole flock. Very practical. I guess dad didn't study that book."

The next book he examined was Milne's Inductive Arithmetic, edition of 1879. In miscellaneous examples he found the following:

"Two ladders will together just reach the top of a building seventy-five feet high. If the shorter ladder is two-thirds the length of the other, what is the length of each?"

"Why didn't he measure each ladder separately?" John asked himself. "That problem is not practical. I guess dad is older than I thought. I want an older book."

The text written in 1868 was handed to him. The book was evidently influenced by the civil war, for it was filled with problems dealing with battering down fortifications and the sustenance of soldiers. One problem was:

"If twelve pieces of cannon (eighteen pounders) can batter down a fortress in three hours, how long will it take for nineteen twenty-four-pounders to batter down the same fortress?"

"That's fine for a general," John sected, "but dad says that I am going to be a captain of industry."

Another arithmetic of the same date had the famous fish problem with

the best in store for them.

A BOX OF OUR CHOCOLATES

is an entertainment in itself. No one can help enjoying their rich but not cloying flavor. Try a little box and be sorry you didn't get a bigger one.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE,
Next door Robinson Co.
Phone 46. Napanee.



Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations.

ANY person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 81 acres solely owned and occupied by him or his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section along side his homestead. Price, \$100 per acre.

Duties—Must reside six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent and cultivate fifty acres extra).

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$300 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$500.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

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ing Mill Goods

bit of use for drug store medicines. She brews her own remedies, and she doesn't think anything will help a sick person unless it tastes like the royal palace of Abyssinia. A dose of her colic medicine will make a man's insides feel as though he had swallowed a porcupine.

"I had the colic last summer, and the medicine she made for me had smoke on it. I can taste it yet. Sometimes I dream that Aunt Julia is handing me a spoonful of her colic medicine, and then I always wake with a yell. She is an old fashioned woman. She gath-

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INSURANCE CO.
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accident, disease, fire and lightning;
also disablement allowances.
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have good positions in the City of Belle-
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largest which now remain of ancient architecture in marble. Sixteen of the wonderful columns are still standing and are among the most imposing in the world. In this temple stood the colossal statue of Zeus, forty feet high, on a pedestal of twenty. This statue was the masterpiece of Phidias, the world's greatest artist, and so famous was it that it was considered a calamity to die without seeing it. The immortal work was removed to Constantinople by Theodosius I. and was destroyed by fire in the year 475 A.D.

Peanuts In the Zoo.

"I am perfectly used," remarked a visitor to the zoo, "to seeing monkeys and elephants eat peanuts. And I do not think it strange that the toucans relish them, for they are very like a parrot. But when it comes down to polar bears, buffaloes, wild dogs and rhinoceroses liking peanuts it disturbs my ideas of wild animals." Peanuts, however, seem to furnish the finest of dainties to even the "wild-est" animals in the zoo. The deer, antelopes, brown bears, ducks, golden pheasants and all the animals there, except perhaps the lions, tigers and eagles, eat peanuts. The peanut seems to have charms to soothe the savage breast.—New York Tribune.

Fooled the Doctor.

It is not only with big drinkers that doctors have difficulty in determining the treatment of patients. Big smokers need special consideration. The late Sir Edward Burne-Jones when in failing health was asked by his doctor how many cigars he smoked a day. "Six," was the answer. "Well, you had better smoke no more than three," the doctor advised, and the artist was wont merrily to relate that the prescribed number happened to be exactly the quantity he had been in the habit of smoking.

She Knew Better.

Ostensible Head of the Family—Marie, there was a canvasser at the office to-day who wanted to sell me a work on etiquette and good behavior. Teaches it in six lessons. I told him I'd ask you if you thought we wanted it.

Real Head—It's all humbug, John. It can't be taught in six lessons. I've been trying to teach it to you for sixteen years and haven't succeeded yet.

Weight Variations.

A man weighs less at noon and midnight than at sunrise or sunset at the time of new moon and full moon owing to the moon's and sun's attraction, then acting together. In fact, he is subject to the same force which causes the tides.

Used in Canada for over half a century—used in every corner of the world where people suffer from Constipation and its resulting troubles—

**Dr. Morse's
Indian
Root Pills,**
stand higher in public
estimation than any
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prescribe them.
25c. a box.

ers to batter down the same fortress." "That's fine for a general," John fected, "but dad says that I am going to be a captain of industry."

Another arithmetic of the same date had the famous fish problem with which John's teacher had troubled him for six weeks before he himself finally explained it to the class. The fish problem is:

"The head of a fish is ten inches long. Its tail is as long as its head and one-half the body. The body is as long as the head and tail both. How long is the fish?"

Very handy problem for a butcher. John turned to the Common School Arithmetic, edition of 1853. "Here I'm sure to find something good," he reflected and read:

"A hare starts up twelve rods before a hound, but she is not perceived by him till she has been up one and one-fourth minutes. She runs at the rate of thirty-six rods a minute, and the hound runs at the rate of forty rods a minute. How long will the race last, and what will be the distance the hound runs?"

"What difference does it make how far the hound runs?" John asked as he turned to the Scholar's Arithmetic, edition of 1807. The present high cost of living made the first problem impractical for present day purposes, John concluded. The problem was as follows:

"If I give eighty bushels of potatoes at 21 cents a bushel and 240 pounds of flax at 15 cents a pound for sixty-four bushels of salt, what is the salt worth a bushel?"

Another problem was:

"A good man driving his guest to market was met by another, who said, 'Good morrow, master, with your 100 geese.' Says he in reply, 'I have not 100 geese, but if I had half as many as I now have and two and one-half geese besides the number I now have already I should have 100.' How many geese had the man?"

How long would you permit a man to live if he made such an answer to you?

"Phew!" John sighed as he wiped his forehead and handed the book back to the librarian. "Dad must have skipped these practical problems."—Kansas City Star.

We are never so ridiculous by the qualities we have as by those we affect to have.—Rochefoucauld.

Scriptural Misquotations.

"He who runs may read" sounds very Scriptural, but it is in reality a mangled version of the verse in the prophet Habakkuk, "Write the vision and make it plain upon the table that he may run that readeth it." Another Biblical misquotation is "By the sweat of thy brow shalt thou earn thy bread," the real text in Genesis being "In the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread." And when we pour "oil on the troubled waters" thousands search the Scriptures in vain for the metaphor.—London Chronicle.

Natural Pottery.

Excellent natural pottery is manufactured by nature in the case of a certain cactus. Woodpeckers are apt to excavate nests in the trunk and branches, and in order that it may protect itself again these incursions the plant exudes a sticky juice, which hardens, forming a woody lining to the hole made by the birds. Eventually the cactus dies and withers, but the wooden bowl remains.

A Miraculous Escape.

A motor car with several passengers went over a cutting in Manawatu George, near Wellington, N.Z., and raced down a steep bank, carrying trees and shrubs with it. Strange to say the car remained upright, and stopped in the river bed 70 feet below. The occupants were unhurt.

900 DROPS

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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

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Pumpkin Seed -
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Rochelle Salts -
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THE DECEIVERS.

NOW sis and her mother are planning On the tour that they've wanted for years. One hears but the noise of their packing And the snip of the dressmaker's shears. They talk of their stylish creations That will make all the envious groan. But father looks wise and says nothing. He's a few summer plans of his own.

They babble of modes quite the latest: Their talk is of gowns and of gloves. The hatboxes fill up the entry In confusion that fair woman loves. But father is far from distracted, Though bills to great numbers have grown. He smiles as he draws out his check book. He's a few summer plans of his own.

So on with the midsummer drama. Prepare for the tearful farewells When paters go down to the station To send off the grand dames and belles. 'Tis sad to see figures pathetic Left drooping in sorrow alone. But be not surprised at their winking— They've a few summer plans of their own.

—Denver Republican.

Stuck to the Custom.

Even the brightest boy in the class can be scared into stupidity by the wrong kind of teacher.

"You boy over in the corner!" cried the man behind the desk.

The boy over in the corner shot up like a bolt.

"Answer this," continued the examiner. "Do we eat the flesh of the whale?"

"Y-y-yes, sir," faltered the scholar.

"And what," pursued the examiner, "do we do with the bones?"

"P-please, sir," responded the boy, "we leave them on the s-s-sides of our p-plates."—Answers.

An Impractical Disturber.

"You look terribly worried this morning."

"I am," replied the man who gets up the "Answers to Curious Questions" columns. "Here's a silly letter from a man who wants historic information."

"Isn't that in your line?"

"Not at all. I've done enough when I have looked through the encyclopedia for quaint facts and fitted them out with suitable inquiries."—Washington Star.

Seeing Her Home.

Hogan—I think Miss de Blank is very rude.

Jones—What causes you to think that? I never thought her so.

Hogan—I met her out for a walk this afternoon and asked her if I might see her home. She said yes, I could see it from the top of the high school building, and that it wasn't necessary to go any further.—United Presbyterian.

The Only Inducement.

Mr. Slimpurse (after a decided refusal)—I know what the matter is. It's because I am poor. You would marry me if I were rich.

Miss Gallie (thoughtfully)—Perhaps so, but you would have to be very, very rich.—New Orleans Picayune.

The Inspiration.

"This is a pretty good poem. You must have had some strong inspiration."

"I had. The editor promised me \$10."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The heart of a loving woman is a golden sanctuary where often there reigns an idol of clay.—Limagae.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the

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It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanea, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

D. R. BENSON
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has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.
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STR. REINDEER
LOCAL TIME TABLE.
Daily, Sundays Excepted. Effective Monday April 11th, 1910. Subject to change without notice.

	A. M.	P. M.
Napanea	Leave 6:00	Leave 1:45
Deseronto	7:15	2:00
Hough's	7:20	2:35
Thompson's Point	7:40	3:00
Glen Island	8:00	3:00
Glenora	8:10	4:00
Pictou	8:30	4:00
Pictou	Leave 9:30	4:00
Thompson's Point	10:00	4:25
Hough's	10:20	4:45
Deseronto	10:30	5:15
Napanea	10:40	5:30
Stop on signal.	Arrive 6:30	

CONNECTIONS.
At Deseronto with Bay of Quinte and Grand Trunk Railway Trains for all points East, West and North; with Steamer Ella Rose for upper Bay Ports. At Pictou with Central Ontario Railway.

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A Treatment that Costs Nothing Unless It Provides Satisfactory Relief

We have a grayish-white ointment with a pleasant odor that is clean to use, which we believe is the best known remedy for the relief of skin diseases. It is especially efficacious for over-coming eczema in all its various forms ring worm, acne, pimples, blotches, insect bites, tetter, certain forms of ulcers, sores and wounds. It is strongly antiseptic, cleansing, soothing and healing. It stops all itching and burning caused by skin eruptions.

We are so positive this ointment is unequalled that we offer it with the distinct understanding that if after having given it a reasonable trial, you are not satisfied with the results, you have only got to tell us and we will, without quibbling, return every cent paid us for it. We exact no promises or obligations whatever.

We want you to try **Rexall Eczema Ointment**. The first application gives a refreshing sense of relief, and because of its germ destroying power, it eradicates the germ or parasite which causes eczema and many other eruptions. It quickly allays the inflammation, gives protection to the inflamed surfaces, and helps restore healthy tissue. It is particularly active in relieving skin ailments peculiar to children. You certainly cannot lose anything by trying it. We would not dare make this offer except we are positive **Rexall**

Pet Mispronunciations.

"Have you ever noticed," asked the teacher in English, "that a great many well-educated people persistently pronounce at least one word incorrectly? I know a college man who for some reason always says 'timidity' for timidity, and he drags this oddity into almost every sentence he speaks. Then there's little Mrs. Barrett, who invariably talks of practicing 'economy,' while Mrs. Jones can't help saying 'guijantic.' Just listen to them and you'll hear the same people repeating over and over such mistakes as 'communicate,' 'predeliction,' 'circutuous,' 'perculator,' 'areated,' 'cupolo,' etc."

Watches and Pickpockets.

"It's a peculiar thing," said the headquarters detective, "that with the increase in popularity of cheap watches the number of reports which we have received of watches stolen by pickpockets has diminished greatly. No first-class pickpocket tries for watches any more. The same skill is required to get away with a dollar watch as a hundred dollar one, so when the dips found they were touching well dressed men for imitations they gradually ceased trying for them. The objective points now are stickpins, which the crooks can appraise before trying for them, and wallets, which they are willing to take a chance on."

Jewelry in the Laundry.

"Yes, these are genuine diamonds, all right," said the owner of a downtown laundry as he drew a pair of heavy links from a gentleman's shirt,

...ticularly active in relieving skin ailments peculiar to children. You certainly cannot lose anything by trying it. We would not dare make this offer except we were positive Rexall Eczema Ointment will satisfactorily benefit you. Two sizes, 50c and \$1.00. Remember, you can only obtain it at our store—The Rexall Store: T. B. Wallace.

THE DEMAND FOR RUBBER.

The Supply Is Entirely Insufficient and Prices Are Soaring.

There is a great scarcity of rubber in the industrial world. More rubber is produced now than at any other time in history, but the varied demands for it are so great that the supply falls short of meeting them and prices have rapidly advanced. England is rubber mad and speculation there is almost as great and wild as in the days of the South Sea bubble of infamous memory.

The real commercial value of rubber on a large scale began with the discovery of the vulcanizing process, which permitted the making of a homogeneous joint between two pieces. At that time half a million dollars would have covered the value of the world's output. At present \$50,000,000 would scarcely buy a year's output, while the total weight of the crude rubber as drawn from the tree reaches 70,000 tons.

During recent years an enormous amount of rubber planting has been going on and savage wildernesses in Asia, Africa and America have been ransacked for rubber trees. It was the increased demand for rubber that led to so many of the Congo atrocities under the administration of the late King Leopold of Belgium. Brazil is now supplying a good share of the world's supply, with the result that in the wild scramble for the product its forest are being drained. Ceylon, Java, Borneo, New Guinea, Burma, the Malay peninsula—all are planting rubber trees on an extensive scale.

In this connection we print an interesting picture dealing with rubber gathering in the Congo. Among the most industrious people in that vast and wild region are the Batetela. In gathering rubber they go into the forests inhabited by the Bauktu, who are a head-hunting people. While the men are in the forests, the provisory camp is guarded by a man who surveys the surroundings from a platform and a drummer. When the Bauktu are seen to approach the drummer beats the alarm and the men return to the camp to fight. The weapons used are spears and shields, or bows and arrows. The gathering of rubber in the Congo to satisfy the commercial greed of civilized man has been marked by many tragedies.

Hard on the Eyesight.

Looking into the fire, particularly a coal fire, is very injurious to the eyes. The stimulus of fire and heat united soon destroys the eyes. Looking at molten iron will soon destroy the sight. Reading in the twilight is injurious to the eyes, as they are obliged to make great exertion. Reading or sewing with a side light injures the eyes, as both eyes should be exposed to an equal degree of light. The reason is the sympathy between the eyes is so great that if the pupil of one eye is dilated by being kept partially in the shade the eye that is exposed cannot contract itself sufficiently for protection and will ultimately be injured.—British Health Review.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the

Signature of *Wm. D. Mitchell*

Jewelry in the Laundry.

"Yes, these are genuine diamonds, all right," said the owner of a downtown laundry as he drew a pair of heavy links from a gentleman's shirt. "Often happen? Why, look here!" and he drew open a small box and displayed a dozen links and collar buttons. "These came in this week. Some are valuable, some are not, but a dishonest dealer could really make a small fortune in a year's time. We don't find much jewelry in women's apparel. They are not as forgetful as men in this respect."

How to See Under Water.

A lens for seeing under water is described as producing an effect which is both astonishing and delightful. It gives distinct vision to objects from twenty to thirty feet below the surface which are usually out of ordinary eye range. The eye's loss of extending vision when under water is owing to the fact that an entirely different focus is required. The spectacles which can adjust this focus are made by putting two watch crystals back to back or with the concavities outward. Try it and be surprised.

Rescues Two Children.

A pathetic burning fatality occurred near Kalgoolie, West Australia, on the farm of a man named Thomas Walsh. The farmer, who was some distance away, saw his home in flames, and, rushing to it, rescued two of his children. A third child was burned to death.

Clothing Torn Off.

While working at the Yarraville sugar works, Melbourne, F. Parkinson was caught in the belting and whirled among the wheels. When rescued all his clothing had been torn off except his boots and socks. He was severely injured.

Frozen Tales.

"I suppose everything must be frozen stiff at the pole."

"I guess so. At any rate, some pretty stiff stories are brought back."—New York Press.

Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance

"I suffered for many years from what some people call epilepsy. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine cured me, and you can imagine how thankful I am."

M. L. COFFMAN.

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"My daughter was cured with Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, after having been afflicted with fits for five years."

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"For a year my little boy had spasms every time he got a little cold. Since taking Dr. Miles' Nervine he has never had one of these spasms."

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"My daughter couldn't talk or walk from St. Vitus' dance. Seven bottles of Dr. Miles' Nervine entirely cured her."

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Price \$1.00 at your druggist. He should supply you. If he does not, send price to us, we forward prepaid.

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Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. The cause of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

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1000 ISLANDS AND ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Commencing May 25th steamer leaves Deseronto on Sundays at 1:55 a.m. and Bath at 5:15 a.m. for Kingston and 1000 Islands. Returning steamer leaves Deseronto at 9:55 p.m. for Rochester. Daily service after June 25th. STR. ALETHA leaves Deseronto on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 6:30 a.m. for Bay of Quinte, Port and Kingston. Full information from agents.

E. E. HORSEY,

J. L. BOYER,

General Manager, Kingston.

Agent, Napanee.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time. No. 31 Taking effect Dec 1st, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.						Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.					
Stations.	Miles.	No.12	No.40	No.4	No.6	Stations.	Miles.	No.1	No.31	No.3	No.5
Lve Bannockburn	0	...	...	1:40	...	Lve Deseronto	...	7:00	...	...	...
Allans	...	...	...	1:50	...	Arr Napanee	9	7:30	...	...	...
Queensboro	...	...	...	2:05	...	Lve Napanee	9	7:10	...	12:0	4:25
Bridgewater	14	...	...	2:25	...	Lve Strathcona	15	6:45	...	12:15	4:40
Arr Tweed	20	...	...	2:45	...	Newburgh	17	6:15	...	12:25	4:50
Lve Tweed	...	6:00	...	3:05	...	Thomson's Mills	18	...	...	...	...
Rtoco	21	7:00	...	3:15	...	Camden East	19	8:30	...	12:35	5:00
Larkins	21	7:15	...	3:30	...	Arr Yarker	23	8:45	...	12:50	5:15
Warburton	33	7:35	...	3:45	...	Lve Yarker	23	9:00	...	12:55	5:25
Ernestville	37	7:55	...	3:55	...	Gairbrath	30	...	...	...	...
Tamworth	40	8:15	9:10	4:15	...	Moscow	37	8:30	...	1:07	5:48
Wilson	44	...	...	...	...	Mudlake Bridge	38	...	...	...	...
Enterprise	46	8:25	9:30	4:35	...	Enterprise	38	9:35	...	1:20	6:05
Mudlake Bridge	48	...	...	...	...	Wilson	34	...	...	...	...
Moscow	51	8:37	...	2:42	4:47	Tamworth	36	10:00	...	1:40	6:20
Gairbrath	53	8:48	...	3:00	5:00	Ernestville	41	10:10	...	...	6:30
Yarker	55	8:58	...	3:10	5:10	Marbank	45	10:20	...	...	6:45
Lve Yarker	55	...	...	3:02	5:25	Larkins	51	10:45	...	...	7:05
Camden East	59	...	...	3:15	5:38	Rtoco	55	11:00	...	...	7:20
Thomson's Mills	60	...	...	...	...	Arr Tweed	58	11:30	...	...	7:35
Newburgh	61	...	...	3:25	5:48	Lve Tweed	...	11:35	...	...	...
Strathcona	62	...	...	3:35	5:58	Bridgewater	64	11:50	...	...	...
Napanee	69	...	...	3:40	6:15	Queensboro	70	12:05	...	...	...
Lve Napanee	69	...	...	...	6:35	Allans	73	12:20	...	...	...
Deseronto	75	...	...	6:55	...	Arr Bannockburn	78	12:40	...	...	...

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.						Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.					
Stations.	Miles.	No.9	No.4	No.6	No.5	Stations.	Miles.	No.1	No.3	No.3	No.5
Lve Kingston	0	...	...	4:00	...	Lve Deseronto	...	7:00	...	...	...
S. T. R. Junction	9	...	...	4:10	...	Arr Napanee	9	7:30	...	...	...
Glenora	10	...	...	4:29	...	Lve Napanee	9	7:40	...	12:00	4:35
Murvale	14	...	...	4:39	...	Lve Strathcona	15	8:05	...	12:15	4:40
Harrowsmith	19	...	...	4:55	...	Newburgh	17	8:15	...	12:25	4:50
Sydenham	23	8:10	...	...	...	Thomson's Mills	18	...	...	...	...
Harrowsmith	19	8:21	...	...	...	Camden East	19	8:30	...	12:35	5:00
Harrowsmith	19	8:21	...	...	...	Arr Yarker	23	8:45	...	12:50	5:15
Yarker	23	8:45	...	8:20	...	Lve Yarker	23	8:55	...	...	5:25
Yarker	23	8:45	...	8:20	...	Frontenac	27	...	...	...	...
Camden East	30	9:21	3:15	5:38	...	Arr Harrowsmith	30	9:10	...	...	5:45
Thomson's Mills	31	...	...	...	...	Sydenham	34	...	...	...	6:10
Newburgh	32	9:33	3:25	5:48	...	Arr Harrowsmith	30	9:10	...	...	...
Strathcona	34	9:43	3:35	5:58	...	Murvale	35	...	...	...	...
Napanee	40	9:58	3:50	6:15	...	Glenora	38	...	...	...	...
Lve Napanee	40	...	...	...	6:35	G. T. R. Junction	47	9:50	...	...	...
Deseronto	49	...	...	6:55	...	Arr Kingston	49	10:00	...	...	...

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NAPANEE to DESERONTO and PICTON.						PICTON to DESERONTO and NAPANEE.					
TRAINS.			STEAMERS.			STEAMERS.			TRAINS.		
Leave Napanee	Arrive Deseronto		Leave Deseronto	Arrive Picton		Leave Picton	Arrive Deseronto		Leave Deseronto	Arrive Napanee	
2:15 a.m.	2:35 a.m.					6:00 a.m.	7:25 a.m.		9:50 a.m.	10:10 a.m.	
7:10 "	8:10 "		7:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.		9:50 a.m.	11:20 a.m.		11:20 a.m.	11:40 a.m.	
10:50 "	10:50 "		1:40 p.m.	3:00 p.m.					12:20 p.m.	12:40 p.m.	
11:50 a.m.	12:10 p.m.								3:45 p.m.	4:05 p.m.	
1:25 p.m.	1:45 "		3:45 p.m.	7:00 p.m.					6:10 "	6:30 "	
4:30 "	4:50 "		5:30 p.m.	7:30 p.m.		4 p.m.	5 p.m.		7:40 "	8:00 "	
6:50 "	7:10 "		7:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.					11:40 a.m.	1:05 a.m.	
8:15 "	8:35 "								7:00 "	7:20 "	

(Daily. All other rains run daily Sundays excepted).

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My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—Mrs. JAMES RIDDELL, Barrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee. And dealers, 50c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

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DECAY OF TIN.

Remarkable Alteration Which Takes Place in the Metal.

Anything made of tin, it seems, is doomed to a brief existence. This metal is subject to a remarkable kind of alteration, a species of disease to which it is liable. When exposed to the air tin undergoes no chemical change, as do iron and copper, which, of course, chemically combine with the oxygen or with water. The tin, however, still remains metallic tin, but gradually becomes gray and dull, and falls to fine powder.

The disease is "catching." It infects or induces the same change in other masses of tin in the immediate neighborhood. We are told that in a Russian imperial magazine, in place of tin uniform buttons, little heaps of powder were found. A consignment of Banks tin sent from Rotterdam to Moscow in 1877 arrived at the latter place in the form of powder. This alteration is due to a change in the internal crystalline structure of the metal and is analogous to the slow transformation of monoclinic sulphur to rhombic sulphur. As a result, objects of tin of archaeological interest are rare. Those that have been found have been in the form of earthenware vessels, knobs, etc., which have been found in the Swiss lake dwellings coated with tin foil. Cassiterite or tinstone is the single ore from which the tin has been obtained in any quantity.—Knowledge and Scientific News, London.

A PLACID MERCHANT.

We Had Some Regard For the Social Side of Trade.

The summer visitor in a small seaport town was amazed and amused at the assortment of merchandise displayed in the little store at the head of the wharf. The showcase was devoted to an assortment of candy at one end and a lot of cigars and tobacco at the other end and no barrier between. Next to the showcase stood a motor engine valued at several hundred dollars.

Thinking to please the proprietor, the visitor remarked that even the large department stores in Boston could not boast of such a collection.

"Well," he said, "I ain't aping them stores, I can tell you. I aim to keep what my folks want. When a man wants an engine for his boat he wants it, and if the fish are running he can't wait to send way to Portland or Boston for it. He wants it when he does, then and there."

After a little pause he continued: "I don't like the way they do business in them big stores, anyway. Why, when you go into a store up to Boston the first thing you know somebody asks you what you want."

"Now, I never do anything like that. If a man comes into my place I pass the time of day and ask him to set, and after he's set and talked a while if he wants anything he'll tell me."

"I never pester a man to buy. Maybe he ain't come to buy; maybe he's come to talk."—Youth's Companion.

The First Universities.

To fix precisely the date of the rise of the first universities is impossible for the reason that they were not founded, but grew. They were started by a few able men who had something they wished to teach and youths wished to learn. Gradually the free, voluntary center of learning became the organized affair we know as the university. Among the earliest of these centers of learning were Salerno, Naples and Bologna, Italy being the first land to experience the literary revival. We may say that Salerno

THE CLIMBERS.

What Social Eminence Costs the Climber in England.

My father was a laborer, and I am a lord.

When education was reserved for the rich they do not seem to have availed themselves greatly of the advantage, for many of the important discoveries, inventions and improvements we owe to the sons of the poor, and few of the celebrated writers, musicians or artists were sons of the rich.

The education I received at the public expense enabled me to obtain employment which afforded opportunities for advancement, and eventually I amassed a vast fortune.

"Society" has its scouts. They are the connecting links between the unimportant rich and the impecunious "great."

The wife of a fashionable artist sought our acquaintance. My portrait, which her husband painted, cost 1,000 guineas, but at their house we met the peeress to whose not disinterested negotiations I owe my knighthood.

That step up the social ladder cost some £20,000.

A philanthropic duchess came forward next to welcome us on the way. Her public benefactions and her private bills relieved me of a further large amount, but to compensate for this we were introduced to "society." I was elected to several clubs, and vouchers for the "royal inclosure" were accorded to us.

An impecunious but important politician later procured for me a baronetcy—for a consideration, part of which was for the purposes of the government and part he retained for himself. He is an inveterate opponent of corruption in municipal corporations.

There appears to be no inclination to interfere with free trade in titles, for subsequently I was offered, and I accepted, a peerage in return for a substantial contribution to the funds of the party.

Ability, industry and enterprise made me rich. Bribery has made me respected.

Without fees to the fashionable I should be still but a local celebrity, severely ignored by the neighboring magnates. Directly and indirectly it has cost me some £200,000 to attain social respectability.—London Truth.

Handed It Back.

A clergyman in the neighborhood of Nottingham was complimenting a tailor in his parish on repairs which he had done for him. In the course of conversation he, however, incautiously observed: "When I want a good coat I go to London. They make them there." Before leaving the shop he inquired, "By the bye, do you attend my church?"

"No," was the reply. "When I want to hear a good sermon I go to London. They make them there."—London Tit-Bits.

Tea in the Time of Buddha.

At the time of Buddha China was enjoying a large foreign commerce in tea. It was carried by her junks to Japan, Korea, Tonquin, Anam, Cochín, Burma, Slam, India, Ceylon, Persia and Arabia. According to one record, it was sent to a great black river country west of Arabia, from which it was separated by a long and very torrid sea, which must have been Egypt. It was carried by caravans to Manchuria, Mongolia, Kuldja, Tartary, Tibet, Persia and northern India.

HORSE SWAPPING

In the Good Old Days It Was Sport, Not Commercialism.

A MAN TOOK A CHANCE THEN.

He Didn't Ask For a Written Guarantee That the Animal Was Sound, and If He Got Stuck He Sided His Time to Pass Along the Prize.

"I have been reading that David Harum story," said the ancient liveryman when his cronies were comfortably seated in his little office. "A friend told me that story was the last word on horse trading, but the man who wrote it didn't understand the spirit of the game at all. David Harum would have been skinned out of his teeth if he had blown into any western town in the palmy days of horse trading twenty-five or thirty years ago."

"I tell you, my friends, all the dead game sports are asleep with their fathers. Nobody is willing to take a chance nowadays. If a man buys a cigar he wants a bill of sale with it. The other day a cheap skate pestered me a whole afternoon talking about buying a horse. He tried out all the nags in the barn and finally decided that the glass eyed bay would suit him. And he actually wanted a written guarantee that the horse was sound! A written guarantee! No, gentlemen, I am not joking. That bald-headed travesty on a man actually asked for such a document. I regarded it as an insult, and after I had rebuked him they had to pour four buckets of water over him before he recovered."

"In the good old days horse trading was a game, not a commercial transaction. If a man wasn't willing to take the chances when he went trading he was advised to try some other line of business. Many and many a time I had the harpoon administered to me. One day Major Charlie Slaughter drove to my barn."

"I have quite a neat package of horseflesh here," said the major, "and I have a sort of presentiment that he can travel a few lines when the wind is blowing in the right direction."

"His horse was a handsome roan, a regular peacock for style, with his head away up in the air so you'd need a stepladder to see if he had a star on his forehead. And the way he hit the road was a sin. Talk about galloping horses! That roan handled his legs as though he had taken sparring lessons. Now, my weak point in the horse business is that when I want a certain nag the worst way I can't conceal the fact. I just can't sleep or eat my victuals until that horse is in my barn with a new halter on him. The major was wise to my weakness."

"It's no use, Jake," says the major. "This horse isn't on my swapping list. Every roan hair on him just suits me, and I'd be a chump to let him go."

"Well, of course I got the roan all right. The major was just bluffing. And I gave him the biggest trade you ever heard of—gave him a matched team and several bills for that gangling roan. And when I took the roan to the water trough for a drink I found that he couldn't lower his head. He had to carry it about ten feet in the air all the time, owing to some injury in his neck. He had to eat his flaked rice off a shelf and drink from a garden hose, and a man needed an aeroplane to put a bridle on him."

"Did I raise a fuss with the major? What sort of skate do you take me for? Next time I met him I told him

AWAKENING OF SCIENCE

TO THE VALUE OF FRUIT

What is "FRUIT-A-TIVES"?

Medical men are just beginning to realize the possibilities of fruit in curing disease. Its action on the liver, kidneys and skin is wonderful. Yet fruit in its raw state is impracticable in treating disease because of the minute quantity of the active or curative principle contained in fruit juice.

A physician in Ottawa, after years of patient work, discovered a process, whereby the medicinal or bitter principle of fruit juice is increased in quantity and thus a more active and more valuable substance is obtained.

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Hundreds of prominent people in every section of the Dominion owe their good health to "Fruit-a-tives." Hundreds more are daily becoming stronger and better by taking them. "Fruit-a-tives" is daily proving its inestimable value as a natural cure in all cases of Constipation, Biliousness, Torpid Liver, Backache and Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Kidney and Skin Troubles.

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same to-day as they were 1,200 years ago.

The fact of the republic's isolated position contributes as much as anything to this curious state of affairs. The Andorrans are almost as conservative as the Chinese. They mistrust foreigners and foreign inventions, and have a rooted objection to such things as photographic cameras, railways, telegraph wires, telephones and other modernities. Nature has provided them with impregnable fortifications in the shape of Pyrenean masses that shut them in securely on every hand, and they have no mind to allow their peaceful harmony to be disturbed. Let other nations quarrel and fight with each other if they choose; Andorra has no ambitions.

The confines of the country at the beginning of the 20th century are just exactly the same as they were in the year 782, neither more or less. She is very tenacious of her independence, and her antique traditions, of her manners and customs, but she is content to remain what she has ever been, a miniature state in the midst of modern Europe; managing her own little affairs as she chooses. To get into or out of Andorra on any side, you must cross an elevated mountain pass, and there is not a single highway leading into the country either from France or Spain. The principal entrance from the French side is the Pass of Solder, nearly 8,000 feet above the sea level. This is the only one practicable for horses; the others are mere mule-trucks of footpaths, and all of them are blocked during the snowy season.

Up in the Thousands.

A golf champion said one afternoon on the links:

"That chap ahead of us plays very poorly, doesn't he? Let us say nothing to him about it, though. His poor playing is often enough rubbed in on him."

"His caddie, one day when he was in, particularly bad form, lay down near the ball in a bunker and pretended to sleep."

"The man looked up from one of his many vain swats at the ball and

the organized affair we know as the university. Among the earliest of these centers of learning were Salerno, Naples and Bologna, Italy being the first land to experience the literary revival. We may say that Salerno university was fairly established by the year 1060, the University of Bologna by 1160 and the University of Naples by the year 1200. The University of Paris, which owes its existence to the genius of Abelard, was founded about the same time.

arated by a long and very torrid sea, which must have been Egypt. It was carried, by caravans to Manchuria, Mongolia, Kuldja, Tartary, Tibet, Persia and northern India.

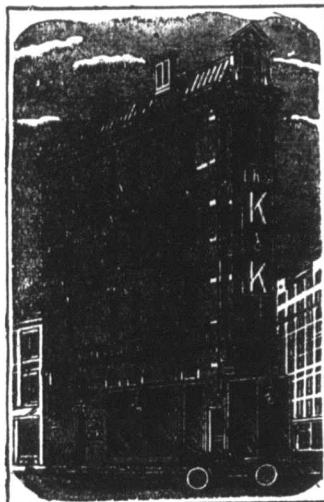
Couldn't Tell.

"Has your pocket ever been picked?" "Really, I don't know. It never was before I got married. If it has been since I, of course, would have no way of finding out about it."—Chicago Record-Herald.

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up a neck. He had to eat his naked rice off a shelf and drink from a garden hose, and a man needed an aeroplane to put a bridle on him.

"Did I raise a fuss with the major? What sort of skate do you take me for? Next time I met him I told him I liked the roan better than any horse I ever saw. 'He isn't always rooting in the ground like a pig,' said I, 'and if you had told me about his patent dirigible neck I'd have given you \$10 more.' We were sports in those days.

"One time the veterinary surgeon told me about a fine trotting horse in a town some distance away which had been deprived of its tail by a surgical operation. I went and looked at the horse. He was a perfect beauty and could trot like an avalanche. But he had just a stump of a tail, and the owner was ashamed to drive him, so I bought the critter for a song. I went to a lot of trouble having a tail made for him. It was a beautiful, flowing tail, a credit to the hairdresser's art. It was fixed to slip over the horse's stub tail and was then fastened to the crupper of the harness, and a man needed good eyes to see that it wasn't the real thing.

"The major had poor eyes, and when I took him for a drive behind that black trotter he simply had to be tied down to the seat he was so excited. He said he'd always wanted a horse with a tail like that. He had my own weakness. He couldn't pretend indifference when he wanted a thing the worst way, and he wanted that horse so bad that his hair was falling out. After a great deal of deliberation I issued my ultimatum.

"I'll give you the horse, harness and buggy just as they stand," said I, "for your sorrel three-year-olds and \$50." Either of the sorrels was worth a herd of horses like the black.

"It's a trade," cried the major. "Next morning the major came around to my barn all smiles. 'Ever since I was a child and quit playing with a rattle,' says he, 'I have wanted a horse with a detachable tail—a tail that a man could take off and use as chin whiskers at a masked ball. I just called to pay you another 50 cents, so that when I meet you after this you can't say I took advantage of you in our trade yesterday.'

"Oh, there were real sports in those days."—Walt Mason in Chicago News.

AN ODD LITTLE STATE.

A Living Bit of the Antique World on the Face of Modern Europe.

Wedge in like a debatable land between France and Spain lies a quaint little state which calls itself the Republic of the Valleys of Andorra, and dates its foundation from the year 782, when Charlemagne gave its people a charter of independence, as a reward for the aid they had given him in his struggle to drive out the Saracens from Barcelona and Seo d'Urgel. This charter, one of their most precious possessions, is still preserved in a curious iron armory with six locks, which stands in the House of Parliament at Andorra-la-Villa, the metropolis of this miniature state, says the Wide World Magazine.

From time to time, during the changeful history of Europe, Charlemagne's charter has been confirmed by various monarchs; even Napoleon, ruthless destroyer though he was, spared this miniature republic as a public curiosity, which it certainly is, patriarchal and primitive to an almost incredible degree—a wonderful living, breathing bit of the antique world, lying intact on the face of modern Europe. Andorra has no written history, no written laws; everything is done according to traditions, handed down from generation to generation, and the form of government and the manners and customs of the people are essentially the

playing is often enough rubbed in on him.

"His caddie, one day when he was in particularly bad form, lay down near the ball in a bunker and pretended to sleep.

"The man looked up from one of his many vain swats at the ball and growled:

"Say, you must be tired, boy, lying down."

"I ain't tired of carryin'," said the boy, "but I certainly am tired of countin'."

Mustard Plaster Cure.

"Mustard as a promoter of morals was a new role," said the woman. "Yesterday I heard my Bohemian neighbor say to her eleven-year-old daughter:

"If you do that again I'll put a mustard plaster on you."

"The child didn't do it again. When I asked why the mother told me that in her country disobedient children are punished by applying a mustard plaster. It is more efficacious than whipping, scolding or moral suasion. The plaster isn't left on long enough to blister badly, but even without a blister a mustard plaster is a corrective measure that all little Bohemians try to avoid, even at the expense of good behavior."

BLINDING A SHARK.

A Pearl Diver's Ruse by Which He Made Good His Escape.

A successful diver must possess great courage and nerves of steel. Such a man connected with a large wrecking company was visiting some years ago the pearl fisheries in the gulf of California, where sharks abounded. On one of his trips in quest of the pearl oyster he had a narrow escape from a fearful death.

He had been instructed never to stir from the bottom until he had looked up and around. Fortunately he heeded the advice. Having filled his bag, he glanced quickly about and caught sight of a huge shovel nosed shark watching him.

In an emergency men think fast. Near the diver was a large rock. He moved quickly to the other side of it, hoping to dodge the ferocious monster, but the maneuver did not work. The shark watched every movement, changing his position by a slight motion of his powerful tail.

Time was precious, and the diver conceived the idea of blinding the shark by stirring up the mud. Under cover of that he might escape. He worked for dear life and had the water thick with mud in less than half a minute.

Slipping around the rock again, he rose to the surface, having barely strength enough to reach the side of the boat, and was hauled on board just as the voracious man eater made a rush for him.

Romeo Not Taken Seriously.

Juliet was only fifteen years old, but she thought she was quite grown up. One evening, says Mrs. R. A. Pryor in "My Day," she was receiving on the moonlit veranda a young man caller. He, too, it seemed, considered himself grown up. The anxious youth was moved to seize the propitious hour and declare himself. Juliet wished to answer correctly and dismiss him without wounding him.

She assured him mamma would never consent.

A voice from within—they were sitting beneath her mother's window—settled the matter:

"Accept the young man, Juliet, if you want to. I've not the least objection. And let him run along home now. Be sure to bolt the door when you come in."

Evidently the mother had small respect for boy lovers and wished to go to sleep.

EVOLUTION OF A KING

REMARKABLE STORY OF BERNA-
DOTTE, KING OF SWEDEN.

How the Son of a Poor Lawyer Be-
came a Great Soldier Under Na-
poleon and Was Made Monarch of
Sweden—He Devoted Himself to
His Adopted Country and Founded
the Present Ruling Family.

The people of Sweden are preparing
to celebrate the accession to the
throne of their country of Jean Bap-
tiste Jules Bernadotte, the occasion
being the centenary of his family's
reign.

The story of Bernadotte is one of
the most remarkable in history, a
tale which would seem like a fable
were it not amply attested by the
facts. He began life as the son of a
poor lawyer. He was one of the re-
volutionists who stood guard before
the guillotine on which Louis XVI.
was executed, and he died in 1844
King Charles XIV. of Sweden and
Norway, one of the most powerful
monarchs of Europe.

It was the French revolution and
the series of extraordinary events
which followed that great overturn-
ing that made such a career as Berna-
dotte's possible. The breaking down
of social barriers and the uprooting
of the very foundation stones of so-
ciety which followed in the train of
the revolution and of the epoch-
making successes of Napoleon gave
opportunity, practically unexampled
in Europe, for men to rise by sheer
ability.

Bernadotte was born in the
Pau, in France, January 26, 1764. His
father wanted him to follow the law,
but the profession held forth little at-
traction to a youth whose ambitions
were boundless and whose natural
craving was for a life full of activity.
He therefore decided to become a
soldier, and in 1780 enlisted in the
royal marines.

Within a few years came the French
revolution, sweeping away arbitrary
distinctions of classes and opening
up to all the path of preferment.
The abilities of Bernadotte were
speedily acknowledged. He joined the
revolutionists and became a power in
their councils. He was one of the
soldiers who assisted at the execu-
tion of Louis. When he died there
was found tattooed upon his right arm
a picture of the guillotine and in
French beneath it the legend: "Death
to all kings and tyrants."

With the restoration of order in
France came Napoleon and that series
of brilliant military exploits which
has made "the little corporal's" name
immortal. France was quick to see
Bernadotte's talents. In rapid suc-
cession he became a colonel and a
general. In the campaigns of the
Rhine and of Italy his military tal-
ents found ample scope for display,
and as ambassador to Vienna he de-
monstrated his merit as a diplomat.

When Bonaparte went to Egypt
Bernadotte was appointed Minister of
War. He organized the whole French
army and paved the way for the con-
quest of Holland. In the battle of
Austerlitz he distinguished himself.
Although there had always been rival-
ry between the two men, Napoleon
never lost an opportunity to heap
riches and honors upon Bernadotte.
In addition to giving him great
estates, he created him Prince of
Ponte-Corvo.

Napoleon had reached the point in
his career where he had begun to
realize that France could not forever
be the battle ground of Europe. To
avert the danger of wearing out his
country by the continuous raising of
troops, he inaugurated a policy of
seating on the thrones of Europe

What Other Papers Say.

Calgary News.

The United States publications that
are knocking the Canadian West these
days should get together to fix their
figures and dates. It doesn't look well
to see paid advocates at sea when the
question simmers down to figures and
dates.

St. John Telegram.

No one thinks of Ontario as a coun-
try with a low birth rate, yet it has
less than fifteen births for every thou-
sand of population. And in France,
where there is frequently an outcry to
the effect that the race is dying out,
the number of births is slightly more
than nineteen per thousand.

Victoria Colonist (Con).

We think, however, that it is not
premature to express the opinion that,
while conceding that mutual conces-
sions might be made with advantage,
it would be a fatal mistake to permit
the reciprocity with the United States
to become the dominant factor in the
fiscal policy of Canada, and it could
hardly be otherwise than that if a gen-
eral reciprocity treaty were negotiated.
Canada has done exceedingly well
with a policy that has been national,
and we hope the principle of that Na-
tional Policy will never be departed from.

Winnipeg Free Press.

It is a matter of congratulation all
around that the farmers of western
Canada are seizing the opportunity of
Sir Wilfrid's visit to western Canada
to make their low tariff views known
to him. All political leaders are, to
some extent, opportunists—their pub-
lic policies are the sum of their per-
sonal inclinations as affected by the
pressure of interests and opinions
brought to bear upon them. The Do-
minion Government's habitat is in the
country of the protectionists, and the
result of the constant silent pres-
sure can be seen in part in our tariff
which, to put it mildly, has a pro-
tectionist tinge. It is well that Sir
Wilfrid Laurier should have made per-
sonal acquaintance with the large and
increasingly important area of lower
tariff sentiment in the west.

Montreal Canadian Century.

There is much in the recurring ce-
lebration of the Glorious Twelfth that
calls for comment. No one can take
objection to the day itself. The Battle
of the Boyne was a happy event for
the whole realm, without the exception
of a single subject. For it meant the
final and irrevocable casting out of a
family which, from Protestant James
to Catholic James, has brought no
honor to the English people, and much
disgrace. The anniversary might well
be made the occasion for rejoicing that
such ill times have passed away, and
that, in things religious at least, men
wisely agree to differ. But this is not
the spirit which animates the celebra-
tion in Canada. The processions, with
their bands and banners, are pictures-
que and harmless. The speeches are of
the firebrand order, and seek to kindle
again the great fire which the Boyne
water quenched.

Vancouver Sunset.

There are two questions which an
immigration officer has a right to ask
a Canadian, the first as to his nation-
ality and the second as to his residence.
To more than those two no self-respect

QUEEN OF ACTRESSES PRAISES PE-RU-NA.



MISS JULIA MARLOWE.

*"I Am
Glad To
Write My
Endorsement
Of The
Great
Remedy
Pe-ru-na.
I Do So
Most
Heartily."
Julia Marlowe.*

ANY remedy that benefits digestion
strengthens the nerves.

The nerve centers require nutrition.
If the digestion is impaired, the nerve
centers become anemic, and indigestion
is the result.

*Peruna is not a nervine nor a
stimulant. It benefits the nerves by
benefitting digestion.*

Peruna frees the stomach of catarrhal
congestions and normal digestion is the
result.

In other words, Peruna goes to the
bottom of the whole difficulty, when
the disagreeable symptoms disappear.
Mrs. J. C. Jamison, 61 Marchant street,
Watsonville, Cal., writes:

"I was troubled with my stomach for
six years. I tried many kinds of medi-
cine, also was treated by three doctors.

"They said that I had nervous dys-
pepsia. I was put on a liquid diet for
three months.

"I improved under the treatment, but
as soon as I stopped taking the medi-
cine, I got bad again.

"I took the medicine for two years,
then I got sick again and gave up all
hopes of getting cured.

"I saw a testimonial of a man whose
case was similar to mine being cured by
Peruna, so I thought I would give it a
trial.

"I procured a bottle at once and com-
menced taking it. I have taken several
bottles and am entirely cured.

*"I have gained in strength and
feel like a different person. I be-
lieve Peruna is all that is claimed
for it."*

Nervines, such as coal tar prepara-
tions, are doing a great deal of harm.
Sleep medicines and headache powders
are all alike,—heart depressants, and
should not be used. The nerves would
be all right, if the digestion were good.
Peruna corrects the digestion.

BELL ROCK.

For last week.

The farmers of this locality are
about ready for the threshing machine.

Miss Stella Timmons has returned
ome after a pleasant trip to St. Anne
le Beaupre, Quebec.

Miss Margaret Yorke spent last
week with friends camping at Beaver
Lake.

Alfred Grant passed the entrance
exams, successfully at Harrowsmith.
S. R. Pomeroy spent the civic holi-
days in Kingston.

Miss Beulah Burley is the guest of
Miss Carmelia Yorke.

Salvia, the New American
Hair Vigor.

Ladies can now have a luxuriant
head of real, fluffy, sparkling hair,
free from Dandruff, by using the new
English-American Hair Vigor, Salvia.
Go to Mr. Jesson's drug store and pur-

USE FEET AS HANDS.

A Custom Somewhat Common Among
the Yellow Races.

A French savant, M. Lannelongue, in
a communication to the Paris Acad-
emy of Sciences maintains that among
the yellow races, the Chinese, the Jap-
anese and the Malays, the foot is used
as an organ of prehension, like the
hand, to a far greater extent than is
generally supposed. He says that while
in Tokyo he saw a young man sitting
in a theater box grasping the rail with
his feet just as though they were hands,
ever and anon using his right foot to
scratch his left thigh. The fact that
the Japanese usually sit on their heels
at meals and in the house develops
extreme suppleness and mobility in
the feet and toes, and the prehensive
function is still further encouraged by
the fact that the Japanese who adhere

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realize that France could not forever be the battle ground of Europe. To avert the danger of wearing out his country by the continuous raising of troops, he inaugurated a policy of seeking on the thrones of Europe monarchs who would be friendly to him.

In 1810 the death of Prince Augustenburgh of Sweden left the throne of that country without an heir. Bernadotte conceived the idea of having himself elected crown prince, and in this he was supported by Napoleon. At first great opposition developed among the Swedish nobles, but a better acquaintance with the man who sought the throne weakened this enmity, and eventually Bernadotte was elected to the place.

Bernadotte immediately devoted himself to the internal improvement of the country. He united Sweden and Norway under one crown, built roads, encouraged industry and brought his people to a fine state of prosperity. He was never very popular, for he never learned to master the Swedish language, but the country appreciated his merits and remained loyal to him.

In 1813 and 1814 Bernadotte turned against Napoleon and joined the coalition organized to crush the emperor's power forever. His Swedish contingent virtually decided the battle against the French at Leipzig.

As a business man Bernadotte demonstrated that he possessed great abilities. He had inherited from his peasant ancestry ideas of thrift that served him in good stead as the conservator of his country's resources and the builder up of her industries.

Bernadotte left only one son. He married Josephine de Beauharnais, and upon his accession to the throne took the name of Oscar I. After a reign of 15 years mental weakness compelled him to entrust his scepter to his eldest son Charles, who was made regent. After the death of his father, Charles XV, assumed full power and proved himself a remarkably gifted man. He found compensation for the boycott to which the proud old nobility of Sweden had subjected his court by mixing with the masses of his people and patronizing literary people and artists. His younger brother, Oscar II, succeeded him. He had married a rich wife, Princess Sophia, daughter of the Duke of Nassau, which partially compensated for the fact that Charles XV. had willed all of his great estate to his only daughter Louise, the Queen of Denmark. Oscar II. was succeeded by the present King Gustav, who married Victoria, sister of the Duke of Baden and a first cousin of the Kaiser.

Pleasant For Unky.

"Make a noise like a frog, unky."

"Why?"

"Cause when I ask daddy for any thing he says, 'Wait till your uncle croaks!'"—Comic Cuts.

Those Little Angels.

Neighbor—How did that naughty little boy of yours get hurt?

Ditto—That good little boy of yours hit him on the head with a brick.—Jewish Ledger.

The Limit of Genesit.

"Is he concited?"

"Concited! I should say he is. He even imagines that he cut some figure at his own wedding."—Detroit Free Press.

Look It Up.

"The professor says I am vesecund."

"Is that a compliment?"

"I'm going for the dictionary now."—Washington Herald.

On Saturdays Only.

You can get a pound box of mixed chocolates at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store for 24c any Saturday, and 50c any other day. Every chocolate in the new package we are offering is perfect.

Vanconver Sunset.

There are two questions which an immigration officer has a right to ask a Canadian, the first as to his nationality and the second as to his residence. To more than those two no self-respecting man will tamely submit. The absurdity of the questions should be apparent to anyone but the two-by-four red tape votary who incorporated them in the list of questions to be asked. Is it likely that a man who has been in jail will admit it? And would anyone who should not at the moment be incarcerated in an asylum answer that question in the affirmative, if true? Of all the devices calculated to make Canadians ashamed of their own nationality and to arouse the fighting blood of self-respecting men, the latest series of Canadian immigration questions is surely entitled to the leather medal.

Regina Leader.

England views with some apprehension the possibility of Canada following her example in the embargo line. Canada imports every year a large number of cattle from the old country for breeding purposes. Yorkshire, the county in which the dreaded disease has broken out, provides a big proportion of these, and it is feared that a very valuable trade will be lost should the Dominion take steps to shut out English cattle. England, however, can hardly complain if this country under the circumstances takes a step the justification for which is far more evident than in the case of the embargo so persistently insisted upon by Great Britain without rhyme or reason in respect of the importation of live cattle from this country. Possibly in the circumstances Great Britain may see her way clear to reconsider her attitude towards this country on the question of the embargo on Canadian cattle.



Whillikens—They are not on speaking terms, you know.

Gertie—Why, they are dead in love with each other.

"That's why they don't speak. They just sit and gaze at one another."

Hustler.

"Do you know that there are millions of germs on a dollar bill?"

"So I've heard, but if they expect to transfer themselves from the bill to me while it is in my possession they'll have to step lively."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Small Revenge.

Little Boy—I want a dose of castor oil.

Druggist—You want the kind you can't taste?

Little Boy (anxious to get even)—No, sir; it's for mother.—San Jose Citizen.

In Doubt.

Stoutly—Your face seems so familiar. Didn't you have No. 8 with us for several years?

Thinly (musing)—Now, I don't know whether he means my barber's cup or the cell in prison.—Fliegende Blätter.

Hair Vigor.

Ladies can now have a luxuriant head of real, fluffy, sparkling hair, free from dandruff, by using the new English-American Hair Vigor, Salvia. Go to Mr. Jessop's drug store and purchase a 50c bottle. A guarantee goes with every bottle.

Salvia contains Henna and Sage. Salvia is used by the elite of New York.

Dandruff can be cured in ten days. The hair is made soft and fluffy.

Salvia will grow hair in abundance. A non-sticky, daintily perfumed hair dressing.

A large bottle only costs 50c and a money back proposition.

SOWING HIS WILD OATS.

Nights of Wasteful Debauchery That Wore Him Out.

"Yes, I'm dissipating too much," said the red faced rustic as he rubbed his head despondently.

"Dissipating?" gasped his friend.

"That's the word I used. You've heard that expression about 'burning life's candle at both ends?' Well, that's my case exactly. To tell the truth, I have been having too gay a time. Last night I went down to the Blue Moon and drank a soda. Then some traveling man offered me a cigar. Of course I had to take it."

"You don't mean it?"

"I mean just what I say. Then I bought a ham sandwich. I ate it and actually forgot myself and took another. On my way home I dropped into the church social for a few minutes. Some of the young ladies made me try the 'penny dip,' and I drew a blank."

"Such extravagance!"

"That's exactly it. Extravagance and dissipation will kill me. It was 9 o'clock before I reached home."

"Nine o'clock?"

"Yes, I must be sowing my wild oats. Well, I've finished now. Night before last I called on my girl. She wouldn't let me leave until I had taken her out and bought chocolate creams. Talk about pleasure hunting! I'm simply worn out after these nights of wasteful debauchery."—Pearson's Weekly.

A Prince Edward Island Legend.

There is a delightful legend among the people of Point Prim to the effect that when the English attacked the French fort at that place a chain ball from one of the attacking vessels cut the steeple from the old church located on the very point. In falling it toppled over the promontory and carried the bell which it contained into the sea. Dwellers along the point affirm that from time to time the sound of that bell comes over the waters at eventide and that its phantom tone is ever a warning of a fierce storm or some imminent danger to those who make their living by the spoils of the ocean.

An Office Engagement.

One of Washington's glided young men came rapidly down the steps of his house half an hour after noon the other day.

"What's the rush?" asked a friend.

"Oh, I've got to hurry down to the office or I won't get there in time to go out for lunch."—Saturday Evening Post.

Her Excuse.

Her Horrified Mother—Maude, I should like to know why you allowed that presumptuous fellow to kiss you.

The Daughter—I—I-I thought, mother, no one was looking.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

The Japanese usually sit on their heels at meals and in the house develops extreme suppleness and mobility in the feet and toes, and the prehensile function is still further encouraged by the fact that the Japanese who adhere to the ancient customs wear forked stockings and dispense with the inflexible and constraining European shoe.

Chinese postmen navigate their boats lying down, steering with their hands and rowing with their feet. The oar is held between the big toe and the others. The natives frequently use their feet to collect and to pick up small objects lying on the ground, and sometimes even catch mice with their toes. M. Lamme-longue holds that the yellow races, who are able to use their feet somewhat as the elephant uses his trunk or the monkey his tail, enjoy a very considerable advantage in the everlasting struggle for existence over the less fortunate Caucasians, who are able to employ their feet only for locomotion purposes.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Rebuked.

Hoffman, the German physicist, arrived in Glasgow late one Saturday night and on Sunday morning went to call on Lord Kelvin. The doorbell was answered by a woman servant, whom Hoffman asked if Sir William was at home.

The servant answered, "Sir, he most certainly is not."

Hoffman then asked, "Could you tell me where I could find him?"

"Sir," she answered, "you will find him at church, where you ought to be!"

She Did Hate Smoking.

Henry M. Stanley once had an experience which shows how a hatred of tobacco is apt to swamp the finer feelings. In 1863, when staying at Brooklyn, N. Y., he notes in his diary: "Boarding with Judge X. Judge drunk. Tried to kill his wife with hatchet. Attempted three times. I held him down all night. Next morning, exhausted, lighted cigar in parlor. Wife came down and insulted and saved at me for smoking in her house."

For a Rainy Day.

"In your pursuit of pleasure," said the serious citizen, "you should not neglect to lay something by for a rainy day."

"Of course," replied the light hearted man. "Nearly every member of our fishing club brings along a pack of cards."—Washington Star.

His Condition.

Father—Now, Tommy, promise me that you will always count a hundred before you hit another boy. Tommy—Yes, I will if there's any one around to hold the other boy while I count—

Trade-**Asaya-Neurall** Mark
THE NEW REMEDY FOR
Nervous Exhaustion
Nervous Exhaustion unchecked opens the door to Neuralgia, Headache, Insomnia, Digestive Disturbances, Mental Depression, and many serious organic diseases. Early treatment with "ASAYA-NEURALL" averts these. It feeds the nerves, induces sleep, improves the appetite and digestion, and restores buoyancy of spirits. A few doses convince. \$1.50 per bottle. Obtain from the following
E. E. JESSOP.

As experts seldom agree on anything, it is not surprising that they fail to agree on the question of proper clothing for hot weather. Some years ago the wearing of dark-colored underclothing was suggested by a scientific student of the effects of light on health. Other authorities scoffed at the idea, and it was forgotten. It seems, however, that British and French military experts have favored such protection for the soldiers stationed at tropical posts, the theory being that it does artificially for the Europeans what nature has done for the natives by heavily pigmenting their skins. We learn, too, that the public is beginning to purchase dark-colored underclothing, having discovered its efficacy in warding off heat. Whether the doubting or sneering experts will now revise their opinions remains to be seen.

As to the "over" clothing, there is general agreement that light colors should be preferred. Health boards strongly recommend fewer, lighter and thinner garments for the summer months, and one reason why men seem to suffer more from heat than women is generally found in their absurd or cowardly disregard of sane advice as to dress. Some have tried shirtwaists and come to grief in restaurants and hotels and other public places, but surely there is a halfway house between the thick, heavy vest and coat, plus two shirts, and the shirtwaist.

It is remarkable how little we think of protection against heat and how resigned we are to discomfort and misery in summer. The subject of "anti-stoves" or refrigerators for private homes and offices has been touched upon in these columns, but that involves more expense and trouble than proper clothing. Why not dress more appropriately in summer? Is it because summer is short, heat waves few and far between, optimism high and official boosting of cities as ideal summer resorts more effective than one supposes it to be?

London's drivers, sitting on the right hand side of the driver's seat, turn to the left. Why? In order that, looking down at the right hand side of the vehicle, they may gauge to a fraction of an inch the hubs of a vehicle meeting them. In this country the driver still preserves the right hand side of the seat, and in turning to the right of the roadway has the least knowledge of where his hubs may be in passing. But in international navigation are the "right hand" rules that always obtain. It is in the narrow channel winding into a port where the extremities of another

THE QUIETNESS OF LIVING

Wasted Energy Is a Sad Sight Anywhere, But Nowhere So Sad as in Human Life.

"He leadeth me beside the still waters."—Ps. xxiii. 2.

The mill of modern living wears us out, not because of the vast product but by the friction of the wheels. Life is a burden not because the load carried is too great but because we do not know how to carry it. Our worst foe is not work, but worry, not toil but troubling, not hardships or loss, but fret and fear and impatience. We are harassed by foes within and tossed, not by winds of heaven so much as for lack of ballast in the hold.

The greatest obligation resting on us all is to be always at our best. It is easy to talk about giving the world your life, but the great thing is to see that your life is really worth the having and giving. Many a man is toiling under a sense of the duty of giving his service to his day who is vitiating that service of all value because he has not learned the secret of efficient living.

We live in a feverish age, when it is easy to fall into the habit of throwing the energy that would fell an ox into the business of crushing a fly. We live not only extravagantly with our money, we are extravagant of voice, of gesture, above all of nerve force, temper, and passions. Within ourselves whatever music there may be is likely to be all in the upper register and thrown into

A QUICKER STEP.

The lingo is out of date, because it does not get there quick enough. The biblical story of creation tells of six days and science speaks of aeons, but we would have done it all in an afternoon, and an eternity afterwards would have wondered why we did it at all.

Patience is for many a vice; the man who deliberates loses a chance at the front seat. Slow and sure often gives place to quick and shoddy, and we wonder then why we have lost all the edge of enjoyment, why joys are outworn, why we become increasingly irritable and so often and easily lay up for ourselves a leisurely repentance, for repenting is almost the only deed done with deliberation. Our feverish living is likely to have a physical basis, but it also involves hasty and shortsighted thinking.

We are burdened because we

fancy there are no others who have a share in our Atlantean task. We are filled with anxious cares because we alone are capable of doing all the thinking, planning, and providing that has to be done. We are blindly, fatally unconscious of the great life that flows on and is bearing us on its bosom, for we think that when we paddle our tiny boats we really cause the river to run.

We are too big for our little worlds because we have cut off from them all that is no bigger than ourselves. We too easily leave out of our reckoning laws that held before we dipped into logic and purpose that were working out

BEFORE WE BEGAN TO PLAN.

Our keen sense of the complexity and care of modern life needs balancing with a sense of the eternal harmonies of the universe.

The man who tries to play all the pieces of an orchestra at once and to compose the music as he goes along, never yet has earned an artistic reputation or even a living wage. Each man can but play his part and seek to know what is this great harmony to which he contributes; he finds fullness for his own soul when it goes out to the soul of the great Master, and joy of living when he is borne along by the spirit of power of the whole composition.

If we could but learn to take our lives first of all in terms of harmony and then in terms of some satisfaction with our own parts, the music of the spheres would be put to shame beside that symphony of living that would follow; while we would find that, with all its toil and pain, all its seeming discords and its occasional tremendous drafts on our powers, life meant for us sweetness, joy, and power.

Quietness of living is not in silence, there lies death, but in harmony. Not in doing less but in doing our part as belonging to and quite indispensable to that which is more than ourselves. Upon us rests the burden of our work, but not the burden of all work. The eternal purposes that plan the ages no less plan our own days. Faith is the confidence that all life somehow has a pattern.

HENRY F. COPE.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON.

AUG. 7.

Lesson VI. Jesus on the Way to Jerusalem, Matt. 19. 1, 2. 13-26.

Golden Text, 19. 14.

Verse 1. When Jesus had finished a common method, with Matthew, of passing from one subject to another (Matt. 7. 28; 11. 1; 13. 53; 26. 1).

spirit, clings to his possessions and is ready to renounce Christ sooner than them, has cause for sorrow. However estimable he may be in other respects, there is a fatal flaw in his character. We never get any happiness out of the thing we choose instead of Jesus.

23. Hard for a rich man to enter into the kingdom—It is hard for anyone to enter, but especially hard for those who are exposed to all the fascinations and perils of great riches.

24. Easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle—A proverbial saying familiar to the Jews, not necessarily to be taken literally, but used to express an almost insuperable difficulty.

25. The disciples were astonished—Because they clung to the idea of a Messianic kingdom of splendor and worldly power.

26. Jesus looking upon them—It was a penetrating look, such as Mark says he gave to the young ruler. Perhaps the latter was at that moment lingering near, and heard the words, with God all things are possible. Was not this man's trouble that he had tried to do himself what only God could do for him?

TRUE STANDARDS OF LIFE.

The Measure of a Man Is What He Is, Not What He Has.

It takes so long to learn how to live, so long to get even a glimmering of what life is for and what we ought to do with ours. We are so prone to live in the future, to fret ourselves about it. We are so busy yearning for the joys we imagine other people have and worrying about the trouble we imagine we are having that we make of the present, the one thing we are sure of, an endless regret.

And of all the follies the limit is to permit some one else to make our standards for us. Haven't we intelligence? Can't we think for ourselves? To want things we don't need, many we do not really care for, just because some one else has them and wouldn't understand if we didn't have them! To struggle and strain to make a show when all the neighbors know it is only a show and would respect us a heap more if we had the courage to be ourselves! Death's standards ought to be life's standards. Death does not ask how big a house we hail from, nor how many university degrees we have won, nor what is our bank account. Not what we have nor what we know, but what we are. And that's our measure of everybody but ourselves.—Erman J. Edgway in *Delineator*.

A BANANA TREE.

The Fruit Grows Small End Up and Is Cut While Unripe.

Contrary to popular belief, bananas do not grow on the tree as they hang in the grocery, but with the small end of the fruit pointing upward—to all appearances upside down.

There is probably no other fruit of such universal consumption about which so little is known to the average person as the banana. Scarcely one man in a thousand not connected with the business knows what a banana tree looks like.

The fruit is never allowed to ripen on the tree, but is cut half or three-quarters "full"—that is, half to three-quarters developed, according to the distance it is to be shipped—and comes to maturity by feeding from the stalk, which contains a large amount of sap. Bananas cut in this way attain practically the same size as if allowed to

ledge of where his hubs may be in passing. But in international navigation are the "right hand" rules that always obtain. It is in the narrow channel winding into a port where the extremest of emphasis is laid upon the vessel keeping to starboard, no matter how many crooks and turns, and loops the channel may make.

This was illustrated in a collision on the Whang-Poo river, in China, when the Pekin and the Normandie collided. The Normandie was descending the stream, keeping to starboard. The Pekin was ascending the channel, keeping to its starboard. At a sharp turn in the channel the two boats collided. The Pekin's master declared that, owing to the sharp bend in the river, it was a "crossing" case, in which the Normandie was to blame. In the house of lords, however, it was held that the right hand of any channel of any degree of sinuosity lay at the right of the channel's center; that therefore, when the Pekin failed to observe the rule in the sharp bend, and "cut across," it became an offender against the law and must pay damages.

WAIT A WHILE.

Wait till you're old and haggard, wait till you're bent and grey, before you complain, with a voice full of pain: "I'm am so tired to-day!" You are so young and active, you are so young and strong! You're tired of the game, and feeling no shame, singing a dotard's song! Wait till the shades have gathered, wait till the night is near, then you may mean as you walk alone, down to the vale of fear. You with your little burden, strapped to your stalwart back! And you would repine and utter a whine over the thorns in the track. Wait till your friends have left you, wait till your heart is tired, and you're mocked by hosts of the sheeted ghosts of things you have long desired. Youth is the greatest treasure! Youth is the world's red gold! And the man who sighs under morning skies deserves to be stricken old. — Wait Mason.

AN ISLAND OF SULPHUR

One of the most extraordinary islands in the world is located in the Bay of Plenty, New Zealand. The small bit of land is called White Island, and consists mainly of sulphur, the latter mixed with gypsum and other minerals. The island is about three miles in circumference and rises about 1,000 feet above the sea. There is a boiling lake in the centre of the island, and this sends out acid-charged water. A boat can be navigated in the lake if great care is experienced. The sulphur from White Island is very pure and efforts have been made to obtain it for commercial use.

Any man who makes up his mind to fight for his rights will have a fight on his hands until the undertaker is summoned by his sorrowing relatives.

Verse 1. When Jesus had finished — A common method, with Matthew, of passing from one subject to another (Matt. 7: 28; 11: 1; 13: 53; 26: 1).

He departed from Galilee—He did not go there again until after the resurrection.

Borders of Judaea beyond the Jordan—A New Testament designation for Peraea, by the Jews reckoned as one of their provinces (the other two being Judaea and Galilee). It consists mostly of an elevated plateau, about 15 miles north and south and 25 miles wide, notoriously cold and yielding little to cultivation. The population was largely Jewish, as a careful study of this chapter indicates. It was in Peraea that Jesus was manifested unto Israel, and thither the seventy were sent on their mission.

2. Great multitudes followed—Jesus had gone to this district no doubt for retirement, and for recuperation of his forces preparatory to the final ordeal which was but a few weeks distant. But he could not deny an outlet to his compassion for the people, and so healed them and continued also to teach (as Mark expressly states and this chapter and the next clearly show).

13. Brought unto him—Better, "offered unto him," the word being the same as that used of the wise men bringing gifts, and of people making an offering at the altar (Matt. 2: 11; 5: 23). It was a solemn act of dedication. Some have conjectured that the incident took place indoors (compare Mark 10: 17, and that the little children were those of the household, who "were brought to him to say good night and receive his blessing before sent to bed." But the disciples would hardly have remonstrated with them in such a case. They rebuked the parents because the Master's strength and time were already taken up with healing the sick, and it was intolerable that children in sound health should be brought to him.

That he should lay his hands on them—He often laid his hands upon those he was to heal, and these parents thought it would be an inestimable benefit to their children to have him touch them.

14. Jesus said—According to Mark, he was moved with indignation at the rebuke. If the kingdom of heaven belonged rightfully to such as these, it was scandalous to forbid their coming into the presence of the King. This and similar tributes on our Lord's part to the sanctity of childhood constitute the best argument for infant baptism. (For a wise discussion of this difficult subject see Curtis, The Christian Faith, page 437, and note the statement: "It (infant baptism) stands for the sacramental acceptance by the church of the consecration unto Christ of a babe by the home.") The perfect sincerity of the evangelists in admitting such incidents, which were to the discredit of the apostles, is manifest.

15. He laid his hands on them—Mark says (10: 16), "He took them in his arms, and blessed them, laying his hands upon them."

16. One came to him—Commonly known as the rich young ruler. Luke alone says that he was a "ruler," which may mean nothing more than that he occupied a high

position. The divergencies here, between Matthew on the one hand, and Mark and Luke on the other, are full of interest. What follows suggests that "Good Teacher" is the manner in which the ruler addressed Jesus. He went beyond the usual courtesy, which would demand only "Teacher," and signified his lofty regard for Jesus by the addition of this unusual adjective.

17. Why askest thou me?—If this is the exact form of the Master's response, it must have been in the nature of a challenge to look elsewhere than to some good act for the secret of eternal life; such character as is found in him who alone is good can entitle men to that supreme estate. If Jesus said, "Why callest thou me good? None is good save one" (Mark and Luke), it was not because of any consciousness of moral lack, no denial of sinfulness, but a test of the man's conception of goodness; he had given Jesus a title which belonged only to God—was he ready to stand by it?

Keep the commandments—They were the best-known summary of the meaning of good character. The surprise of the ruler, shown by his question, "Which?" (18), arose, perhaps, from the multiplicity of commands other than those of Moses. It may be expected some new commandment.

18. And Jesus said—Notice that the commandments given are entirely from the second table, of the Decalogue, and deal with love for one's neighbor, which may account for Matthew's addition (verse 19) which is peculiar to him (compare Lev. 19: 18).

20. All these things have I observed—No doubt this could be said honestly by the young man. It is at this point that Jesus is said to have loved him. At any rate, the young ruler was evidently not satisfied. The scribes had as much to say to him.

What lack I yet?—Was there no stern duty he could perform to prove himself worthy? Had the Good Teacher nothing more to say to the restless heart of this man than what he already knew, and what had failed to bring peace?

21. If thou wouldest be perfect—Here, as everywhere, Jesus teaches, that perfection consists, not in conformity to an external code, but is purely a matter of heart and motive. Jesus does not deny the young man has kept the law. But he puts his finger on his one imperfection—his love of wealth. In saying, Go sell, and thou shalt have treasure in heaven, Jesus makes no promise that eternal life can be gained in this way. But, in this particular case, there was no prospect of a heavenly life until the young man had surrendered his attachment to earthly gain. "The charge to make the sacrifice was the medicine which the man's soul required. The hard, self-denying life of a follower of Jesus was the bracing that was needed to make a really noble character. Come, fellow me is not so much a command as it is an invitation. Jesus yearns to have this man for a disciple, but he has named the only conditions upon which this is possible.

22. He went away sorrowful—Jesus might have made the terms easier and thus have gained a follower. But what kind of a follower? The man who, in a covetous

quarters "full"—that is, half to three-quarters developed, according to the distance it is to be shipped—and comes to maturity by feeding from the stalk, which contains a large amount of sap. Bananas cut in this way attain practically the same size as if allowed to remain on the tree, in which case the bunch becomes too much of a burden for its support and either falls or breaks the tree and ripens on the ground.

After the cutting the plantation is "cleaned," which merely consists of severing the standing trunks within a few feet of the ground, and a new tree comes forth from the remains of its predecessor, so that the fruit in all stages of growth is to be found at the same time, and the yield is continuous.

FREAKS OF A GENIUS.

The Man Who Smashed Glasses in a London Tavern.

One day a bulky, tall, pale faced gentleman with bushy, restless eyebrows entered a London tavern. The waiter did not ask him for his order, but immediately brought him a plate of bread and cheese and a glass of ale. Having consumed his lunch, the guest sat upright in his chair for awhile, leaning his hands on a heavy walking cane and staring blankly at the opposite wall as if in a dream. Of a sudden he gave a start. He seized the empty glass and dashed it to the floor with all his might, smashing it to atoms. He then reflected for a moment, laid a coin on the table, got up and left the inn without a word to any one. After his departure another guest had the curiosity to ask the waiter whether the gentleman who had just gone out was not wrong in his head. Quoth the waiter:

"Oh, no, sir! That's nothink unusual with 'im, sir. 'E's broke maybe a hundred glasses since 'e's been a-comin' to this 'ouse. 'E don't seem to know it when 'e does it. 'E just gits a-thinkin' and seems to git hangry at some think 'e's thinkin' about. It's the great Lord Macaulay, sir."—St. James' Gazette.

The Name Cuba.

Cuba is the name by which the island was originally known to the Lucayan Indians, who were with Columbus when he discovered it. One of its villages or cities was called by them Cubanacan, and it is reported that from the similarity of sounds Columbus, still supposing himself to be on the coast of Asia, imagined that this must be a city of Kublai Khan, the Tartar sovereign celebrated by Marco Polo. The survival of the original name for Cuba is a remarkable instance of persistence, as the island has been baptized and rebaptized many times since its European discovery. Columbus first called it Juana in honor of Prince John, the son of Ferdinand and Isabella. After Ferdinand's death it was called in his memory Fernandina. Subsequently this name was changed to Santiago, after St. James, the patron saint of Spain. Still later it was named Ave Maria, in honor of the Virgin Mary. But none of these names held, and the Indian name is still preserved.

Malicious.

Youngeigh—Which is the better way to propose, orally or by letter? Cynicus—By letter, certainly. There's a chance that you might forget to mail it.—Exchange.

Why, indeed?

She—Why does woman take a man's name when she marries him? He—Why does she take everything else he's got?

HOME.

DAINTY DISHES.

Current sandwiches are nice for afternoon tea. Thoroughly clean a handful of currants and rub in a cloth. Butter some thin slices of bread, and cover with the currants, sift a little sugar over, and make it into sandwiches.

Potted Sausage.—Put one pound of sausage meat in a jar, and tie down closely; place in a pan of boiling water, and steam for three hours. When nearly cold, mash the meat well with a knife, add pepper and salt and a little allspice, and put for use.

Clove Syrup.—Pour one pint of boiling water on one ounce of cloves; cover, and leave for four hours, then add two pounds of caster sugar and strain through a flannel bag, when it will be ready for use. Another way to make it is to add half an ounce of essence of cloves to two quarts of syrup.

Scalloped Onions.—Cook four Spanish onions in boiling salted water with a piece of celery, two cloves, and a bunch of sweet herbs. When tender, chop coarsely and put into a buttered baking-dish, sprinkling them with pepper and salt. Cover with a thick white sauce. Sprinkle some crumbs over, put a few bits of butter on the top, and bake in a sharp oven.

Apple Pie.—Line a pie-dish with good crust and spread over it three tablespoonfuls of golden syrup. Cover this with thin slices of apple, packed together as closely as possible. Sprinkle the top with sugar and small lumps of butter, adding a suspicion of grated nutmeg. Cover with a latticework of pastry, and bake till the apples are cooked.

Aster Pudding.—Take half a pound of chopped suet half a pound of breadcrumbs, three ounces of ground rice, two ounces of flour, one teaspoonful of baking powder, the grated rind of a lemon, two eggs, and a little milk. Mix the dry ingredients together, then add the eggs and milk. Place in a nicely greased mould and steam for two hours. Turn out, and serve with sweet sauce.

Miners' Stew.—Cut two pounds of the thin part of the breast of mutton into small pieces. Dip each in a mixture of flour, pepper, and salt, and arrange in an earthenware pot with a well-fitting lid. Place over the meat a layer of lean bacon, some sweet herbs, and chopped onion. Add sufficient water to cover, and cook in the oven for about two hours and a half. Place the meat on a dish, thicken the gravy, add a spoonful of vinegar, and pepper and salt to taste. Boil up the gravy and pour it over the meat.

Rich Beef Stew.—Take two pounds of beef skirt, trim off all the skin, and cut into pieces one inch and a half square. Dredge the meat thickly with flour, and brown in a little hot dripping in a frying-pan. Take out the meat, stir in a tablespoonful of flour, and cook till browned. Add a pint of stock, a small onion stuck with cloves, a teaspoonful of salt, half of pepper, and, lastly, a teaspoonful of vine-

eggs. Bake in muffin pan twenty minutes in a quick oven.

Dropped Biscuits.—At night make up the dough in the usual way for light bread and let it rise over night. In the morning, before kneading it, break off a piece of the dough which you think would be sufficiently large to supply the necessary wants and roll it out the same as you would for the regular yeast powder biscuit, about a quarter of an inch thick. Take a skillet and fill it two-thirds full of good lard, let it get boiling hot, then cut your biscuits out and drop them in. They will puff up and turn brown, leaving a hollow inside. Serve while hot and break open, putting the butter on the inside. Do not cut open.

USEFUL HINTS.

Old corks make good knobs for tea kettles, coffee pots or any cooking utensil that has lost its knob.

In washing white ribbon the water should be warm rather than hot, and the soap a fine white one. Rinse in two clear waters and one strong blue one.

Peppermint lozenges are invaluable to check a cold or a chill, but they should be of the best quality.

If a pinch of butter is added to a green gooseberry tart when cooking it is much improved and the fruit is more juicy.

There is only one way to have good servants; that is to be worthy of being well served.

The dust cloth for any room should be lightly sprinkled before using, and should be washed and dried after each dusting operation. Dirty dust cloths do more harm than good in cleaning a room.

To remove fly spots from mirrors and picture glasses, take a cloth and dip in a little pure paraffin, rub the spots well, then polish with a dry duster or chamois.

To prevent the corners of rugs from curling, get some furniture webbing, such as is used for holding springs in place, and sew it along the edges of the rug on the wrong side.

Lemon juice applied with a camel-hair brush is very good for tender or ulcerated gums. It should be lightly brushed on the affected parts, care being taken not to touch the teeth.

Much time is saved if paper linings for cake pans are cut in quantities and kept ready for instant use in a dust-proof box with tight lid.

A clean cloth dipped in hot water, then a saucer of bran, will speedily clean white paint without injury to it. The soft bran acts like soap on the dirt.

A little muriatic acid added to the rinsing water after a blue and white fibre rug is scrubbed with soap and water will help to restore the color.

Feather beds and pillows sometimes have an unpleasant odor after being put away for a time. Set them on a clothes line in the sun and air for two or three days, and then give them a thorough drying before a clear fire. If this is not successful, empty the pillows, have the ticks washed and the feathers thoroughly purified.

A good silence cloth for the dining table can be made with a double thickness of white flannel laid with the soft side on the inside and quilted on the machine; edge with a

GOLD OF THE INCAS FOUND.

Bolivia May Become Centre of the World's Supply.

If government reports may be accepted as truthful, all the gold that has been taken out of the fields of California and the Klondike of Alaska will be insignificant compared with the product of the fields of Bolivia in South America within the next few years. The source of the wealth of the ancient Incas has been found in its unexplored interior. More gold is left there than was mined by the old civilized tribe of Indians and which enabled them to offer to Pizarro as a ransom for the Incan King gold to fill a room 23 by 27 feet. The same field were the source of the metal that enabled the Indian tribe to furnish the Temple of the Sun, which Pizarro's followers reported was "literally covered with plates of gold."

The report is made by Alexander Benson, the American secretary of the legation at Bolivia. He says that Bolivia may become the centre of the world's gold supply through the development of these fields by modern machinery. Here and there a shrewd Peruvian has plowed one and been rewarded with riches. The reason why these fields have not been developed has been the immense difficulty in reaching the fields and in transporting any of the products from them. Transportation is difficult in the extreme and the cost enormous. Rough mule trails are the only means of entering this region and the transportation of heavy machinery now is well nigh impossible until passable roads are built. The building of these roads and the other preparations necessary before the gold can be taken out and marketed affords a great opportunity for American capital and enterprise.

The gold is declared to be principally in the forest-clad ravines of the eastern Cordilleras, which culminate in the important River of Kaka. The trails that lead in here and the appearance of the soil show that mining has been carried out to a great extent by old methods, but the gold that could be reached only by modern mining methods is there still. This has been done by private parties that made large fortunes within a few years of working.

In the River of Kaka it is not unusual to wash a pan of surface dirt and find gravel averaging \$1 a yard on the surface, which would indicate enormously valuable deposits below. Where the river widens out below Incahuara and the canyons give way to an open country, gravel is deposited in large islands and bars. These form a natural gold-saving table for all the gold-bearing flooded rivers that emerge from the richest known part of the Andean mountain chain.

On the River Kaka, where washing tests for gold have been made, there is a very large proportion of black sand, which accompanies the gold in the residues washed. This black sand is very heavy, non-magnetic, and is likely to show under analysis, in addition to a considerable quantity of gold, both tin and platinum.

HIS EDITORIAL POLICY.

Mark Twain Made a Clean Breast of it to His Readers.

Mark Twain took the editorial chair on the Buffalo Express in August, 1860, and this is the paragraph in which he made the readers acquainted with his new responsibility:

"I only wish to assure parties having a friendly interest in the prosperity of this journal that I am not going to hurt the paper deliberately and intentionally at any time. I am not going to introduce any startling reform or in any way attempt to make trouble. I am simply going to do my plain, unpretending duty—when I cannot get out of it. I shall work diligently and honestly and faithfully at all times and upon all occasions—when private and want shall compel me to do so. In

On the Farm

CREAMERY NEEDS.

Four outstanding needs in our creamery industry, so far as the patrons' duties are concerned, are thus enumerated in a folder entitled, "The Babcock Test vs. the Oil Test," issued by the Ontario Department of Agriculture:

(a) Richer or higher-testing cream supplied to our creameries.

(b) Separating done under more cleanly conditions.

(c) The cream cooled immediately after separating, and kept cool until delivered at the creamery or to the cream-drawer.

(d) The use of the Babcock test on the farm, for testing individual cows and the cream which is supplied to the creamery.

1. Regulate your separator to skim not less than a 30-per-cent. cream.

2. Be sure that the speed of the separator is maintained at the required number of turns of the handle.

3. Separate the cream in a room which can be kept clean, free from dust and impure air.

4. Wash the separator every time it is used. You would not think of asking anyone to eat his or her dinner off a plate which had not been washed since the previous meal. Therefore, why do some of our patrons ask people to eat butter which has been manufactured from cream separated with a separator which has not been washed since it was last used?

5. Cool your cream to a temperature of 50 degrees by setting the cans in ice, cold spring water or cold well water immediately after it has been separated.

6. Keep your cream cold and sweet until delivered to the drawer or at the creamery.

7. By sending sour, curdled cream to the creamery, you are the loser, not only in the quality of the butter manufactured from such cream, but also in your test. This means dollars and cents to you. Are you interested in dollars and cents? Is it not for the purpose of making money that you keep cows?

8. Use the Babcock test for testing your cows and the cream you send to the creamery. By the use of the test, you can tell whether your dairy operations are a paying proposition or not.

CROP ROTATION.

Weed eradication has long been a subject of experimentation at the Minnesota Station. Spraying with sulphate of iron has been practised, with more or less beneficial results, proving, however, a better retarder of weeds and of weed-seed development than an actual exterminator. The best results in destroying weeds have come from rotation of crops, according to an article by Prof. A. D. Wilson, Superintendent of the Division of Extension and of Farmers' Institutes, at the Minnesota Experiment Station. Two one-tenth acre plots have been cropped under differing systems of

Take out the meat, stir in tablespoonful of flour, and cook till browned. Add a pint of stock, a small onion stuck with cloves, a teaspoonful of salt, half of pepper, and, lastly, a teaspoonful of vinegar. Return the meat to the pan, cover it and stand at the side of the fire to let the meat cook slowly for three hours. If this cooks fast it will be spoiled.

SALADS.

Cabbage Salad.—Take a small cabbage, chop finely with celery, lettuce, onion, and any cold meat, use mayonnaise dressing, and you will find a dandy salad.

Grape Salad.—Select perfect Tokay grapes, remove from the stems, open on side, remove the seeds carefully and fill the space with tiny balls of cream cheese which has been mixed with a small amount of French dressing. Arrange the grapes on lettuce. Pour over them a mayonnaise and at the side of each plate lay a bunch of grapes.

Almond Fruit Salad.—Dice a can of pineapple into pieces of the size of an almond. To every two cupfuls of the pineapple add a cupful of almonds and a cupful of celery. Serve over this a dressing made exactly like mayonnaise, with the exception of the mustard. Rich, sweet cream, beaten, is preferable.

DESSERTS.

Imitation Tutti Frutti Ice Cream.—Take two tablespoonfuls of gelatin and soak in two tablespoonfuls of cold water. Then take one cupful of granulated sugar and pour one pint of boiling hot water on sugar, and boil ten minutes, while you beat the whites of six eggs real stiff, put the soaked gelatin in the boiled sugar, and pour it over the beaten eggs and continue beating until it begins to set. Then divide into two equal parts, in one part put a little candied pineapples, cherries and ground nuts. After you have them beaten in put this in a square pan. Then take the other half and put half of the little pink tablet mashed to a powder, and beat it until all dissolve, then put it on top of your first layer and place on ice until cold, when it can be sliced like brick ice cream and served with whipped cream.

Fig Pudding.—One cupful of molasses, one cupful of sweet milk, two and one-quarter cupfuls of Graham flour, one cupful of raisins chopped, one teaspoonful of soda, little salt, one teaspoonful of cinnamon, one cupful of chopped figs. Steam three hours. Can be kept like fruit cake and steamed when wanted.

BREAKFAST HELPS.

Maple Syrup.—A good substitute for maple syrup is made by using brown sugar (any amount desired). Cover with enough water to dissolve and boil until it starts to thicken. When done, stir in a few drops of vanilla.

Brown Bread Muffins.—Break into bits sufficient stale bread to fill a quart measure. Cover with a pint of cold milk and soak till soft. Beat to a smooth paste, add the well beaten yolks of three eggs, a tablespoonful of melted butter, and three-fourths of a cupful of Graham flour sifted with a heaping teaspoonful of baking powder. Fold in the well beaten whites of the

stirred thoroughly purified.

A good silence cloth for the dining table can be made with a double thickness of white flannel laid with the soft side on the inside and quilted on the machine; edge with a binding or white tape.

A sticky cake or bread pan should not be cleaned with a knife or anything which will scratch the surface and make striking more probable thereafter. For this reason the crust of bread often advised as a cleaner is not desirable.

People often spoil their walls by driving in nails haphazard, only to find the nails bend because they are being hammered against the bricks. The right method is to pierce the wall with a darning needle to find the crevice between the bricks and then to drive in the nail.

Canned fruit is greatly improved by standing at least an hour in the air, thus restoring the oxygen and making it much richer.

When washing knives never allow the handles to go into the water, as this discolors them and often loosens them. A good plan is to put the knives in a jug of water with just enough water to cover the blades and afterward rub them with a cloth.

Paper wrappings should never be left on meat or any other damp kinds of food longer than is really necessary. Paper (being a compound of rags, lime, etc., with acids and various chemicals intermixed), is clearly not fit for keeping such things in for any length of time. A vinegar and bran poultice is invaluable for pains and aches of all kinds. To make it moisten some bran with vinegar, heat it in a saucepan or in the oven until it is nearly boiling, then put the mixture into a flannel bag. Stitch up the opening, and apply the poultice as hot as possible.

Tea is very much improved if the milk taken with it is made hot. If one is likely to be subject to any great fatigue, or going on a long journey, tea made with boiling milk instead of water will be found a most sustaining and delicious beverage. The tea-pot must be well heated before the tea is placed in it.

KEENLY REALIZED IT.

Astonished maiden—Why, Harry, I'm at least ten years older than you are! You don't know what you're doing!

Harry (embarrassed, but making a brave effort)—Yes, I do, Mabel. I'm trying to propose to you and I know I'm making an awful poor job of it!

MAGIC.

Saple'gh—"Ah, speaking of electricity, that makes me think—"

Miss Keen—"Really, Mr. Saple'gh! Isn't it remarkable what electricity can do?"

ONLY ONCE.

"How often does your road kill a man?" asked a facetious travelling salesman of a conductor the other day.

"Just once," replied the conductor, sourly.

ALL SILENT.

Have you overheard anybody recently wishing for an old-fashioned summer?

in any way attempt to make trouble. I am simply going to do my plain, unpretending duty—when I cannot get out of it. I shall work diligently and honestly and faithfully at all times and upon all occasions—when private and want shall compel me to do so. In writing I shall always confine myself to the truth, except when it is attended with inconvenience. I shall witheringly rebuke all forms of crime and misconduct, except when committed by the party inhabiting my own vest. I shall not make any use of slang or vulgarity upon any occasion or in any circumstances and shall never use profanity except in discussing house rent and taxes. Indeed, upon second thought, I will not even then, for it is inelegant, un-Christian and degrading. I shall not often meddle with politics, because we have a political editor who is already excellent and only needs a term in the penitentiary to be perfect. I shall not write any poetry unless I conceive a spite against the subscribers."

TWO WORDS DEFINED.

Difference between a Sanitarium and a Sanatorium.

The words "sanitarium" and "sanatorium" are popularly understood to have the same meaning and are generally used interchangeably when designating or describing places of refuge for sick people, but there is, in fact, quite a distinction between the meaning of the two words. In answer to a correspondent on this subject the Literary Digest says:

"The distinction between these words lies in the fact that they are derived from two different Latin roots. 'Sanatorium' is derived from the late Latin sanatorius, meaning health giving. The term relates especially to an institution for treatment of disease or care of invalids, especially an establishment employing natural therapeutic agents or conditions peculiar to the locality or some specific treatment or treating particular diseases. On the other hand, 'sanitarium' is derived from the Latin sanitas, from sanus, meaning whole or sound. 'Sanitarium' relates more specifically to a place where the hygienic conditions are preservative of health as distinguished from one where therapeutic agencies are employed. Hence it is the province of a 'sanitarium' to preserve health, that of a 'sanatorium' to restore it. Care should be exercised in combining the proper vowels in these two words in order to indicate correctly the derivation."

Teaching the Cutpurses.

Stow in his account of London between 1500 and 1509 depicts an inn kept by a kind of Fagin of the time of Queen Elizabeth: "One Wotton kept an alehouse . . . near Billingsgate, and in the same house he procured all the cutpurses about the city to repair. There was a school set up to learn young boys to cut purses. Two devices were hung up. The one was a pocket, the other was a purse. The pocket had in it certain counters and was hung about with hawk's bells, and over the top did hang a little scaring bell. The purse had silver in it. And he that could take out a counter without any noise was allowed to be a public fosterer. And he that could take a piece of silver out of the purse without noise of any of the bells was adjudged a judicial nypper, according to their terms of art. A fosterer was a pickpocket; a nypper was a pickpurse or cutpurse."

When death comes it is never our tenderness that we repent of, but our severity.—Elliot.

to be by Prof. A. D. Wilson, Superintendent of the Division of Extension and of Farmers' Institutes, at the Minnesota Experiment Station. Two one-tenth acre plots have been cropped under differing systems of cultivation over a period of sixteen years. One plot was cropped to a five-year rotation system of corn first year, grain second, grass third and fourth, and grain fifth year. The other plot was devoted to wheat each year, the land being plowed early in the fall, carefully disked and prepared for seed. The rotated plot is now substantially free from weeds. The wheat plot is infested with wild oats, though the Station has practised careful hand-pulling of weeds over the several years of experimentation. The two years that the rotation plot grew grass, the hay has been cut so early that weeds had no chance of maturing seed. When the plot was in corn, thorough stirring of the ground was practised, and weeds were killed before they ripened.—Farmer's Advocate.

MAN LEAPED FROM LINER.

Tragic End of Londoner in Fit of Melancholia.

A dramatic incident occurred on board the West African mail steamer Tarquah, which arrived at Plymouth, England, recently, one of the passengers committing suicide by jumping overboard during the voyage. The man was Mr. C. G. Hazell, of Malvern road, West Kilburn, London. Mr. Hazell, who was about 38 years of age, was a well-built and powerful man. He was on his way home on leave from Lagos.

According to the story of those on board Hazell indulged very frequently in liquor at the outset of the voyage, but suddenly he changed his habits and altogether abstained. Afterwards at times he seemed to be bordering on a state of religious melancholia.

One of the stewards went to Mr. Hazell's cabin and found him on his knees engaged in prayer. He naturally withdrew, and in a few minutes Mr. Hazell appeared in the saloon and took his usual seat for dinner, which was then in progress. After partaking of the first course Mr. Hazell carefully folded up his serviette and went on deck.

One of the stewards followed him and was just in time to see him climb on the ship's rail. Realizing that he was intending to jump overboard, the steward hurriedly stepped forward and put a hand on Mr. Hazell's shoulder. The passenger resented the unlooked-for interference, and, in a threatening manner, advanced towards the steward, saying that he should share a similar fate. The steward sought assistance in the person of the third officer. Together they returned to seize Mr. Hazell, but at that moment he once more climbed the ship's rail. As he plunged the two men grasped his clothing and for a moment or two he was suspended between the ship's side and the sea, but so vigorously did he struggle to release himself that he slipped out of their hands and fell into the sea. The body was not recovered.

Some people are so extravagant that they seem to talk merely for the purpose of wasting words.

MICA AXLE GREASE

is the turning-point to economy in wear and tear of wagons. Try a box. Every dealer everywhere.

The Imperial Oil Co., Ltd.

THE MYSTERY CLEARED UP ;

OR, THE HERITAGE OF MADAME YALTA.

CHAPTER IX.—(Cont'd)

She was very pale, less pale, however, than Carnoel who more the impress of the long agony of his captivity. But she walked with a firm step, and the prisoner of Col. Borisoff had lost nothing of his pride. It was plain they had come to ask not pardon, but justice.

They met no one on the great stairway, and were conducted by Georget to the waiting-room attached to M. Dorgeres' office. This hall was empty, but the banker was not alone, for through the door of the office in which he had formerly dismissed Robert de Carnoel could be heard the sound of his voice pitched in a high key. Maxime requested Galopardin to remain in the waiting-room with Georget until called for, opened the door of the office, and moving aside to allow the countess and Robert de Carnoel to pass in, entered immediately after her.

Alice, who was sobbing in the depths of an arm-chair, sprang to her feet. M. Dorgeres uttered a cry of indignation on perceiving the visitors his nephew had brought. He would certainly have burst forth if this former secretary only had been present but he restrained himself, less out of respect for the countess than consideration for his daughter, who was in a condition of extreme nervous excitement.

To vent his anger on some one, he selected Maxime.

"Why do you undertake to bring to my house persons who have no business here?"

"My dear uncle," replied the nephew, quietly, "you will thank me presently for what I have done."

"Thank you! you are mocking me."

"Monsieur," began the countess, calmly, "I beg you to listen to me."

"It is useless, madame. I know what you are going to say. My daughter has already told me, and I do not believe a word of the romance you have invented. As for the man who dares to appear before me when I have driven him away," he added, advancing toward Carnoel, "I am determined not to suffer his presence."

The young man started, and had nearly replied in a manner to cut short all the attempts of his defenders at reconciliation, but his eyes met those of Alice and he was silent.

This proud silence only served to exasperate M. Dorgeres, who resumed in a still sharper tone:

had not written six words before M. Dorgeres seized the paper, and designating Robert de Carnoel, said,

"Enough! I am satisfied. It was certainly you who acted as secretary to monsieur."

"But—no—I do not know him," stammered Galopardin.

By the manner in which he and Robert de Carnoel looked at each other M. Dorgeres could see that they met for the first time, and he began to change his tune.

"Then will you tell me who dictated this letter?"

"Willingly, sir. It was M. Jules Vignory, your cashier."

"You lie!"

"I swear I do not. Vignory was my friend. He came one evening to Cafe Cardinet, bringing me the model of this letter and begging me to copy it—he asserted that he came from you."

"What! he dared—it is impossible. Vignory is an honest man, and you would not repeat what you are saying in his presence."

"I beg your pardon, monsieur, I am all ready, and if you wish to send for him I answer for it, he will not give me the lie."

This answer was made so frankly and naturally that it greatly unsettled the conviction of M. Dorgeres who remained very undecided and much out of countenance.

Carnoel knit his brow. He was now a man to rejoice in being betrayed by a friend, even though the treason should turn to his own profit.

But Alice who had never loved Vignory, and who saw the innocence of Robert made clear—Alice was radiant.

"What do you think now, my dear uncle?" Maxime said gently.

"I think," replied the uncle with ill-humor, "that all this is perhaps a play that has been gotten up, and until I have questioned Vignory—"

He did not finish the sentence.

The door opened, and Georget entered just in time to draw on himself M. Dorgeres' ill-temper.

"You rascal! what did you come here for?"

"Why do you come before I called?" asked Maxime, who wished to reserve for the end of the interview the appearance of the groom.

"Do you know, wretched child," resumed the banker, "that I might have you sent to prison? My daughter has told me that you have aided rogues to open my safe with a false key. You are a thief."

compelled to defer the restitution till the next day. It cost me much to take this step, for you would naturally reproach my heedlessness. A cashier who forgets fifty thousand francs in a drawer is guilty of culpable negligence. I was, however, resolved to confront a blame I deserved only too well, but an evil thought occurred to me. I had sometimes dared to dream of becoming your partner and son-in-law. It was a dream, but you had shown so much interest in me that it did not seem one impossible to realize. However, I spoke to no one of these chimeras which I secretly caressed, and would never have permitted any one to see that I entertained the shadow of such a hope. I resigned myself to love Mlle. Dorgeres in silence, for I did love her with a disinterested love, and would have wished she were poor I might aspire openly to her hand. I suffered the more since she did not—she could not—love me because she was betrothed to Robert de Carnoel, my comrade, my friend. And Robert, wounded by the repulse he had just met with, had gone away swearing that he meant to expatriate himself—that he would never return. The obstacle which rose up between Mlle. Dorgeres and me had disappeared. I carried my delusion so far as to believe the day would come when she would forget the absent one and would come at length to perceive that I adored her.

"But the day after I discovered the missing sum I received from Carnoel a letter, through which I learned that after a short journey to Brittany he had returned to Paris; that he would remain there some days in the hope of making arrangements for going to America, and meant to attempt a meeting with Mlle. Dorgeres. He gave me his address and asked to see me. This letter overwhelmed me. All my plans crumbled away, for I felt that Carnoel could easily justify himself if he was in a situation to make explanations. Then despair seized me and jealousy suggested an infernal thought. This money, which I should have reported to you, I would not keep it, and dreaded, in returning it, well-merited reproaches. The loss of fifty thousand francs affected you very little and you had ceased to think of it. It occurred to me to send it to Carnoel, feigning an anonymous restitution. I said to myself that this money would enable him to live in foreign parts and even make his fortune there; that in sending it to him without his suspecting whence it came, I should accomplish a reparation in saving from poverty the friend whose flight left the field open to my ambition.

"I said this, but I lied to myself; I forced myself to hide from my own eyes the base feeling which prompted me. And I begin to-day to expiate my crime by confessing the truth. At heart I had only one object. To ruin Robert de Carnoel forever if he should venture to reappear. I knew M. Borisoff was searching for him; that if he succeeded in discovering him he would find on him the missing sum; that you would be informed of this discovery, and that Mlle. Dorgeres could never marry a dishonored man. It was an odious calculation—cowardly, infamous, and I thank God that he has baffled it by means of your nephew. Now you

HINTS FOR THE HOME.

Fresh meat should never be allowed to remain in paper. It absorbs the juices.

Calico shrinks in the washing. When making it up, allow one inch in the yard for this.

A boiled leg of mutton will present a far better appearance on the table if it has been wrapped in a cloth while cooking.

Never rinse lace in blue water, it entirely spoils the color. Many people rinse it finally in skim milk, to give it the exact shade.

Store soap for a month before using. Cut it into pieces and pile up in a dry place so that the air can get to it.

A joint of meat may be kept sweet for many days if wrapped in a fine cloth wrung out in vinegar and hung in the air.

In case of fire a wet silk handkerchief tied over the nose and mouth is a complete security against suffocation from smoke.

Ink stains on a white silk blouse can be removed. Make a paste of salt and lemon-juice and lay it on the stains, and they will soon disappear.

Cotton dresses and petticoats and other starched goods should not be put away till next year with the starch in them. Wash them and rough dry them, and then they will not rot.

Jabots Hints.—Dissolve a pinch of granulated sugar in a basin of water and wring the articles out in it. Roll them in a cloth and let them lie for half an hour. When ironed they will look like new.

An inexpensive disinfectant for a sick room can be made as follows: Put some ground coffee in a saucer and in the middle place a small piece of camphor gum. Light the gum with a match. As the gum allows the coffee to burn with it the smell is most refreshing and healthful.

To keep light colored summer dresses and stockings pretty and fresh looking, purchase packages of any standard dye, as many colors as you have different colored dresses. Dissolve each dye in about a quart of boiling water, and when cool bottle. When washing your pink or blue dress add a few drops, or sufficient to make the desired color, of the pink or blue dye, as the case may be, to the last rinsing water. Just as a few drops of bluing added to the rinsing water will benefit white goods, so this compound will restore the faded dress to its original brightness. The dresses must be hung to dry in a shady place.

SALADS.

Cupid's Salad.—Cut four oranges in halves, scoop out the pulp, keeping the peel whole; slice two bananas, hull and slice seven pints of strawberries. Place all materials on ice. Make a dressing of one tart apple, one egg, sugar, and one tablespoonful brandy. Grate the apple and sprinkle with sugar as you grate it, so as to keep it from turning dark. Add to it the brandy and unbeaten egg whites, and with a wire egg beater, beat until it is stiff and fluffy. Take the orange cups and with a sharp scissors cut small scallops near the top and tie them together in pairs, using baby ribbon for tying. When ready to serve fill the orange cups with the prepared fruit and heap the dress-

nearily replied in a manner to cut short all the attempts of his defenders at reconciliation, but his eyes met those of Alice and he was silent.

This proud silence only served to exasperate M. Dorgeres, who resumed in a still sharper tone:

"This assurance is too much, and it is time to put an end to it. My daughter, madame, has repeated what you have told her—that you have attempted to force the safe. You are free to boast of an action at which you should blush, but do not hope to persuade me that your protegee is not also your accomplice. I do not wish to pursue him. I even wish to forget your unjustifiable conduct; but I have no use for your explanations. They will not exonerate the man you are bent on upholding. You wished only the papers of Borisoff, that is possible, but M. de Carnoel has taken from me fifty thousand francs. This pretended letter witnesses against him. It has been fabricated in his defence, and I would defy him to present me the so-called debtor who wrote it."

"Do you wish to see him?" asked Maxime, approaching the door.

"To see—whom?" exclaimed M. Dorgeres.

"I ask you," replied Maxime, quietly, "if you wish to see the person who wrote that letter?"

"What stupid joke is this?"

"Nothing is more serious. The person is there in your ante-chamber, and with or without your permission I am going to call him in."

And partly opening the door, Maxime put his head out:

"Be so good, dear monsieur, as to enter," he said to the clerk who was seated beside Georget on a bench; "my uncle wishes to speak with you."

"No, no; not at all," growled the banker.

Maxime took no notice of this denial, and drawing Galopardin after him, ushered him into the office.

The joyous youth, thus forced to appear before an imposing assemblage, thought no more of imitating the cock. He opened his eyes in a scared manner, bowed all around, and turned his hat awkwardly in his hands.

"Who are you?" asked M. Dorgeres, roughly.

"Galopardin," stammered the employee. "Agenor Galopardin, book-keeper at M. Charoule's, wholesale charcoal merchant, Rue de Flandre. If you wished, monsieur, any information about me, my patron would tell you that—"

"I know your patron, but no matter about him. What did you come here for?"

"I—I don't know—"

"But I know," said Maxime. "Come forward, monsieur. Take that paper that is on my uncle's table."

Galopardin obeyed mechanically, and as soon as he had the letter in his hands, exclaimed:

"Hold! this is the letter that I wrote."

"You!" exclaimed the banker, "you wrote that! We shall see pretty soon whether you are telling the truth. Here is a pen and ink. Copy the first sentence."

Galopardin thought perhaps the banker before offering him a situation in his banking house wanted to see if he wrote a good hand. He excused himself from taking the banker's chair, and set to work calligraphing with great pains. He

to reserve the end of the interview the appearance of the groom.

"Do you know, wretched child," resumed the banker, "that I might have you sent to prison? My daughter has told me that you have aided rogues to open my safe with a false key. You are a thief."

"Yes," replied the boy tranquilly, "if to be a thief is to assist brave people to recover papers that a police spy wanted to make use of to their hurt. Have me arrested if you think I deserve it."

"All very well," said Maxime impatiently, "but I forbade you to come in till I called."

"M. Maxime, you need not be angry with me. It was M. Vignory who sent me."

"M. Vignory! Have you lost your mind?"

"He arrived like some one mad. He asked if M. Dorgeres was in the office. I told him that he was with you, with Mlle. Alice, with Madame the Countess, and M. Robert; then he gave me this letter and told me to bring it immediately to the patron, and he has fled."

"A letter!" exclaimed M. Dorgeres; "a letter from Vignory. Give it to me, boy."

Georget handed it to his patron who broke the seal nervously. Each one present understood that the denouement of this family drama was imminent and there was a profound silence.

The banker read, and they could follow on his face the impressions that were created. He turned pale, his features contracted, and soon two big tears rolled down his cheeks.

At length he raised his head and said in a husky voice:

"Listen."

"Monsieur," wrote Jules Vignory, "this is my confession. You doubtless know already the unworthy act of which I have been guilty, for I have just met the friend who unconsciously aided me in it. I understand that you were about to be informed of what I had done, and that I was lost. There remains nothing for me but to quit France never to return. I have deserved my fate; I do not complain, and if I write it is not in the hope to justify myself. But, perhaps, when you have read my full confession you will judge me less severely. The day M. Borisoff came to claim his casket, I arrived at the office several minutes before him and found the safe open. I had to reproach myself with not having warned you of the first attempt at theft. When I saw that the thieves had begun again, and this time had succeeded, I lost my senses to that degree that on ascertaining the deficit of the fifty thousand francs I forgot entirely that the evening before I had put aside these five packages of notes prepared by me to pay a draft. They were in my table drawer, where I found them several days after. At this moment you were accusing M. de Carnoel, and M. Borisoff was engaged in pursuing him to recover his casket. I did not accuse Robert, who honored me with his friendship, but I suspected him. When I placed my hand on the missing sum my first feeling was one of joy. I was happy to be able to prove that my friend had been calumniated, and to do that I only needed to bring you this money. Unfortunately, you had gone out. I did not succeed in getting an interview with you during the evening and was

you would be informed of this discovery, and that Mlle. Dorgeres could never marry a dishonored man. It was an odious calculation—cowardly, infamous, and I thank God that he has baffled it by means of your nephew. Now you know all. I am ignorant what has become of M. de Carnoel, and I earnestly hope my confession will arrive in time to prevent an atrocious injustice. I have done. There only remains for me to ask, not that you will pardon, but that you will forget me. Adieu, you who have overwhelmed me with benefits. Adieu all you whom I have loved. I go, and you shall never hear of me again. Adieu, and pray God for one who is desperate."

It was all, and it was enough. Maxime wept, he who never shed tears, and looked at the Countess Yalta.

Georget bounded with joy. Galopardin smiled to keep himself in countenance.

Suddenly the countess turned pale and staggered. Maxime came forward to support her.

(To be continued.)

CAUTIOUS.

"Excuse me," said the old lady, as she entered the drug store, "but are you a registered pharmacist?"

"Certainly, ma'am," answered the clerk.

"You have a diploma, I suppose?"

"Yes, ma'am."

"How long have you been in the business?"

"About ten years."

"Well, I guess you are all right. Give me a couple of postage stamps, please."

AS INDICATED.

Myer—"Ever notice that dilapidated old umbrella Jones carries?"

Gyer—"Yes. It is evidently one of the shades of his ancestors."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

About all you have to do to make a boy hate any particular kind of food is to tell him that it is healthful.

Much distress and sickness in children is caused by worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator gives relief by removing the cause. Give it a trial and be convinced.

AN ADDER.

Tommy—"There's a girl at our school, mamma, they call 'Postscript.' Do you know why?"

Mamma—"No, dear."

Tommy—"Because her name is Adeline Moore."

Don't experiment with unsatisfactory substitutes. Wilson's Fly Pads are the best fly killers more flies than any other article.

"What did you think of that girl at her coming-out party?" "Well, to be perfectly frank, I thought she'd better go back."

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS have found Painkiller very useful. There is nothing equal to it in all cases of bowel troubles. Avoid substitutes; there is but one "Painkiller"—Perry Davis—25c. and 50c.

A hook in the jaw is apt to finish both the fish and the fighter.

Minard's Liniment Cures Cagot in Cows.

stiff and fluffy. Take the orange cups and with a sharp scissors cut small scallops near the top and tie them together in pairs, using baby ribbon for tying. When ready to serve fill the orange cups with the prepared fruit and heap the dressing on top. Put a large strawberry on each half orange. Place a pair of cups on a salad plate on the table between each couple. They can untie them or not, as they please.

Cuban Salad.—On lettuce leaves place bits of string beans, asparagus, raw onion, green sweet peppers, sliced boiled eggs, and radishes. Pour over all a dressing of oil, salt, pepper, and lemon juice.

Tomato Jelly Salad.—Put a border mold into a pan of ice water. Dip chilled slices of egg which have been boiled hard into half a teaspoonful of gelatin softened in a little cold water, and melted over the tea kettle, and put them at equal distances upon the sides of the mold, holding each in place till it becomes "set." Then fill mold with tomato jelly made as follows: One can tomatoes, two whole cloves, two bay leaves, one-half cup water, one tablespoon sugar, one saltspoon celery seeds. Boil ten minutes and then add two rounded tablespoonfuls gelatin dissolved in a half cup of cold water. Strain when cold into mold. When ready to serve turn from mold and fill the open center with crisp lettuce leaves. Serve with mayonnaise or boiled dressing in a separate dish.

THE SEWING ROOM.

Apron Hangers.—A two inch piece of linen tape or fold of same material sewed to the center of band on wrong side makes a fine hanger for aprons. Keeps them fresh much longer.

Shirtwaist Trimming.—An effective trimming for a shirtwaist is obtained by purchasing a round or square dolly having the torchon or cluny lace shaped around it. Remove the lace and applique on a waist fastened in the back and cut out the linen underneath. Twenty-five or fifty cents will buy dollies, according to size. For more elaborate trimming two of sizes to fit, one beneath the other, could be used.

To Protect Petticoat.—To protect your silk petticoats from the dirt and save cleaning so often make a flounce of some nice white wash material, India linen, or batiste. Trim with lace, then put on to band an inch wide after you have measured to get the exact width of petticoat. This can be basted on the under side and be removed as often as necessary to be sent to laundry. This you will find will prolong the wear of the garment.

Sewing on Hooks.—When sewing on hooks on a wash dress which will need frequent pressing, try sewing the eyes on the upper flap and the hooks on the under instead of the reverse (the usual way). The outer flap may then be ironed smoothly, and the closing will be truly invisible.

New Use for Flouncing.—Three yards of embroidery flouncing makes a pretty piano cover, inasmuch as it launders well and is inexpensive. Some dainty patterns can be had as reasonable as 29 cents to 55 cents a yard. Miter at corners to fit piano top and you will be much pleased with the effect.

WORDS OF CAUTION TO YOUNG MOTHERS

Mothers must keep guard over the health of their little ones during the summer months. Summer is an anxious time for all mothers, but more especially for young mothers. It is the most fatal time of the year for babies and young children. It is then that stomach and bowel troubles come almost without warning, and often before the mother realizes there is any danger, the little one may be beyond aid. The mother must take strict caution to keep her little one's stomach sweet and pure and his bowels moving regularly. No other medicine can do this so quickly and thoroughly as Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets should always be kept in the house. An occasional dose will keep baby well or if illness comes on suddenly the Tablets will quickly remove the cause and make baby well and happy. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

HIS SPELLING.

Little Wee had been brought up to be polite, and not to interrupt when there was company unless it was very important. He always remembered this and kept very quiet. One day there were visitors, who talked and stayed and stayed, until poor little Wee was tired. He wished them to go, but not for anything would he let them see this. All of a sudden he thought of a nice plan that his mother and father knew when he was too little to spell and they did not want to hurt his feelings. So in a little pause in the ladies' talk, Wee said, in his prettiest way, "Mother, please can't we be a-l-o-n-e?" And all the visitors laughed and kissed him good-by, and gave him his good mother all to himself.—Youth's Companion.

NO GRAMMARIAN.

Wearly Willie—Lady, kin youse give a poor feller a bite 't eat? Mrs. Ruralum—Why, certainly. Did you see a pile of wood as you came in? Wearly Willie—Yes'm, I seen it. Mrs. Ruralum—You mean you saw it. Wearly Willie (beating it while his shoes were good)—Scuse me, lady, but I ain't no grammarian.

TRUTH IN A NUTSHELL.

"Move inside, gents," cried the conductor on the crowded trolley. "Ye're breakin' the rules standin' on the platform here." "Some o' them ain't," piped up a little man. "They're standin' on my feet."

Regarded as one of the most potent compounds ever introduced with which to combat all summer complaints and inflammation of the bowels, Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial has won for itself a reputation that no other cordial for the purpose can aspire to. For young or old suffering from these complaints it is the best medicine that can be procured.

ALL SILENT.

Have you overheard anybody recently wishing for an old-fashioned summer?

USES OF KEROSENE.

The labor of housework may be materially lessened and better results obtained by the use of kerosene instead of soap, powder, or polisher. It is a foe to soil and grime, which disappear under its use as if by magic.

To wash windows—Add one-half cupful of kerosene to a gallon of cold or tepid water. Wash with one cloth, wipe dry with a second, and then rub lightly with a third. The result will be windows of a brilliancy and transparency not to be obtained by any other means. Mirrors and chandelier globes may be treated in the same manner.

To polish hardwood floors and woodwork: Wipe the surfaces with a cloth slightly dampened with kerosene, then rub lightly with an old soft cloth.

To whiten clothes: Three tablespoonfuls of kerosene added to the clothes while boiling makes an excellent bleach. Care must be taken to use only hot water for rinsing and bluing the clothes after the use of kerosene.

This cleanser has the additional value of being excellent for the hands, both softening and whitening them.

When you bump up against something that you can't afford to do and can't afford not to do, what do you do?

Red, Weak, Watery, Watery Eyes.
Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 50c At Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

THE ONE THING.

There are a million things I want
And hope to get somehow;
But just a glass of lemonade
Is all I think of now.

Holloway's Corn Cure destroys all kinds of corns and warts, root and branch. Who, then would endure them with such a cheap and effectual remedy within reach?

A DROUGHT.

"They also advertised shower baths at the summer resort where we put in the summer."
"Didn't they have them?"
"Now, there wasn't a shower all summer."

Wire Wounds

My mare, a very valuable one, was badly bruised and cut by being caught in a wire fence. Some of the wounds would not heal, although I tried many different medicines. Dr. Bell advised me to use MINARD'S LINIMENT, diluted at first then stronger as the sores began to look better, until after three weeks, the sores have healed, and best of all, the hair is growing well, and is NOT WHITE as is most always the case in horse wounds.

Weymouth.

F. M. DOUGET.

COWARDLY EGG.

"When I arose to speak," said the martyred statesman, "someone hurled a base, cowardly egg at me, and it struck me in the chest."
"And what kind of an egg might that be?" asked the young man.
"A base, cowardly egg," explained the statesman, "is one that hits you and then runs."

An Easy Pill to Take.—Some persons have repugnance to pills because of their nauseating taste.

SHREDDED

Builds Strong, Healthy, Sturdy Youngsters.

To serve—heat in oven, pour hot milk over it and salt to taste. Sold by all grocers, 13c. a carton; two for 25c.

WHEAT

MAPLEINE

A flavoring used the same as lemon or vanilla. By dissolving granulated sugar in water and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made and a syrup better than maple. Mapleine is sold by grocers. If not send 50c for 7 oz. bottle and recipe book. Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wa.

ABSENT-MINDED SCOTCHMAN.

The Scotchman could not find his ticket. On the conductor's second round it was still missing. "What's that in your mouth?" he asked. Sure enough, there was the missing ticket. The conductor punched it and went his way. "Ah, we've," said Sandy, in reply to his fellow-passengers' banter, "I'm nae sae absent-minded as ye wad think. Yon was a vera uld ticket and I was jist sucken aff the date."

SHE WASN'T SKEPTICAL.

Young Lady—The last bread I got of you was so hard I couldn't eat it.

Baker (indignantly)—Young lady, I want you to know that I made bread before you were born.

Young Lady—Oh, I don't doubt it. I think that was some of it you sold me.

EVER HEARD IT NEXT DOOR?

Myer—"In some countries sheet music is sold by the pound."

Gyer—"Yes, and a good deal of it is played by the same method in this country."

HOW HE ADVERTISED.

"Wife—"Be sure to advertise for Fido in the morning newspapers."

Next day the wife read as follows in the newspapers:

"Lost—A mangy lapdog, with one eye and no tail. Too fat to walk. Answers to the name of Fido. If returned stuffed, large reward."

If every housekeeper would use Wilson's Fly Pads freely during the summer months, the house fly peril would soon be greatly diminished.

ALSO THE TIN.

To a gentleman who had married the daughter of a rich biscuit baker a friend said:

"So you have taken, not the cake, but the biscuit this time?"

"Yes, and the tin with it," was the witty, if ungallant, reply.

"Man is Filled With Misery."—This is not true of all men. The well, sound of lung, clear of eye, alert and buoyant with health, are not miserable, whatever may be their social condition. To be well is to be happy, and we can all be well by getting and keeping our bodies in a healthful state. Dr. Thomas' Food.

RRR

RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO AND ALL PAINFUL AFFECTIONS

Infammation of the Kidneys, of the Bladder, of the Bowels, of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing, Croup, Catarrh, Influenza, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Cold Chills, Ague Chills, Chills, Fevers, quickly cured by

Radway's Ready Relief

"THE FENCE MAN" SELLS IRON and Wire Fences at factory prices. Write for booklet. Address: Toronto.

FOR ENGINES, BOILERS, PUMPS, IRON and Wood-Working Machinery, Gasoline Engines, Electric Motors and Contractors Machinery, write H. W. Petrie, Limited, Toronto.

CHENILLE CURTAINS
and all kinds of house hangings, also

LACE CURTAINS DYED AND CLEANED LIKE NEW.

Write to us about yours.

BRITISH AMERICAN DYING CO., Box 158, Montreal

COBALT STOCKS

Northern Crown Bank Home Bank Stock
Hamilton Cattle Co. Farmers Bank
Dominion Fur Merchant Sun & Hastings Loan

And All Unlisted Stocks

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GREVILLE & CO., 43 Scott St., TORONTO

Established 1890. Tel. Main 2189

CANCER, Tumors, Lumps, etc. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co. Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

Is Your Hearing Good?

The HEAROPHONE will give you the benefits of good hearing. Send for free booklet, giving particulars and names of satisfied users. Also

Special Offer for a Month's Home Trial.

THE BRAND ELECTRO OZONE LIMITED,

334 Spadina Avenue, Toronto.

Queen's University and College

KINGSTON ONTARIO.

ARTS
EDUCATION
THEOLOGY
MEDICINE

SCIENCE (Including Engineering)

The Arts course may be taken without attendance, but students desiring to graduate must attend one session. There were 1517 students registered session

young or old suffering from the complaints it is the best medicine that can be procured.

ALL SILENT.

Have you overheard anybody recently wishing for an old-fashioned summer?

SEE THAT YOU GET THE REAL THING.

Unscrupulous makers are putting up a counterfeit of "The D. & L. Menthol Plaster." The genuine is made by Davis & Lawrence Co.

RESIST EVIL.

If a bribe is offered you, Promptly spurn it;
If you write a thing untrue, Better burn it;
If you ever go amiss And in stealing seek for bliss, Should you merely steal a kiss, Best return it.

The destruction of the house fly is a public duty. Almost all Boards of Health are now carrying on a crusade against it. A bulletin recently issued by the Dominion Government states that no house fly is free from disease germs. Use Wilson's Fly Pads freely and persistently, and do your share towards exterminating this menace to the public health.

TRIED HER BEST.

"Thank you," she said, as he finally gave her his seat in the car. "It's almost impossible to stand on your feet."
"That was because I kept pulling 'em out of your way, ma'am," he replied.

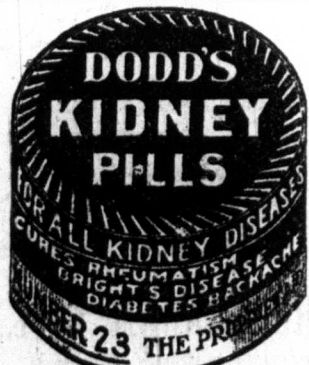
The Bowels Must Act Healthily. —In most ailments the first care of the medical man is to see that the bowels are open and fully performing their functions. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so compounded that certain ingredients in them act on the bowels solely and they are the very best medicine available to produce healthy action of the bowels. Indeed, there is no other specific so serviceable in keeping the digestive organs in healthful action.

Smite a fly on one cheek and he returneth to the other.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

A SUM IN ADDITION.

Herr Pastor—"I've made seven people happy to-day; I've just married three couples."
Friend—"But that's only six people."
Herr Pastor—"Well, how about myself?"



ISSUE NO. 80-10.

that be?" asked the young man. "A base, cowardly egg," explained the statesman, "is one that hits you and then runs."

An Easy Pill to Take.—Some persons have repugnance to pills because of their nauseating taste. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so prepared as to make them agreeable to the most fastidious. The most delicate can take them without feeling the revulsion that follows the taking of ordinary pills. This is one reason for the popularity of these celebrated pills, but the main reason is their high tonical quality as a medicine for the stomach.

AT A DISADVANTAGE.

Two boys who managed to be rather unruly in school so exasperated their teacher that she ordered them to remain after hours and write their names one thousand times.

They plunged into the task. Some fifteen minutes later one of them grew uneasy, and began watching his companion in disgrace.

Suddenly the watcher burst out, with despair, between his sobs, and said to the teacher: "'Tain't fair, mum; his name's Bush, and mine Schluttermeyer."

"Man is Filled With Misery."—This is not true of all men. The well, sound of lung, clear of eye, alert and buoyant with health, are not miserable, whatever may be their social condition. To be well is to be happy, and we can all be well by getting and keeping our bodies in a healthful state. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will help all to do this.

You can't keep a good thermometer down.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

GOOD FISHING.

"How's fishing around here?"
"Great; this is one spot where there are no big ones to get away."

PILES.
You will find relief in Zam-Buk! It eases the burning, stinging pain, stops bleeding and brings ease. Perseverance, with Zam-Buk, means cure. Why not prove this? All Druggists and Stores.—60c box.

Zam-Buk
FOR ALL SUMMER SORES.

EDUCATION THEOLOGY MEDICINE

SCIENCE (Including Engineering)

The Arts course may be taken without attendance, but students desiring to graduate must attend one session. There were 1517 students registered session 1909-10.

For Calendars, write the Registrar, GEO. Y. CHOWN, B.A. Kingston, Ontario.

14

COOPER'S FLY KNOCKER

Positively protects horses, cattle, and all live stock from horn-flies, blow-flies, gad-flies, lice, mites,

and all these insects which worry them almost to death in the hot weather.

Your cows will give 1/2 more milk, your horses will work better, your sheep will be healthier, if you use FLY KNOCKER.

Quickly, easily and economically applied with a sprayer. One gallon will protect cows for two weeks, at a cost of less than one cent a day each.

\$1.75 A GALLON
50c. A QUART

WM. COOPER & NEPHEWS
TORONTO.

10
OMEGA
WATCHES
FREE



Cut This Out
AND READ EVERY WORD

10
OMEGA
WATCHES
FREE

COUNT THE DOTS AND GET A PRIZE

In the outside circle around the Omega Watch

Have you a good eye, and a little patience. The confirmation may win you a valuable watch absolutely free, try it anyway, full particulars are printed below. "Read Every Word."

INSTRUCTIONS TO CONTESTANTS

Count the dots, write your name (stating whether Mr., Mrs. or Miss) and address plainly on a piece of paper or a post card, mark on the outside (For Dot Contest) and mail your answer so that we will receive it not later than Aug. 10th, 1910, to

ELLIS BROS., 108 YONGE ST., TORONTO

Answers may reach us any time on or before August 10th, 1910. Results will be announced in this paper early in September. The prizes will be awarded in the order they are drawn.

Some prominent disinterested person in Toronto will be requested to draw the winning answers.

Ten watches only will be given away but every one who answers correctly will receive a consolation prize.

If there are not ten correct answers the balance of the watches will be sent to the next nearest.

A Letter from one of Last Year's Winners

Cedarville, April 18, 1910.
Dear Sirs.—Last summer I won a 15-jewel Sterling Case Watch as first prize and I may say that it is O.K. in every respect.
And I may say that if Ellis Bros. do as much for others as they did in my case they will do more than they advertise.
If there are any who desire information in regard to the Omega Watch please direct him to me.
Wishing Ellis Bros. success, I remain, yours truly,
(Signed) John Gillespie, Cedarville, Ont.



LIST OF PRIZES

10 Prizes, Cash value \$152.50. "Omega" Watches, 3rd first prize in every respect, 5 arc, Omit's sizes 1, 2 & 3 are Ladies' sizes.

Men's Prizes

1st Prize—"Omega" 21 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Sovereign" Gold Filled Case, Cash value, \$25.00
2nd Prize—"Omega" 17 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Sovereign" Gold Filled Case, Cash value, \$17.50
3rd Prize—"Omega" 15 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Banner" Gold Filled Case, Cash value, \$12.00
4th Prize—"Omega" 15 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Silver Oxidized" Case, Cash value, \$12.00
5th Prize—"Omega" 15 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Regal" Sterling Silver Case, Cash value, \$9.75

Ladies' Prizes

1st Prize—"Omega" 15 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Regal" Solid Gold Case, Cash value, \$25.00
2nd Prize—"Omega" 17 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Sovereign" Gold Filled Case, Cash value, \$17.50
3rd Prize—"Omega" 15 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Silver Oxidized" Case, Cash value, \$12.00
4th Prize—"Omega" 15 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Silver Gilt Enameled" Case, Cash value, \$12.00
5th Prize—"Omega" 15 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Enameled" Case, Cash value, \$9.75

EVERY CONTESTANT WILL RECEIVE A PRIZE

To those who are not fortunate to win a watch we will send absolutely free of charge, a \$1.00 (One Dollar) coupon, which we will accept at any time as part payment on an Omega Watch at the established selling prices. There is no time limit to the use of these coupons. We will still continue to honor the coupons which were distributed as prizes in our Omega Watch Dot Contest of 1909.

PARTICULARS

The winners of the five men's watches will be determined by drawing five answers from the correct ones received from men only. The winners of the five ladies' watches will be determined by drawing from correct answers received from ladies only.

ELLIS BROS. DIAMOND & WATCH IMPORTERS
108 Yonge St., TORONTO, Canada



FINAL CLEAN-UP On Men's Oxfords.

We have decided to clear out every pair of Men's Oxfords in stock. You may have your choice of any \$3.50, \$4.00, or \$5.00 Gents' Oxford in stock

At \$2.50

These are all strictly high grade Shoes and made of Patent Colt or Tan Calfskin with Goodyear Welted Soles.

SUIT CASES

EXTRA SPECIAL Japanese Matting Suit Cases, strongly bound and well lined. Prices

22 inch \$2.50, 24 inch \$2.75, 26 inch \$3

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.
Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.

SALT

In barrels, ordinary fine.

In large bags, coarse.

In 5, 10 and 50 lb. bags, fine salt for table and dairy.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Phone 130.

To My Patrons

GREETING—

As the Seed Season is nearing its close, please accept my sincere thanks for your liberal patronage, and allow me to suggest that as July 1st is practically the end, all seed accounts may be squared away by that date.

Yours respectfully,

Thos. Symington.

Napanee, June 7th.

FISHING TACKLE

We have everything you need for your fishing trip whether you are just going down the river for the half holiday or on a more extended trip.

Star, Pearl, Dominion and Skinner Trolling Spoons.

Phantom, Dowajiac and Kazoo Minnows.

Steel and Bamboo Poles.

And a large assortment of Reels, Lines, etc.

Be sure and see our Folding Cots, Tables, etc. They are just the thing for a Fishing or Camping Trip.

THERMOS BOTTLES

Keep Liquids HOT OR COLD.

COAL, CORDWOOD, STOVE WOOD,

—AND—

PINE EDGINGS

FOR SALE.

CHAS. STEVENS.

Office, West Side Market Square, 'Phone 104
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-14

**Nearly 600,000
Revolutions**

CLEARING OUT PRINTS and GINGHAMS

Crum's Standard Cloth 15c for.....	12 1-2c
Best Canadian Prints 10c for.....	8 cts.
Anderson's Gingham 15c for.....	12 1-2c
Anderson's Gingham 12 1/2c for.....	10 cts.
Canadian Gingham 10c for.....	8 cts.

These are Goods that cannot be replaced at the price.

A.E. Lazier.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.
30-3-m

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

First-Class Workmen.
Lightest and Brightest Shop in Napanee.
No work done on Sunday.
GIVE US A CALL.

We Lead, Others Follow.

Following are the prices which prevail at the End Barber Shop. Hair cut, 15c, Mass e, 15c, shave, 10c, beard trimmed, 10c. All work guaranteed first-class.
J. N. OSBORNE, Prop.

Swimming wings at Wallace's Drug Store, price 35c if you order by mail enclose 5c postage—T. B. Wallace Phm. B. The Prescription Druggist. Napanee.

The death occurred Monday of Mrs. Ann Quigley, wife of John Quigley, Selby, in the eighty-third year of her age. The funeral took place on Wednesday at Riverside cemetery.

Mrs. Arthur Plumley tood Master Reginald back to Watertown on Wednesday to undergo Pasteur treatment on account of having been bitten by a dog in Watertown last week.

Mr. Marks, who was a resident of Napanee for a number of months, but now at Gravenhurst Sanitarium, had the misfortune to upset out of a canoe with two ladies. Both ladies were drowned.

Alf. Holmes and Skipper Mills sailed the yacht Kelox 1 to Brighton on Monday last, where Mr. Holmes met friends from Cobourg, who helped him sail her to Oshawa, where he is situated in the bank at present.

The Osa cheese factory owned by

Old fashioned Hair Vigor.

You can still get the old fashioned hair vigor in dollar bottles at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

Half Holidays.

We, the undersigned blacksmiths of the town of Napanee, do hereby agree to hold every Wednesday afternoon as a holiday during July and August, commencing July 13th: H. Savage, A. O. Sine, Fred Edgar, D. Benn, W. Hall, G. H. Brown, E. Graham, J. M. Graham, E. Pringle.

Scranton Coal Once More

Mr. P. Gleeson has purchased the Bartlett coal docks and grain warehouse and will open up in the course of a few weeks with a fresh mined stock of the celebrated Scranton Coal. He will also be in the market for the purchase of grain and baled hay, and solicits a share of your patronage. 34tf

Monuments.

All who intend purchasing a monument or tablet, posts, &c. would do well to call and get our prices before leaving their order elsewhere. First class materials and workmanship guaranteed.

Your patronage solicited

C. J. PAPINEAU.

Works opposite Dominion Bank, Napanee.

Fall Fairs in This District.

Belleville, Sept. 13 and 14th.
Brockville, Aug. 30 to Sept. 2nd.
Campbellford, Sept. 27 and 28th.
Cobourg, Sept. 21st and 22nd.
Demorestville, October 8th.
Napanee, Sept. 15 and 16th.
Ottawa, Sept. 9 to 17th.
Picton, Sept. 21st and 22nd.
Port Hope, Oct. 3 and 4th.
Tweed, Oct. 4 and 5th.

Death of a Former Napaneean.

Kenneth McK. Hough, popularly known as "Kip" died suddenly in the Victoria Hotel, Winnipeg, Saturday night last, of heart trouble. He had gone to Winnipeg to take over the management of an hotel and was to have completed negotiations on Monday. He was a very stout man and his sudden demise is attributed to a flabby heart. Deceased was married five years ago and leaves a sorrowing young widow. For the past four years deceased had been proprietor of the Humber Hotel in Toronto. "Kip" was well-known and had many friends in Napanee, having spent a good portion of his boyhood days here.

Trinity Church Excursion to 1000 Islands.

This excursion carried the largest number this year that they have ever had. During the trip there were a few unavoidable incidents which marred the usual perfect comfort and charm of this yearly excursion. Owing to the "Sons of England" running an excursion from Belleville to the 1000 Islands the same day, the Railway did not furnish sufficient cars to properly accommodate the crowd on the way down. The wheels on one of the cars skidded on the track and wore a part of the circle flat, which necessitated a change of cars at Kingston Junction. Then owing to the strike, the sidings at Kingston next to the dock were blocked with box cars, and the excursionists had to walk a short distance to the boat. The boat the "Quinte Queen", is licensed by the Government to carry 350 Adults. There were only 300 Adults on board and 24 children, but the boat seemed overly crowded and there was not the usual comfort. Last year there were only 183 on board the Aletha and she is licensed to carry 300. The committee in charge feel very thankful for the patronage given them and regret these difficulties which were unforeseen. Already they are laying out a much better program for next years trip and will secure ample accommodation for all.

Binder whips and binder twine, Plymouth Twine is best.

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Reels, Lines, etc.

Be sure and see our Folding Cots, Tables, etc. They are just the thing for a Fishing or Camping Trip.

THERMOS BOTTLES

Keep Liquids HOT OR COLD.

M. S. MADOLE,

Napanee's Leading Hardware Store.

'Phone, 13.

We close Wednesdays at 12 30 p.m.



Sterling Silver.

You have seen silverware handed down from generation to generation. Have you not? Yes, you certainly have. Seventy-five years hence people will be showing with pride and pleasure the Sterling goods purchased from Smith in 1910. Call, look over our stock and be convinced that we are the only people from whom to purchase Sterling goods.

Smith's Jewelry Store

We Are Still Doing Business At the Old Stand.

One of our specialties, is the Pedlar Galvanized Steel Roofing. It has proved itself superior to all other roofing and as a consequence is rapidly growing in favor.

We represent the Perrin Plow and Stove Co., of Smith Falls. Their goods are too well and favorably known to require any comment.

The Wilkinson Plow Co., Toronto. The Percival plow and Stove Co., Merrickville.

The J. Fleury's Sons Plow Co., Aurora.

The Sylvester Mfg. Co., Lindsay, in their various lines.

The T. E. Bissell Co., Elora, Rollers and Disc Harrows, the best in the market.

The Dominion Wrought Iron Wheel Co's wagons, Orillia.

The Dain Mfg. Co., Welland, Ont. Farmers, be sure and see and examine the Dain Vertical Lift mower before placing your order elsewhere.

The Premier Cream Separator Co., Toronto. If you would have the best in the market buy the Premier, simple in construction, easily cleaned and easy running, cleanest separator.

Call and see our Kansas Pruning knife. It's a wonder.

Last, but not least, don't miss seeing and testing the Perrin hammock, which for comfort and durability shows all other hammocks in the shade.

POTTER & BLANCHARD.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you. TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

Nearly 600,000 Revolutions

are made by the second hand of a watch in one year. You surely don't expect your watch to keep accurate time if it is allowed to run longer than this without cleaning and oiling.

Our Repair Service is Prompt

and the Prices Very Moderate.

All work done personally by myself. High Grade Watch Work a Specialty.

J. A. VANDEWATER.

Next Door Madill Bros.

27-3-m

\$2,500 SALARY

As Provincial Manager now, two-and-a-half years ago hardware clerk at \$8 per week, and who was a farmer's son, 23 years of age and without pull. Six month's training in one of our branches and two year's faithful services to his company made the difference.

The difference between the big big men and the little men, the successful and the unsuccessful—is only a difference of training. We have transformed thousands of little men into big men.

NO VACATION.

Enter Any Day.

Peterboro Business College

(FOUNDED 1885)

GEO. SPOTTON, - President

21-17

Feed ground for 6 cents per hundred at the big mill.

J. R. Dafee wishes to notify his customers and the public generally that the price for grinding feed at the big mill for the present and until further notice will be six cents per hundred pounds with one pound per hundred off for waste. The mill is equipped with two of the best grinding machines known to the trade with a capacity of twenty-five tons per day, feed ground as fine as desired and ready when you call for it.

Your patronage solicited, J. R. DAFE.

43-1f

the misfortune to upset out of a canoe with two ladies. Both ladies were drowned.

Alf. Holmes and Skipper Mills sailed the yacht Kelox 1 to Brighton on Monday last, where Mr. Holmes met friends from Cobourg, who helped him sail her to Oshawa, where he is situated in the bank at present.

The Oso cheese factory owned by Mr. German Vallean, was struck by lightning on Wednesday and totally destroyed with contents, a quantity of cheese was in the building. The loss is partially covered by insurance.

While visiting with his parents in Watertown last week Master Reginald Plumley had an experience with a mad dog and was bitten under the shoulders. His clothing saved him from being badly hurt and he is out of danger from rabies. Two girls and a man are under treatment from bites from the same dog.

The Dolphin returned to the harbor on Sunday last after cruising the Bay of Quinte and attending the Kingston and Picton regattas. Skipper Mills reports a most pleasant time, the best of bass and perch fishing, excellent sailing and grand racing with creditable results for a cruiser in such fast company.

The firemen's excursion to Trenton on Monday last was well patronized, and the capacity of the Str. Varina was taxed almost to the limit to accommodate the crowd. The members of the fire brigade take this means of thanking the citizens for the hearty support accorded them on the occasion of their annual outing.

Are you satisfied with your Furnace? Do you want a better one or do you want it put in first class order for fall? If so consult

BOYLE & SON.

The annual picnic of the residents of the Deseronto and Napanee road will take place in Allan Oliver's grove on Wednesday, August 17th. Every resident of the road is expected to be present and all others will be cordially welcomed. Bring your basket and have a good time. Refreshment stand and good programme of sports.

At a meeting of the Official Board of Trinity Church held on Tuesday evening last, the Pastor Rev. G. W. McColl, B. A., was granted leave of absence for six weeks to enable him to attend the General Conference to be held in Victoria, B. C., during the present month. At the same time he was presented with a handsome sum in cash to be applied towards meeting his expenses of travel.

The marriage took place on Wednesday, July 27th, at the residence of the bride's parents in Port Arthur, Ont., of Miss Roberta McFarlane to Dr. George E. Eakins. Dr. Eakins is the son of Mrs. J. E. Eakins, of Napanee, formerly of Belleville. Dr. and Mrs. Eakins left for a honeymoon trip to New York. They will visit in Napanee on their way home to Port Arthur, where they will reside.

Thursday of last week Dorland Young, Gretna, received very severe injuries while driving his reaper. The horses started to run away, throwing Mr. Young in front of the table, which passed over him. Fortunately the cutting bar broke, which threw the knives out of commission, or he would have been cut to pieces. As it was he was severely bruised and cut about the legs and body. He will recover.

To-Night

If your backaches, or you feel stitches, or have smarting or frequent urination, or any bladder trouble take a dose of Fig Pills and you will feel fine in the morning. If you don't, your money back.

25c a box or five boxes for \$1.00. For sale at all drug stores.

Sir Lauder Brunton, one of England's most eminent physicians, told the public health congress, that met at Birkenhead, that he believed the large increase of appendicitis during the last twenty years was due to modern methods of grinding wheat into flour.

300 The committee in charge feel very thankful for the patronage given them and regret these difficulties which were unforeseen. Already they are laying out a much better program for next years trip and will secure ample accommodation for all.

Binder whips and binder twine, Plymouth Twine is best.

BOYLE & SON,
Agents.

Base Ball.

A game of base ball was played at the driving park on Wednesday afternoon between two junior teams, Napanee and Deseronto. The Deseronto boys defeated the locals by a score of 6-1. The feature of the game was the pitching of W. Houle of the Deseronto team. Both teams played good ball for juniors, and undoubtedly some day some of them will make good material for senior company. Following were the players and the score:—

NAPANEE.

	Runs	Outs
R. Root, s s	0	3
C. Fitzpatrick, p	1	3
W. VanLoven, 3 b	1	4
L. Serim-haw, c	1	3
W. McLaughlin, 1 f	1	3
B. Grange, 1 b	0	3
P. Abrams, c f	0	3
R. Vanslatine, 2 b	0	1
J. Wilson, r f	0	4
	4	27

DESERONTO

	Runs	Outs
J. Rosch, 1 b	1	2
M. Black, s s	1	4
S. Marlow, 3 b	0	5
F. Mellow, 2 b	0	4
A. Houle, c f	0	3
L. Houle, c	2	1
J. Murphy, 1 f	1	3
W. Houle, p	1	2
R. Strike, r f	0	3
	6	27

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's Itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animal cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

CLOTHING

—FOR—

Men and Boys

—AT—

Clearing Prices

We are clearing up the Odds and Ends at greatly reduced prices.

There's a bargain here for you if you come on Saturday.

12 Men's 2-Piece Suits, worth up to \$12.00

Clearing at \$4.50

28 Men's 3-Piece Tweed Suits, all sizes, values to \$10.00

Clearing at \$5.00

35 Boys' Suits in two and 3 piece styles, all sizes, worth from \$3.00 to \$7.00, all clearing at

\$1.00, \$2.50, and \$3.00

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,

Successors to Graham & Vanslatyne.

Napanee, Ont.

The Newest Correct Styles

Pure Wool Fabrics.

Clothes built to keep their shape.

Stand hard wear

Give lasting satisfaction

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

Parish of Selby.

Services next Sunday: 10.30 a.m., St. Jude's, Kingsford, holy communion; 3.00 p. m., St. John's, Selby; 7.30 p. m., St. Jude's, Strathcona.

More of those Shoulder Braces.

We have received another lot of those simplex shoulder braces at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store. Every school child should have a pair and many adults as well. They straighten you up and keep you straight.

Bargains in Marble.

I have on hand \$500 worth of marble monuments, blocky headstones and grave markers, to clear them out of my way in view of erecting a new shop. Corner post from \$1.00 each upwards. At the old stand

Dundas St.

Napanee,

V. KOUBER.

Tickets for the Oddfellows.

Excursion to Toronto and Niagara Falls can be obtained from Will H. Boyle, F. W. Vandusen, F. J. Vanastine, E. McLaughlin and H. E. Smith and will be exchanged at the Grand Trunk ticket office or at the station. Get them exchanged the night before the excursion if possible as it starts 6.35 a. m.

Married in Kingston.

On Wednesday evening at the residence of the bride's mother at Kingston, Mr. James M. Graham, one of the most popular young men of Napanee, was united in marriage to Miss Jessie Graham, a fine Kingstonian who already has a host of friends in Napanee, where she was frequently the guest of her brother, Chief Graham. The ceremony was performed by Rev. F. Sproule, pastor of Sydenham street church, in the presence of the immediate relatives of the bride. The newly wedded couple returned to Napanee on the midnight train and will take up housekeeping in the house on Centre street already prepared by Mr. Graham. The Express extends hearty congratulations.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

A Runaway Accident.

Mr. Ben Foote, an elderly gentleman who lives at Violet, met with a serious accident in town on Thursday morning. He was sitting in his wagon holding his horses in front of Kimmer's grocery and haberdashery when

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

SUNDAY SERVICES:
Morning 10:30; Evening 7;
Sunday School 11:45.

PERSONALS

Miss Sadie Campbell, of New York, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell at the Paisley House.

Misses Lorenia and Grace Wilson have been visiting friends in Kingston for a week.

Mr. Norris Brisco, New York, is the guest of Mrs. Chas. E. Bartlett.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bartlett, Rochester, are at their summer cottage on the bay.

Mrs. John Fraser, Miss Gertie Miller and Mr. Arthur Fraser left last Sunday for New York.

Mrs. Martha Finkle moved back to her residence on Centre street Wednesday.

Mrs. Arthur A. Holland, nee Miss Edna Fraser, of Haileybury, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Fraser.

Mr. and Mrs. Jessop and baby have taken rooms with Miss Fralick at her new home on Adelphi St.

Mrs. Frank Wartman, of Colebrooke was in Napanee Saturday.

Miss Heck left on Wednesday to spend a month with her sister at St. Elmo, Muskoka Lake.

Messrs. W. T. Gibbard, Herman Ming, Charles Anderson and Mr. Can. Shorey, left in Mr. Gibbard's auto for Stoney Lake, near Peterboro, on Monday for a few days fishing.

Mr. Thomas Pearson arrived home on Thursday, July 28th, from the General Hospital, Kingston, where he had an eye removed. A tumor was the cause of his losing the eye.

Mr. Weatherman, of the Merchant's Bank staff, has been transferred from Napanee to Berlin branch.

Mr. Jas. E. Herring, Toronto, was in town a few days this week.

Mrs. C. E. Mason and daughter, Dorothy, Rochester, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Wilson.

Rev. C. H. Daly, Almonte, has received a call to Beachburg Presbyterian church. He has had to decline it. Mr. Daly is a former Napanee boy and a Queen's graduate.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Plumley returned on Tuesday from a visit to Mrs. Plumley's sisters in Watertown.

Mrs. W. C. Smith and daughter, Louise, of Napanee, are visiting friends in Kingston. Whig.

Mr. W. C. Scott, Napanee, is summing with his family on Preston's Point, Amherst Island. He has a telephone line running down from Stella to the Point.

Mr. Geo. Mills left on Monday evening for Cleveland.

Miss Jean Mitchell has returned to Toronto after an extended visit with Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell at the Paisley House.

The Misses E. Reid, S. Reid, E. McMullen, and C. Murphy, of Montreal, camping at Beaver Lake were in town on last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Hunt, Mrs. J. McRae and Miss Mitchell, of Toronto, were visiting Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Mitchell at the Paisley House last week.

Miss Hypatia Fox returned this week from Toronto, where she has been taking the summer course in science at Toronto University.

Mrs. E. J. Pollard is spending the week the guest of Mrs. Horace McCarthy, Yarker.

Mrs. C. H. Boyes, Kingston, is the guest of Mrs. Horace McCarthy, Yarker.

Mrs. W. B. Harris, who is the guest

The Druggist Lost in Ibsen.

Some one in Scandinavia unearthed the report of the examiners on Dr. Ibsen's papers at his examination for the degree of bachelor. It runs as follows: Norwegian, good; Latin prose, good; Latin essay, fairly good; Latin conversation, moderate; Greek, bad; arithmetic, bad; German, very good; French, good; religious knowledge, good; history and geography, good; Hebrew, good; geometry, good. General remarks: A young man not to be despised. In spite of many "goods," however, Ibsen was plowed owing to his deficiencies in Greek and arithmetic. He aspired in those days to be a pharmaceutical chemist and, failing to satisfy the examiners, had to seek some other opening in life.

Serious Enough Business.

"Where's your father?" asked the man on horseback.

"Up the river fishin'," answered the boy.

"Where's your big brother?"

"Down the river fishin'."

"What are you doing?"

"Diggin' bait."

"Hasn't your family anything to do but amuse itself?"

"Mister, if you think we're doin' this for fun you wait an' hear what maw says if we come home without any fish."

No Performance.

Little Marian had been taught several pieces which she was called upon to speak on various occasions. There came a time, however, when the worm turned, and on being requested to speak for a visitor one day she absolutely refused. The assembled family coaxed, but in vain, and finally the visitor said, "I don't believe Marian can speak a piece."

Upon this Marian took her finger out of her mouth and said solemnly, "Mrs. Robinson, I can, but I ain't!"

Regular System.

"Nothing ever goes to waste in this house," said the landlady from her seat at the head of the table.

"What do you do, then, madam, with what's left over?" a new boarder asked.

"I hash it, of course," she answered.

"But what do you do," the boarder persisted, "with the hash that's left over?"

"Why, rehash it."

Youthful Taste.

"We keep our own cow," explained the hostess proudly, "so we're sure of our milk."

"Well," interrupted the small son of the guest, setting down his cup, "somebody's stung you with a sour cow."

The Artist and the Critic.

Sidney Cooper, the English artist, happening one day to visit the Royal academy, where some of his works were on exhibition, while a couple of critics were examining the pictures strolled up to where they were standing. At that moment the younger of the two critics exclaimed, "Any machine could turn out sheep like that!" Mr. Cooper put his hand in his pocket, produced his card and, handing it to the newspaper man, said, with gravity, "If you will kindly send that machine to this address when completed I'll send a check for \$1,000 to the institute for decayed journalists."

Sermons at All Prices.

"Brethren," said the visiting preacher, "I's got a eight dollar sermon, an' I's got a six dollar sermon, an' I's got a five dollar one an' a three dollar one, an' den I's got one I kin let you have fur jes' one dollar. Now, I want you fur to take up the kerlection right now, an' we'll see which one uv dese sermons you wants."—Exchange.

Not in the Agreement.

Daniel had been cast into the lions den.



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NEVER SOLD IN BULK

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JUST PLAIN SIMPLE LIES.

That Are Told by Almost Everybody, Almost Every Day.

Here are a few examples of the lies, one or more of which we tell almost every day of our lives:

"Mr. Brown, allow me to introduce to you a friend of mine, Mr. Henry Smith; Mr. Smith, Mr. Brown."

And Mr. Brown tells Mr. Smith he is pleased to make his acquaintance, when, as a matter of fact, he is nothing of the kind.

Mr. Brown has heard of Mr. Smith more than once; in fact he has heard of him from none other than Mr. Jones, who has told Brown about Smith beating his wife, about his having skinned his partner in business, about his having buried down his store for the insurance, and, in general, about his being a fellow whom no one should be particularly desirous of meeting.

And yet Jones, upon a chance meeting, introduces Smith to his friend, if not as his "very good friend," and Brown says he is pleased, if not "delighted," to meet him.

"Did you have a nice time, dear?" asks the devoted wife of the husband who has spent Sunday down the river with friends, fishing.

"Great," says the husband. "Only one thing to mar the pleasure of the day, pa, and that the fact that my dear wife wasn't along."

Which, nine times out of ten, is a lie.

He was glad to get away a day, all by himself, and probably resolved to himself on the way home there was going to be more of such days.

Then his wife tells him how lonesome she was and how she wished several times during the day he was home, when, if she spoke the truth, she would tell him she was rather glad he was away; that there was no Sunday dinner to fret about, that she had a long, restful nap, and that she rather appreciated a day off.

"I beg your pardon," says the man who steps on our corn on the street car.

"Don't mention it; that's all right, excuse our big feet," we say, when we would like to take the man by the throat.

Here's another example. "Don't go home yet, it's only 10 o'clock."

"Now be sure and come again."

"And you come over and see us." These for